



June 2013

Statistical Yearbook Ljubljana 2012



City of
Ljubljana

Statistical sign

- no occurrence of event
- ... data not available
- 0 value not zero but less than 0,5 (half) of the unit employed
- 0,0 value not zero but less than 0,05 (five hundred) of the unit employed
- ¹⁾ footnote

Abbreviations

- ° degree
- ' minute
- " second
- % percentage
- °C degree Celsius
- EUR EURO
- garn set
- h hour
- hPa hectopascal
- km kilometre
- KW kilowatt
- kWh kilowatt-hour
- l litre
- MWh megawatt-hour (1000 kWh)
- m metre
- mm millimetre
- m² square metre
- m³ cubic metre
- mio million
- µg micro gram
- MOL City of Ljubljana
- TEU universal transport unit
- UEL Administrative unit Ljubljana
- z data not published because of confidentiality

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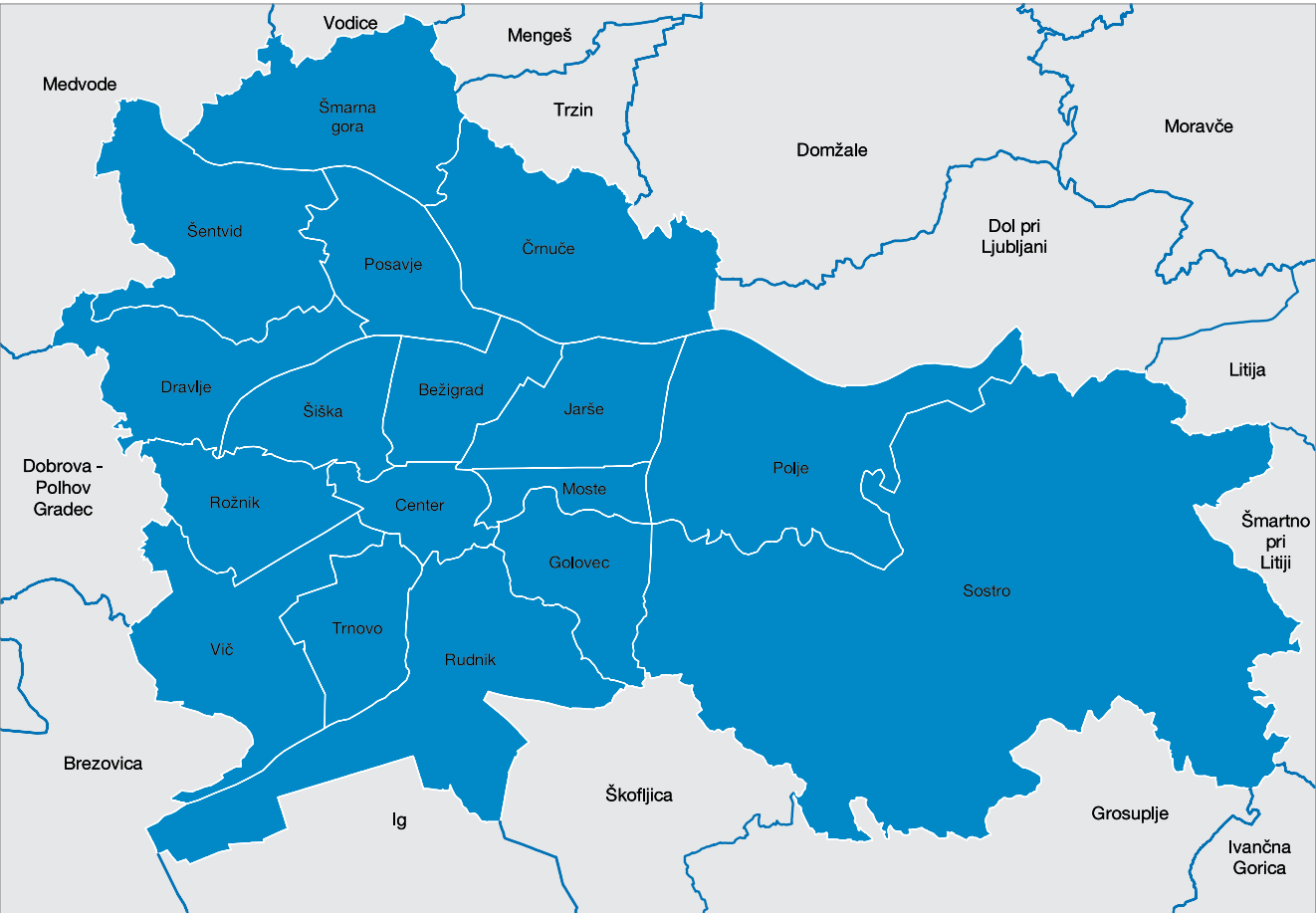
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DISTRICT COMMUNITIES IN THE CITY OF LJUBLJANA





Different faces of Ljubljana in one book

The Statistical Yearbook of Ljubljana is a publication with a rich tradition as it has been published annually since 1966 and provides comprehensive statistical data on all the main areas of socio-economic activity in Ljubljana. It includes data collected by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia as well as data from authorities and organizations authorized to collect the data.

In 1995, some changes were made in the organization of the local self-government. At the time, Ljubljana consisted of the following municipalities: Ljubljana Bežigrad, Ljubljana Center, Ljubljana Moste-Polje, Ljubljana Šiška and Ljubljana Vic-Rudnik; but it was then divided into ten new municipalities, the biggest of which is the City of Ljubljana.

The Administrative Unit of Ljubljana is still in charge of organization in the territory of the newly established municipalities along with its branch offices (Bežigrad, Center, Moste-Polje, Šiška and Vič-Rudnik), completely covering the territory of the ten newly established municipalities.

The new division of municipalities presented a rather complex organizational shift, making it difficult for the relevant services to be able to keep up with the data completely. This means that a part of the data is still kept track of through the old principles of division in the former five municipalities, which is marked with the letters UEL (Slovenian abbreviation for Administrative Unit of Ljubljana). So this data covers the territorial area of newly established municipalities as a whole and is comparable with data on Ljubljana from previous years. Of course, in cases where data is shown both for UEL (Administrative Unit of Ljubljana) and for MOL (City of Ljubljana), their difference is the total figure for nine of the suburban municipalities.

Due to an increasing amount of interest in data on the area of the Ljubljana Urban Region, we began publishing some data on this area which consists of 26 municipalities: Borovnica, Brezovica, Dobrepolje, Dobrova - Polhov Gradec, Dol pri Ljubljani, Domžale, Grosuplje, Horjul, Ig, Ivančna Gorica, Kamnik, Komenda, Lithium, Ljubljana, Log - Dragomer, Logatec Lukovica, Medvode, Menges, Moravče, Škofljica, Šmartno pri Litiji, Trzin, Velike Lašče, Vodice and Vrhnika. The surface area of this region in the statistical classification of this region completely matches that of the Central Slovenia statistical region (Slovenian: Osrednjeslovenska statistična regija).



1. Territory and Climate

8

Sources of data

The data regarding the geographical coordinates and altitude above sea level of some points is obtained from the Surveying and Mapping Authority of the Republic of Slovenia - Ljubljana Branch Office, while the surface areas and cultures are obtained from the land register.

The data regarding rivers that are more than 20 km long, the water situation at water quality measuring stations and the average monthly water flows as well as the data regarding precipitation, temperature, barometric pressure, relative humidity, wind direction, air pollution and the number of days with atmospheric phenomena are provided by the Ministry of Agriculture and the Environment of the Republic of Slovenia and the Environmental Agency of the Republic of Slovenia, while the data on the concentration of gas and dust particles at the Ljubljana Centre measuring station was provided by the Department for Environmental Conservation of the Ljubljana Municipality.

Methodological explanations

All the climate data is based on observations made at the meteorological station in Ljubljana – Bežigrad, the data on the concentration of gas and dust particles to the stations at Ljubljana Bežigrad, the Biotechnical Faculty, and the Centre, while the water flow data comes from the water quality measuring stations in Šentjakob and Moste.

The data regarding air temperature, relative humidity, barometric pressure, wind direction frequency and silence is based on observations made at 7 a.m., 2 p.m and 9 p.m. local time while the data regarding the maximum and minimum temperatures is obtained through extreme-accuracy thermometer readings at 9 p.m. local time.

The relative humidity is determined by measuring it with a psychrometer. The precipitation data is obtained through daily precipitation measurements with an ombrometer (from 7 a.m. to 7 a.m. the next day). A day of precipitation (rainfall or snowfall) is a day when at least 0.1 mm of rain or snow falls at the observation station within 24 hours (from 7 a.m. to 7 a.m. the next day). If rain and snow fall at the same time or at different times during the course of the precipitation day (from 7 to 7 a.m.), this day is counted as a day of rain as well as a day of snow.

A day with hail, fog, storm, winds of 6 or more according to the Beaufort Wind Scalen (a day with strong wind) is a day when such an occurrence occurs during the course of 24 hours (from midnight to midnight).

The data regarding the typical concentrations of gases and fine dust particles (PM10) is obtained from the Observatory Meteorological Station in Ljubljana – Bežigrad, while the data regarding the fine dust particles (PM2,5) is obtained from the Faculty of Biotechnology in Ljubljana. Measurements are taken on a daily basis within a time interval from 7 a.m. to 7 a.m. the next day.

» *Almost half of winds is blowing from the east quadrant, the most common is the northeast wind.*

1.1 Geographical coordinates

1. North geographical latitude: point Ajdovščina	46° 03' 20"
2. East geographical longitude: point Ajdovščina	14° 30' 30"
3. Surface area of City of Ljubljana	274.99 km ²
4. Height above sea level	
Ajdovščina	297 m
Grad	366 m
Rožnik	428 m
Golovec	450 m
Šmarna gora	669 m
5. The highest point of sea level: Janški hrib	794 m
Lowest point: at the confluence of rivers Sava and Ljubljana	260 m

1.3 Land cover classifications

	Areas in 000 m ²				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Fertile areas	215,213	214,875	213,674	213,050	212,277
Wooded areas	106,677	106,724	106,398	106,380	106,327
Agricultural areas	108,535	108,151	107,276	106,670	105,951
Pastures	9,011	9,006	9,062	9,079	9,018
Ponds and marshes	87	87	87	87	91
Cultivation areas	99,438	99,058	98,127	97,505	96,842
Arable land	34,956	34,818	34,454	34,087	33,917
Grasslands	41,561	41,404	40,960	40,790	40,445
Swamp grasslands	19,222	19,173	19,104	19,047	18,955
Orchards	3,692	3,655	3,602	3,574	3,518
Vineyards	8	8	8	8	8
Barren soil areas	55,984	56,342	56,887	57,493	57,976
Facilities	10,682	10,792	10,949	11,023	11,065
Yards	16,156	16,319	16,605	16,767	16,920
Public areas	3,401	3,406	3,524	3,699	3,726
Communications	16,127	16,215	16,261	16,430	16,730
Roads	14,401	14,497	14,554	14,724	15,026
Railways	1,726	1,718	1,706	1,706	1,704
Water areas	4,339	4,339	4,320	4,323	4,294
Unproductive areas	5,278	5,272	5,228	5,252	5,241

	Structure in %				
Fertile areas	79.4	79.2	79.0	78.7	78.5
Wooded areas	39.5	39.5	39.4	39.4	39.3
Agricultural areas	40.2	40.0	39.7	39.5	39.2
Pastures	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3
Ponds and marshes	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cultivation areas	36.8	36.7	36.3	36.1	35.8
Arable land	12.9	12.9	12.7	12.6	12.6
Grasslands	15.4	15.3	15.2	15.1	15.0
Swamp grasslands	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0
Orchards	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3
Vineyards	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Barren soil areas	20.6	20.8	21.0	21.3	21.5
Facilities	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1
Yards	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3
Public areas	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4
Communications	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.2
Roads	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.6
Railways	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Water areas	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Unproductive areas	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9

1.2 Some of the selected land cover classifications

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Cultivation areas	in km ²	99.44	99.06	98.13	97.50	96.84
Agricultural areas	in km ²	108.54	108.15	107.28	106.67	105.95
Fertile areas	in km ²	215.21	214.87	213.67	213.05	212.28
Barren soil areas	in km ²	55.98	56.34	56.89	57.49	57.98
Green areas	in 000 m ²	-	-	127,370	127,370	127,370
Waters and wetlands	in 000 m ²	4,426	4,426	4,407	4,410	4,385
Parks	in 000 m ²	701	697	706	716	715
The proportion of protected areas	in %	4.45	13.86	14.7	14.7	14.7

1.4 Rivers with more than 20 km in length

River	Sea level in meters at		Difference in m	Length of the river in km		
	The source of	Water gauging station		Total	In Republic of Slovenia	On territory of City of Ljubljana
Sava	833	271	562	940	213	21.0
Ljubljana	297	280	17	45	45	24.2

1.5 Annual water fluxes at river gauging stations Ljubljana-Moste and Šentjakob

River and gauging station	Characteristic water discharges (m ³ /s)				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011 ¹⁾
Sava, Šentjakob					
Q _{sr}	61.7	93.6	108.0	115.8	67.3
Q _{vk}	1,168	697	1,358	1,237	842
Q _{nk}	25.6	25.6	27.2	34.1	25.7
Ljubljana, Moste					
Q _{sr}	35.0	52.6	48.6	76.9	30.4
Q _{vk}	212	239	277	355	210
Q _{nk}	3.4	7.2	5.0	7.93	5.36

Q_{sr} = middle flux within year.

Q_{nk} = smallest flux within year.

Q_{vk} = largest flux within year.

¹⁾ Informative data.

1.6 Average monthly water fluxes in 2010 and 2011¹⁾

River and gauging station	in m ³ /sec											
	2010											
	I	II	III	IV	In	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII
Sava, Šentjakob	75.8	91.5	84.3	81.7	131.3	77.0	47.7	70.2	199	104	208	220
Ljubljana, Moste	91.2	87.0	90.0	54.5	47.6	40.4	17.2	16.5	126	101	97.3	156
	2011 ¹⁾											
Sava, Šentjakob	95.6	49.3	95.9	55.8	51.0	86.7	53.4	51.9	38.5	102.2	52.0	72.7
Ljubljana, Moste	84.7	23.2	55.4	19.6	14.7	40.5	18.1	9.5	7.2	29.8	15.8	44.4

¹⁾ Informative data.

1.7 Precipitations and number of days in a year with precipitations and without precipitations

Year	Daily maximum		Number of days		
	Annual level precipitations in mm	Maximum precipitations in mm	Day – month	With 0,1 mm precipitations or more	Without precipitations
1992	1,432	78.8	5. IX.	151	215
1993	1,176	80.3	22. X.	150	215
1994	1,407	92.5	4. X.	151	214
1995	1,422	66.4	27. XII.	172	193
1996	1,446	54.7	20. II.	179	187
1997	1,230	85.6	8. XI.	149	216
1998	1,360	105.7	5. XI.	158	207
1999	1,501	70.6	10. II.	156	166
2000	1,364	59.4	9. VII.	148	182
2001	1,330	79.9	31. V.	161	169
2002	1,289	54.5	25. VI.	161	157
2003	1,090	79.2	27. XI.	119	207
2004	1,697	86.4	10. X.	151	170
2005	1,402	71.4	4. IX.	162	167
2006	1,141	68.2	18. IX.	133	182
2007	1,196	66.0	19. IX.	136	181
2008	1,490	62.2	9. VIII.	158	208
2009	1,406	78.0	30. III.	165	171
2010	1,798	140.0	18. IX.	186	146
2011	998	65.5	24. VII.	120	209

1.8 Air temperature in C°

Year	Maximum		Minimum		Annual average	Amplitudes ¹⁾
	C°	Day	C°	Day		
1992	36.5	20. VIII.	-11.3	30. XII.	11.1	23.2
1993	34.9	5. VIII.	-12.6	6. I.	10.6	20.0
1994	37.4	10. VII.	-10.6	15. II.	11.8	20.3
1995	33.5	27. VII.	-9.2	15. I.	10.7	21.8
1996	33.3	9. VI.	-13.0	31. XII.	9.8	20.7
1997	30.8	29. VI.	-9.1	1. I.	10.8	20.7
1998	34.1	3. VIII.	-13.1	10. XII.	11.0	24.7
1999	33.1	5. V.	-11.9	23. XII.	11.0	20.3
2000	35.6	19. VIII.	-14.0	26. I.	12.2	22.5
2001	35.2	3. VIII.	-14.5	15. XII.	11.4	25.0
2002	34.9	23. VI.	-12.9	5. I.	11.8	21.9
2003	37.3	13. VIII.	-16.2	13. I.	11.6	25.3
2004	34.3	22. VII.	-11.2	24. I.	10.7	21.2
2005	35.0	29. VII.	-14.1	1. III.	10.4	21.4
2006	35.9	21. VII.	-15.7	25. I.	11.4	24.2
2007	37.0	20. VII.	-6.9	19. XII.	12.0	21.9
2008	32.7	23. VI.	-7.7	17. II.	11.6	19.4
2009	32.9	28. VIII.	-13.1	20. XII.	11.7	23.9
2010	35.9	15. VII.	-11.9	19. XII.	10.7	24.4
2011	36.0	26. VIII.	-7.6	24. II.	11.8	21.3

¹⁾ Amplitude is the difference between the highest and lowest air temperature in the year.

1.9 Relative humidity in %

Year	Average		Minimum	Day
	%	%		
1992	76	25		19. VIII.
1993	73	22		22. II.
1994	74	26		30. III.
1995	74	24		23. IV; 4. XI.
1996	75	24		28. III; 15. IV; 28. V.
1997	72	20		17. III.
1998	73	27		10. III; 27. IV; 11. V.
1999	75	27		4. V.
2000	72	22		5. III.
2001	73	27		3. VIII.
2002	75	23		24. II., 28. X.
2003	69	21		6. V.
2004	76	25		9. II., 20. XII.
2005	74	19		4. IV.
2006	74	21		2. XI.
2007	73	25		4. III.
2008	76	40		6. III.
2009	75	10		18. III.
2010	78	17		15. III.
2011	74	14		24. III.

1.10 Barometric pressure (in hPa)

Year	Maximum		Minimum		Average annual barometric pressure in hPa
	hPa	Day	Millibars	Day	
1992	991.8	28. I.	975.9	17. X.	983.1
1993	1,006.9	5. I.	957.5	25. XII.	983.1
1994	1,001.2	2. XII.	962.4	10. IV.	982.1
1995	998.8	10. XII.	959.2	13. V.	981.6
1996	997.9	16. I.	958.7	20. XI.	981.2
1997	1,002.1	7. II.	959.3	3. XII.	983.3
1998	1,002.1	18. II.	958.3	12. IX.	982.6
1999	1,002.0	22. XII.	946.8	28. XII.	981.5
2000	1,001.7	11. I.	957.2	27. XII.	982.2
2001	1,004.4	9. XII.	960.1	3. III.	981.6
2002	1,002.3	9. I.	962.7	21. II.	982.0
2003	999.9	23. II.	952.9	4. II.	983.3
2004	1,000.0	16. III.	956.9	6. V.	982.1
2005	1,002.1	8. II.	959.7	27. XI.	982.6
2006	1,004.5	22. XII.	958.3	5. III.	983.1
2007	1,002.5	20. XII.	951.7	20. III.	982.1
2008	1,005.0	18. II.	956.2	22. III.	981.9
2009	1,001.9	11. I.	945.7	5. III.	980.2
2010	997.0	26. I.	949.9	8. XI.	978.8
2011	1,004.1	26. XII.	949.8	17. XII.	983.7

1.11 General weather report

Year	Number of days									
	Without precipitations	With 0,1 mm of precipitations or more	With 0,1 mm of rain or more	With 0,1 mm of snow or more	With hail or sleet	With fog	With thunder storm	With maximum temperatures $\geq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	With maximum temperatures $\geq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	With minimum temperatures $< 0^{\circ}\text{C}$
1992	215	151	146	16	3	71	52	-	-	-
1993	215	150	133	24	2	62	52	-	-	-
1994	214	151	144	11	4	58	43	-	-	-
1995	193	172	159	26	1	58	45	68	16	72
1996	187	179	155	41	4	51	39	58	7	88
1997	216	149	141	19	2	62	45	80	3	72
1998	207	158	146	19	2	60	43	77	33	86
1999	166	156	141	26	3	79	46	76	13	81
2000	182	148	141	12	6	64	52	85	29	69
2001	169	161	150	20	4	56	44	77	29	69
2002	157	161	153	14	3	61	50	78	15	57
2003	207	119	109	16	1	52	47	109	54	89
2004	170	151	140	25	4	64	50	68	14	86
2005	167	162	134	33	2	75	40	68	16	100
2006	182	133	125	21	3	77	43	72	31	76
2007	181	136	130	9	4	82	42	81	24	53
2008	208	158	141	17	6	81	59	82	18	59
2009	171	165	140	25	3	77	42	91	25	66
2010	146	186	137	54	5	82	30	67	22	89
2011	209	120	77	6	3	67	36	104	31	85

1.12 General weather report in 2010 and 2011

Year	Month	Number of days									
		Without precipitations	With 0,1 mm of precipitations or more	With 0,1 mm of rain or more	With 0,1 mm of snow or more	With hail or sleet	With fog	With thunder storm	With maximum temperatures $\geq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	With maximum temperatures $\geq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	With minimum temperatures $< 0^{\circ}\text{C}$
2010	I	6	18	2	19	3	9	0	0	0	27
	II	4	20	7	14	0	11	0	0	0	15
	III	14	11	6	6	6	4	1	0	0	14
	IV	13	16	16	0	0	4	3	0	0	0
	In	9	19	19	0	0	3	3	3	2	0
	VI	19	11	11	0	0	1	3	19	4	0
	VII	19	10	10	0	0	2	8	24	15	0
	VIII	15	12	12	0	0	7	8	20	3	0
	IX	11	16	16	0	0	12	3	1	0	0
	X	16	13	13	0	0	10	0	0	0	4
	XI	9	21	18	3	3	13	0	0	0	5
	XII	11	19	7	12	12	6	1	0	0	24
2011	I	16	11	4	2	0	10	0	0	0	18
	II	19	6	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	19
	III	18	10	7	1	0	2	0	0	0	14
	IV	20	7	7	0	0	2	0	2	0	0
	In	18	11	6	0	0	3	5	15	0	0
	VI	12	17	12	0	0	1	12	16	2	0
	VII	15	14	10	0	0	0	6	21	8	0
	VIII	23	6	2	0	0	3	4	27	13	0
	IX	21	6	6	0	0	7	6	17	8	0
	X	18	10	6	0	0	5	2	6	0	2
	XI	18	5	4	1	0	16	0	0	0	16
	XII	11	17	10	1	2	17	1	0	0	16

1.13 Frequency of wind direction in %

Year	North	North - east	East	South - east	South - west	West	North - west	Calme	Number of days with wind 6 or more by Beaufort
1995	13.8	16.5	18.8	4.8	10.4	9.4	7.3	9.0	43
1996	13.3	19.4	24.1	4.1	11.6	11.7	6.4	6.5	39
1997	15.2	20.0	11.4	3.9	16.8	12.0	6.7	6.5	44
1998	12.2	22.6	17.5	3.9	9.5	13.7	7.2	7.6	43
1999	12.8	23.3	16.6	8.4	10.4	13.6	7.1	7.8	49
2000	14.4	22.4	12.8	7.9	10.2	15.6	7.7	8.9	49
2001	14.8	22.9	14.4	9.1	10.0	13.2	6.9	8.6	57
2002	14.8	23.0	14.7	8.8	10.1	13.2	7.2	8.1	49
2003	14.1	24.7	17.2	9.3	9.0	11.6	6.0	8.0	57
2004	17.1	24.9	13.6	8.0	9.6	9.6	5.7	11.2	37
2005	14.5	23.7	16.5	11.0	9.8	12.0	4.9	7.5	44
2006	15.7	20.5	15.3	9.1	6.8	12.5	8.1	8.6	50
2007	13.4	22.3	17.5	9.8	8.6	13.5	7.6	7.2	55
2008	13.1	21.6	18.4	10.2	7.5	14.7	7.9	6.8	56
2009	13.7	21.9	16.9	9.4	8.3	14.4	7.5	6.8	49
2010	12.4	20.4	14.7	10.5	10.0	15.8	6.6	6.8	44
2011	14.0	23.3	17.6	10.3	7.9	11.7	6.6	6.5	53

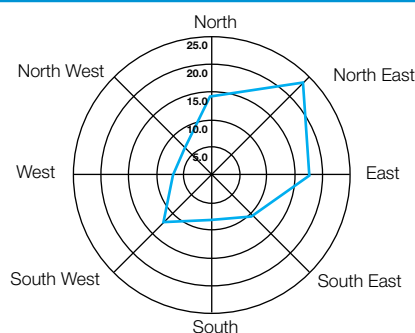
1.14 Air temperature, relative humidity and barometric pressure in 2010 and 2011

Year	Month	Maximum		Minimum		Average air temperature	Average relative humidity	Average barometric pressure
		C°	Day	C°	Day	C°	in %	in hPa
2010	I	7.7	1	-11.0	28	-1.5	87	978.8
	II	13.3	27	-9.7	3	1.3	87	972.1
	III	18.3	29	-5.7	6	6.2	73	982.4
	IV	24.6	26	0.5	3	11.5	66	982.8
	V	26.8	25	4.9	19	15.3	69	976.6
	VI	31.8	12	7.9	1	20.3	65	978.3
	VII	35.9	15	11.9	26	22.9	64	981.3
	VIII	31.1	2	7.4	31	20.3	77	980.1
	IX	25.1	15	7.2	2	14.7	84	981.0
	X	18.3	2	-1.6	28	9.5	85	981.9
	XI	16.2	5	-2.4	28	8.1	90	973.7
	XII	10.1	9	-11.9	19	-0.4	90	976.9
2011	I	12.2	9	-7.5	1	1.5	86	985.0
	II	16.6	7	-7.6	24	1.5	75	983.9
	III	21.0	24	-6.0	8	7.1	66	987.1
	IV	27.7	7	1.5	14	13.5	62	982.1
	V	28.8	27	3.1	5	17.0	63	983.6
	VI	30.5	29	9.0	20	20.0	71	981.4
	VII	35.5	13	9.1	3	21.1	67	977.3
	VIII	36.0	26	9.4	11	22.8	65	981.2
	IX	33.2	4	8.8	20	19.4	70	983.2
	X	26.2	2	-1.7	17	10.0	78	987.1
	XI	18.1	5	-2.9	21	3.8	89	990.4
	XII	13.5	4	-3.7	26	3.3	90	982.5

1.15 Precipitations and number of days with or without precipitations in 2010 and 2011

Year	Month	Month level precipitations in mm	Day Maximum in mm	Day	Number of days in the month	
					With 0,1 mm of precipitations or more	Without precipitations
2010	I	125	39	9	18	6
	II	145	41	20	20	4
	III	35	10	11	11	14
	IV	82	25	1	16	13
	V	102	19	31	19	9
	VI	123	35	20	11	19
	VII	112	53	30	10	19
	VIII	176	29	7	12	15
	IX	425	140	18	16	11
	X	105	36	26	13	16
	XI	186	31	22	21	9
	XII	182	38	25	19	11
2011	I	50	21	12	11	16
	II	31	15	17	6	19
	III	87	42	17	10	18
	IV	38	13	26	7	20
	V	98	48	16	11	18
	VI	145	58	8	17	12
	VII	156	65	24	14	15
	VIII	42	33	9	6	23
	IX	66	27	20	6	21
	X	181	64	8	10	18
	XI	3	1	8	5	18
	XII	101	29	17	17	11

Frequency of wind direction in % in 2011



1.16 Concentration of gas and dust fragments

Year	NO ₂ (µg/m ³)		CO (mg/m ³)		O ₃ (µg/m ³)		Dusty particles PM ₁₀ (µg/m ³) ¹⁾		Dusty particles PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³) ¹⁾	Benzene (µg/m ³)	SO ₂ (µg/m ³)	
	Average annual	Max. hour	Average annual	Max. 8 urna	Number of days exceeding of boundary quick concentration	Number of days with exceeding of boundary 8 hours value (speed limit of 25 days within year)	Average annual	Number of days with exceeding of boundary daily ²⁾ value (speed limit of 35 days within year)	Average annual ¹⁾	Average annual	Max. hour	Max. day
Meteorological station Bežigrad												
2002	29	119	0.7	5.3	-	-	42	36	-	-	157	38
2003	32	192	0.9	5.0	18	81	46	64	-	-	202	59
2004	29	159	0.7	3.4	4	32	41	71	-	-	129	38
2005	27	156	0.9	3.7	11	38	37	70	28	1.9	94	33
2006	29	173	0.7	4.0	10	47	33	47	29	1.9	81	41
2007	28	109	0.6	2.5	8	43	32	46	25	2.3	46	14
2008	29	107	0.6	2.8	0	22	30	36	24	2.3	58	14
2009	31	147	0.6	3.0	0	27	29	30	18	1.7	93	36
2010	35	176	0.6	3.2	0	21	30	43	22	1.8	29	14
2011	31	139	0.5	2.2	0	44	32	63	24	1.6	37	19
Meteorological station Center ²⁾												
2010	63	225	-	-	-	-	43	74	-	3.9	22	12
2011	55	168	-	-	-	-	45	94	-	3.3	77	14
2012	52	181	-	-	-	-	45	107	-	2.7	37	20

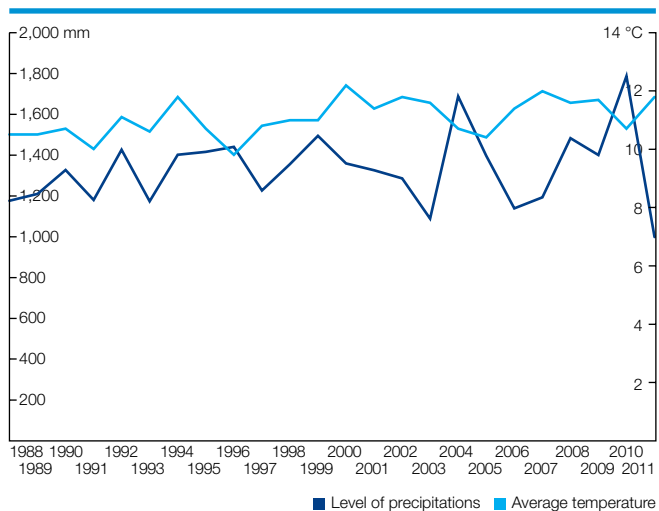
¹⁾ From 2009 onwards, particles PM_{2.5} have been measuring at Biotehnična fakulteta.

²⁾ Source: City of Ljubljana.

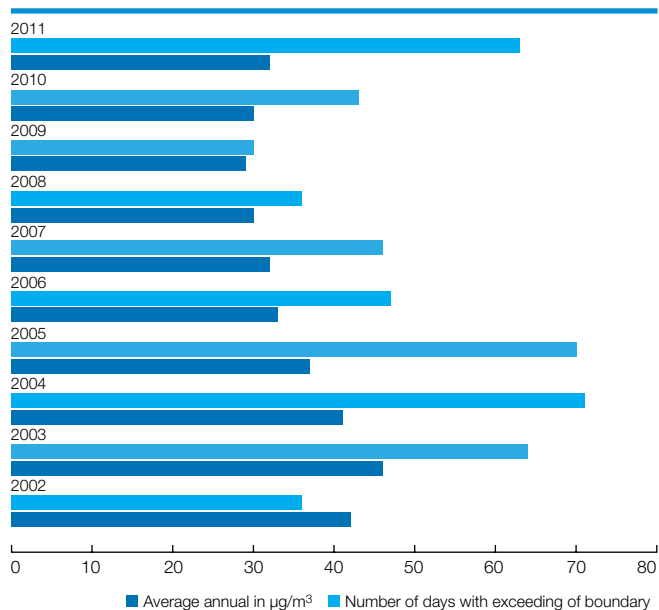
1.17 Energy balance

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Structure of primary energy in MOL						Structure NO_x emissions by type of fuel					
Crude oil	32.0%	31.3%	49.7%	47.1%	47.7%	Solid fuels	26.5%	27.0%	26.3%	27.1%	26.2%
Solid fuels	46.9%	47.6%	29.8%	31.5%	32.5%	Liquid fuels	65.6%	65.9%	66.4%	65.7%	66.5%
Gaseous fuels	20.8%	20.8%	20.3%	21.2%	20.5%	Gaseous fuels	7.8%	7.1%	7.4%	7.2%	7.2%
Renewable energy	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	Structure of emissions by sector TD					
Structure of final energy consumption in MOL						Energy converters	8.5%	11.1%	13.7%	14.4%	12.3%
Electricity	20.9%	20.6%	22.1%	22.1%	23.3%	Industry	4.8%	4.1%	4.0%	3.1%	2.6%
Solid fuels	1.8%	1.7%	1.6%	1.5%	1.7%	Transport	52.3%	52.7%	51.7%	49.2%	49.2%
Liquid fuels	46.3%	45.9%	45.7%	43.0%	42.3%	Other use	34.3%	32.1%	30.6%	33.3%	35.9%
Gaseous fuels	16.0%	16.2%	15.0%	16.2%	15.2%	The structure of the TS emission by type of fuel					
District heating	15.0%	15.6%	15.6%	17.2%	17.4%	Solid fuels	38.5%	38.3%	39.9%	43.5%	45.2%
Structure of CO₂ emissions by sector						Liquid fuels	60.4%	60.9%	59.3%	55.7%	54.1%
Energy converters	43.1%	41.8%	41.8%	39.3%	39.8%	Gaseous fuels	1.0%	0.8%	0.8%	0.80%	0.70%
Industry	8.2%	8.9%	8.3%	7.9%	7.2%	The total emissions of carbon dioxide CO₂ (tonnes)					
Transport	32.2%	33.1%	33.8%	36.2%	38.0%		2,020,671	2,146,694	2,074,652	2,054,151	1,941,061
Other use	16.5%	16.2%	16.0%	16.6%	15.0%	The total emissions of sulfur dioxide SO₂ (tonnes)					
Structure of CO₂ emissions by type of fuel							987	1,139	854	881	759
Solid fuels	41.5%	40.5%	39.8%	39.2%	40.1%	The total emissions of nitrogen oxides NO_x (tonnes)					
Liquid fuels	43.0%	44.2%	45.6%	46.5%	46.2%		4,926	4,898	4,494	4,765	4,290
Gaseous fuels	15.4%	15.3%	14.6%	14.3%	13.7%	Total particulate matter emission TD (tonnes)					
Structure NO_x emissions by sector							338	362	363	360	364
Energy converters	27.3%	27.3%	27.1%	27.4%	26.4%	Source: City of Ljubljana.					
Industry	6.6%	6.4%	5.7%	5.1%	4.9%						
Transport	59.5%	59.4%	60.0%	60.5%	62.1%						
Other use	6.6%	6.8%	7.1%	6.9%	6.6%						

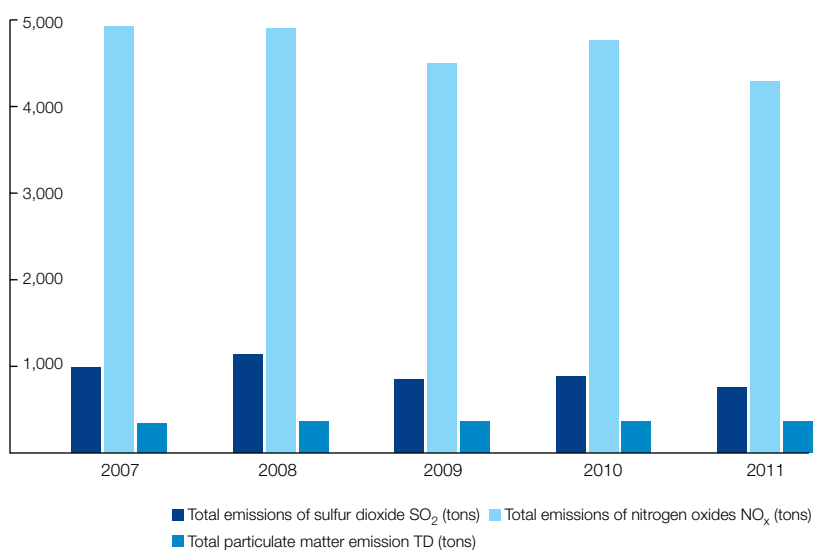
Annual level of precipitations and average temperature in years 1988–2011



Concentration of gas and dust fragments at meteorological station Bežigrad



Structure of SO₂, NO_x and particulate matter emissions





2. Administrative-Territorial Units

Sources of data

The data regarding elected members of the City Council is the result of the elections in October 2010.

The data regarding territorial division is maintained by the Surveying and Mapping Authority of the Republic of Slovenia - Ljubljana Branch Office, which also maintains the Register Of Territorial Units.

Methodological explanations

A **cadastral municipality** is a basic territorial unit which is in charge of maintaining the land cadastre.

A **settlement** is a congested or uncongested group of buildings that make up a geographical unit (city, market, village, industrial town...), which has one common name, its own building numbering system and a given area which is formed by one or more statistical districts (Official Gazette of the RS no. 5/80).

The election of councillors into the City Council is regulated by the Local Elections Act (Official Gazette of the RS no. 72/93, and with amendments in the Official Gazette of the RS no. 7/94 and 33/94). The most important local self-government body, the municipal council, which is elected by the local residents for a period of four years and represents their will. The City Council is elected by proportional representation system. Every citizen who has the right to vote in elections to the City Council has the right be elected as mayor. The mayor is elected by the principle of majority rule. Candidates for mayor are proposed by political parties and groups of voters.

» *The number of streets and house numbers is constantly increasing, suggesting the dynamic development of the city.*

2.1 Administrative-territorial units, 2011

	Territorial units				Streets	House numbers and house appendices
	Settlements	Spatial districts	Cadastral communities	Urban settlements		
City of Ljubljana	38	1,607	57	17	1,579	39,334

2.2 Elected members of the city council MOL by political party affiliation, 2010 elections

Total elected deputies	45
Lists of candidates:	
The List of Zoran Janković	25
Social Democratic Party of Slovenia	9
Liberal Democratic of Slovenia	1
Social Democrats	4
New Slovenia - Christian People's Party	2
Democratic Party of Retired Persons of Slovenia	2
The Green Party of Slovenia	2

2.3 Members of the city council MOL by age groups and sex

	Total	Number of councilors (men)	Number of councilors (women)
Total	45	24	21
31 – 40 year	9	5	4
41 – 50	6	4	2
51 – 60	18	7	11
60+	12	8	4





3. Population

17

Sources of data

The sources of data on vital and migration statistics are:

- Annual statistical surveys on births, deaths, marriages, divorces and migration of population conducted by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia;
- The Ministry of the Interior, Central Population Register;
- The Mortality Database and the Perinatal Information System with data on mothers and newborns, provided by the Institute of Public Health of the Republic of Slovenia.

Methodological explanations

The data on deaths are collected through forms which are filled in by staff members at the departments for internal administrative affairs at administrative units, on the basis of entries and annotations. The data on births and marriages is collected in the Central Register, which is electronically controlled. The data on divorces is collected through forms that are filled in by district court judges on the basis of final decisions issued in divorce cases.

This data is collected “on location” and the survey results are published according to permanent or temporary residence as follows:

- Upon birth (according to the permanent residence of the mother or father, when a baby is born);
- Upon death (according to the last permanent or temporary residence of the deceased person);
- Upon marriage (according to the residence of the groom or bride before marriage). In order to register the marriage, one of the spouses must be a resident of the Republic of Slovenia;
- Upon divorce (according to the last joint residence of husband and wife before the divorce).

The individual pieces of data on deaths are collected by the Institute of Public Health of the Republic of Slovenia, which enters them into the Mortality Database, where they are displayed according to their permanent or temporary residence.

The individual pieces of data on the migration of citizens of the RS are forwarded by the Ministry of the Interior in electronic form and on the basis of data regarding the registration, deregistration or change of permanent residence in Slovenia and the registration of temporary residence abroad or return from abroad. The same ministry also forwards data on the immigration of foreigners on the basis of its records.

The data on the transnational migration of Slovenian citizens takes into account registrations of temporary absence due to departure to a country abroad (for more than 1 year) and registrations of returning from countries abroad, where Slovenian citizens had temporarily resided.

Definitions

The definition of a resident is based on the concept of habitual residence; in Slovenia, this may be a permanent or temporary residence.

The key criterion for determining a habitual residence is to consider whether a person has been living at that address for one year (i.e. whether the person already lives there or intends to live at that address).

A **Slovenian resident** is a person who has permanent and/or temporary residence in Slovenia, who lives or intends to live in Slovenia for one year or more, and is not temporarily absent from the Republic of Slovenia for one year or more.

A **Slovenian citizen** is a person who has Slovenian citizenship and has a permanent and/or temporary residence registered in the Republic of Slovenia.

A **Slovenian citizen who is a Slovenian resident** is a person who has Slovenian citizenship and is counted as a resident of Slovenia.

A **Slovenian citizen who is not a Slovenian resident** is a person who has Slovenian citizenship and has a permanent and/or temporary residence registered in the Republic of Slovenia but, due to the duration and purpose of their residence in Slovenia, is not counted as a resident of Slovenia.

Natural increase is the difference between the number of births and deaths in a given area during the calendar year.

Natural increase per 1,000 population is the ratio between the natural increase in the country's population during the calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1,000.

Divorce is a process in which the court dissolves the force of res judicata existing marriage of two persons of different sex.

The number of **divorces per 1,000 population** is the ratio between the number of divorces in the calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1,000.

Net migration is the difference between the number of immigrants and emigrants in a given area during the calendar year.

Marriage is a process in which two people (of the opposite or same sex) enter into a legally registered relationship in accordance with applicable law.

The number of **marriages per 1,000 population** is the ratio between the number of marriages in the calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1,000.

Total increase is the sum of natural increase and net migration in a given area during the calendar year.

Total increase per 1,000 population is the ratio between the total growth during the calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1,000.

Death is when a person undergoes the permanent cessation of all vital functions at any time after being born alive.

The number of **deaths per 1,000 population** is the ratio between the number of deaths in a calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1,000.

Infant mortality is when a child (under one year old) undergoes the permanent cessation of all vital functions at any time after being born alive.

A **live birth** is when a newborn shows signs of life (breathing, heartbeat, muscle twitching) immediately after birth for however brief a time, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy.

The **crude birth rate** or number of **live births per 1,000 population** is the ratio between the number of live births during the calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1000.

Immigrants from abroad are citizens who have who immigrated to Slovenia from abroad and have registered their residence in Slovenia.

Emigrants living abroad are residents of Slovenia that have moved from Slovenia to another country.

Internal migration occurs when Slovenian residents change their place of residence in the territory of Slovenia.

The number of **immigrants per 1,000 population** is the ratio between the number of immigrants in the calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1,000.

The number of **emigrants per 1,000 population** is the ratio between the number of emigrants during the calendar year and the mid-year population in a given area during the same year, multiplied by 1,000.

Age is the length of time one has existed from the time of birth until the moment of observation. It is expressed in completed years of age. The table below lists individuals by years of age, five-year age groups or selected age groups.

The **average age** is the weighted arithmetic mean of the age specific population groups. In the calculation of the average age, the mean number of the five-year age groups was taken into account for the data by municipalities and the mean number of the one-year age groups was taken into account for the data by statistical regions.

» *The population is increasing mainly due to the natural population growth.*

3.1 Population by age groups, condition on 1.1.

Age group	2009	2010	2011	2012
Total	276,091	279,653	280,140	280,607
0 – 4	13,335	14,119	14,964	15,267
5 – 9	10,898	11,112	11,290	11,734
10 – 14	11,058	10,853	10,939	10,897
15 – 19	13,762	13,368	12,874	12,812
20 – 24	22,258	22,640	22,090	21,116
25 – 29	20,665	20,606	20,182	19,574
30 – 34	21,067	21,781	22,077	22,208
35 – 39	19,643	20,118	20,530	20,953
40 – 44	20,540	20,471	19,745	19,510
45 – 49	19,800	20,268	20,456	20,651
50 – 54	20,358	19,850	19,433	19,114
55 – 59	20,538	20,856	20,486	20,345
60 – 64	15,028	16,026	17,529	18,025
65 – 69	13,344	13,068	12,374	12,623
70 – 74	12,024	12,135	12,229	12,272
75 – 79	9,904	10,058	10,029	10,151
80 – 84	7,027	7,162	7,315	7,522
85 – 89	3,574	3,822	4,099	4,184
90 – 94	873	948	1,121	1,301
95 – 99	350	339	326	298
100 +	45	53	52	50

Population,
condition 1.7.

Population
in settlement
Ljubljana

Year	Total	Men	Women
2008	272,770	130,339	142,431
2009	278,314	134,182	144,132
2010	280,080	135,134	144,946
2011	279,898	134,410	145,488

3.2 Population by age groups and sex, 1.1.2012

Age group	Total	Men	Women
Total	280,607	134,731	145,876
0 – 4	15,267	7,869	7,398
5 – 9	11,734	6,021	5,713
10 – 14	10,897	5,651	5,246
15 – 19	12,812	6,319	6,493
20 – 24	21,116	10,080	11,036
25 – 29	19,574	10,078	9,496
30 – 34	22,208	11,490	10,718
35 – 39	20,953	10,720	10,233
40 – 44	19,510	9,828	9,682
45 – 49	20,651	10,339	10,312
50 – 54	19,114	9,327	9,787
55 – 59	20,345	9,862	10,483
60 – 64	18,025	8,364	9,661
65 – 69	12,623	5,478	7,145
70 – 74	12,272	5,205	7,067
75 – 79	10,151	4,036	6,115
80 – 84	7,522	2,517	5,005
85 – 89	4,184	1,173	3,011
90 – 94	1,301	305	996
95 – 99	298	58	240
100 +	50	11	39

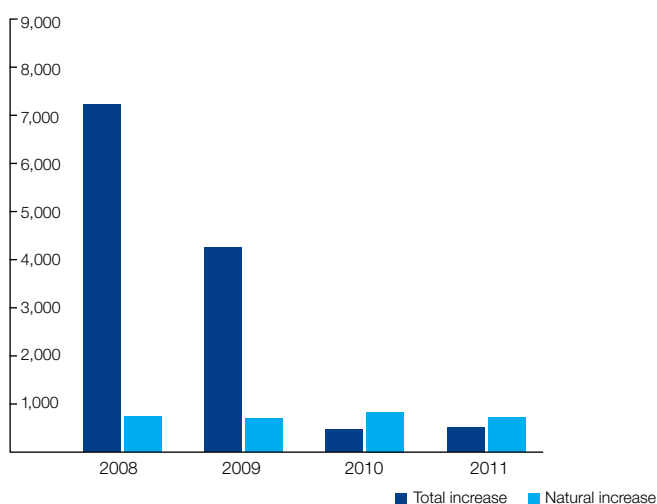
3.3 Natural population change, marriages and divorces

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Population 30. 6.	272,770	278,314	280,080	279,898
Density of population per km ²	992	1,012	1,018	1,018
Live birth	2,950	2,963	3,182	2,971
Stillborn	13	9	17	21
Deaths - total	2,119	2,183	2,257	2,179
Deaths under 1 year	2	7	12	5
Total increase	8,021	4,720	526	562
Natural increase	831	780	925	792
Net migration	7,190	3,940	-399	-230
Abroad migration	4,844	3,313	-132	465
Migration between municipalities	2,346	627	-267	-695
Marriages	1,019	1,020	933	1,005
Divorces	315	338	389	399

Demographic coefficient

Live birth per 1000 inhabitants	10.8	10.6	11.4	10.6
Stillborn per 1000 live birth	4.4	3.0	5.3	7.1
Deaths per 100 inhabitants	7.8	7.8	8.1	7.8
Deaths under 1 year per 1000 live birth	0.7	2.4	3.8	1.7
Total increase per 1000 inhabitants	29.4	17.0	1.9	2.0
Natural increase per 1000 inhabitants	3.0	2.8	3.3	2.8
Total increase per 1000 inhabitants	26.4	14.2	-1.4	-0.8
Marriages per 1000 inhabitants	3.7	3.7	3.3	3.6
Divorces per 1000 marriages	309	331	417	397

Common and natural population increase



3.4 Live births

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	2,950	2,963	3,182	2,971
Boys	1,471	1,507	1,663	1,531
Girls	1,479	1,456	1,519	1,440
Age of mother				
Under 19	23	25	28	18
20–24	264	259	266	249
25–29	883	837	913	834
30–34	1,156	1,244	1,277	1,208
35–39	532	523	595	569
40 +	92	75	103	93
Order of birth				
First	1,578	1,510	1,653	1,495
Second	1,049	1,101	1,167	1,149
Third	266	277	276	239
Fourth	40	56	62	66
Fifth or over	17	19	24	22
Births within marriage				
Total	-	1,510	1,552	1,497
Before one year marriage	-	306	314	319
In the first year of marriage	-	225	227	218
In the second year	-	172	201	196
In the third year	-	174	208	169
In the fourth year	-	139	120	149
In the fifth year	-	108	111	97
In the sixth year	-	63	69	86
In the seventh year	-	59	52	61
In the eighth year	-	59	52	36
In the ninth year	-	44	28	28
In the 10–14 year	-	85	100	86
In the 15 year or over	-	28	15	11
Unknown	-	48	55	41

3.5 Average age of mother at childbirth¹⁾

	2008	2009	2010	2011
At all births	31.2	31.3	31.3	31.4
At live birth	31.2	31.3	31.4	31.4
At stillborn	29.5	33.1	30.2	32.7

¹⁾ Counted on supplemented year of age.

3.7 Deaths due to accidents, suicides and homicides

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Deaths due - total	172	135	211	183
Deaths due to accidents	126	98	156	137
Deaths due to suicides	46	35	53	42
Deaths due to homicides	0	2	2	4
Deaths due to accidents in the year 2011				
	Total	Men	Women	
Total	183	124	59	
Accidents	137	87	50	
Suicides	42	34	8	
Homicides	4	3	1	

3.6 Deaths by cause of death

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	2,119	2,183	2,257	2,179
Men	1,009	997	1,144	1,079
Women	1,110	1,186	1,113	1,100
Deaths under 1 year	2	7	12	5
Deaths by cause of death – total				
Infectious and parasitic diseases	20	17	20	13
Neoplasms	769	746	778	780
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs, disorders involving the immune mechanism	4	2	4	1
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	32	32	34	21
Mental and behavioral disorders	10	8	17	15
Diseases of the nervous system	37	42	42	44
Diseases of the eye and adnexa	0	0	0	0
Diseases of the ear and mastoid process	0	0	0	0
Diseases of the circulatory system	777	867	818	832
Diseases of the respiratory system	110	134	127	126
Diseases of the digestive system	118	118	112	105
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous	9	5	7	5
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	12	11	8	7
Diseases of the genitourinary system	20	30	33	31
Pregnancy, childbirth and the post-natal period	0	0	0	0
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	1	3	9	4
Congenital malformations, deformations	3	1	4	3
Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified	30	40	49	47
Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes	167	127	195	145
Deaths by cause of death and sex – 2011				
	Total	Men	Women	
Total	2,179	1,079	1,100	
Infectious and parasitic diseases	13	7	6	
Neoplasms	780	424	356	
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs, disorders involving the immune mechanism	1	0	1	
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	21	10	11	
Mental and behavioral disorders	15	11	4	
Diseases of the nervous system	44	14	30	
Diseases of the eye and adnexa	0	0	0	
Diseases of the ear and mastoid process	0	0	0	
Diseases of the circulatory system	832	353	479	
Diseases of the respiratory system	126	60	66	
Diseases of the digestive system	105	47	58	
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous	5	3	2	
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	7	1	6	
Diseases of the genitourinary system	31	16	15	
Pregnancy, childbirth and the post-natal period	0	0	0	
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	4	2	2	
Congenital malformations, deformations	3	0	3	
Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified	47	32	15	
Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes	145	99	46	

3.8 Marriages by age of bride and groom and by previous marital status

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	1,019	1,020	933	1,005
Age of bride				
Under 19 years	27	31	24	12
20–24	171	170	143	145
25–29	382	377	352	350
30–34	264	226	215	263
35–39	81	106	109	117
40–44	33	43	35	56
45–49	25	32	26	31
50–54	20	13	13	12
55–59	10	11	3	8
60–64	3	7	8	5
65 +	3	4	5	6
Age of groom				
Under 19 years	5	11	4	7
20–24	103	109	85	80
25–29	334	297	248	272
30–34	289	285	303	307
35–39	119	143	133	150
40–44	69	68	69	85
45–49	35	37	32	38
50–54	18	27	21	21
55–59	20	19	14	12
60–64	17	11	6	12
65 +	10	13	18	21
Previous marital status				
Unmarried (m)	827	893	819	882
Unmarried (w)	774	841	764	822
Widowed (w)	2	3	3	3
Divorced (w)	17	49	52	57
Unknown (w)	34	-	-	-
Widowed (m)	15	18	11	14
Unmarried (w)	5	7	8	5
Widowed (w)	2	2	2	4
Divorced (w)	5	9	1	5
Unknown (w)	3	-	-	-
Divorced (m)	90	109	103	109
Unmarried (w)	46	70	65	77
Widowed (w)	4	4	2	3
Divorced (w)	29	35	36	29
Unknown (w)	11	-	-	-
Unknown (m)	87	-	-	-
Unmarried (w)	69	-	-	-
Widowed (w)	2	-	-	-
Divorced (w)	16	-	-	-

3.9 Divorces by age of wife and husband and by duration of marriage

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	315	338	389	399
Age of wife				
To 24 years	6	12	13	13
25–29	27	26	31	31
30–34	59	67	57	54
35–39	56	60	73	73
40–44	52	67	64	71
45–49	38	40	69	72
50–54	38	27	32	41
55–59	23	24	35	26
60–64	11	10	11	10
65 and more	5	5	4	8
Age of husband				
To 29 years	20	19	29	31
30–34	42	42	45	44
35–39	57	57	57	57
40–44	61	65	78	64
45–49	38	63	69	78
50–54	33	37	40	59
55–59	36	28	41	38
60–64	13	15	17	16
65 and more	15	12	13	12
Duration of marriage				
< 1 year	-	2	8	4
1	15	5	17	16
2	11	13	12	27
3	16	14	20	19
4	13	18	20	23
5–9	68	87	73	72
10–14	40	61	63	56
15–19	35	38	48	49
20–24	45	40	47	58
25 +	72	60	81	75

3.10 Migrations

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total net migrations	7,190	3,940	-399	-230
International migrations	4,844	3,313	-132	465
Immigrated from foreign country	6,667	6,977	3,453	3,314
Moved out abroad	1,823	3,664	3,585	2,849
Migration between municipalities	2,346	627	-267	-695
Immigrated from other municipalities	16,097	12,505	13,230	13,414
Moved out to other municipalities	13,751	11,878	13,497	14,109

3.11 Net migration between City of Ljubljana and other municipalities in the R. of Slovenia (without foreign countries)

Municipalities	2008	2009	2010	2011
City of Ljubljana	2,346	627	-267	-695
Osrednjeslovenska region	-1,735	-1,496	-1,376	-995
Municipalities of Ljubljana Administrative Unit	-645	-663	-754	-565
Brezovica	-106	-111	-151	-145
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	-45	-23	-21	-57
Dol pri Ljubljani	-61	-58	-32	-33
Horjul	-34	-36	0	-2
Ig	-92	-57	-80	-22
Medvode	-124	-139	-159	-73
Škofljica	-122	-143	-294	-170
Velike Lašče	-18	-24	15	-12
Vodice	-43	-72	-32	-51
Other municipalities of Osrednjeslovenska region	-1,090	-833	-622	-430
Borovnica	18	-27	-15	13
Dobrepolje	-30	-50	-10	-25
Domžale	-206	-130	-146	-112
Grosuplje	-146	-114	-73	-152
Ivančna Gorica	-135	-85	-64	-43
Kamnik	-45	-3	-13	41
Komenda	-83	-42	-5	-50
Litija	-83	-78	-37	5
Log - Dragomer	-24	-8	-24	7
Logatec	-48	-77	-34	-69
Lukovica	-30	-25	4	-14
Mengeš	-62	-37	-12	-17
Moravče	-12	-26	-16	2
Šmartno pri Litiji	-7	-12	-8	-9
Trzin	5	-40	-58	-4
Vrhnika	-202	-79	-111	-3
Other municipalities in R. of Slovenia	5,171	2,123	1,109	300

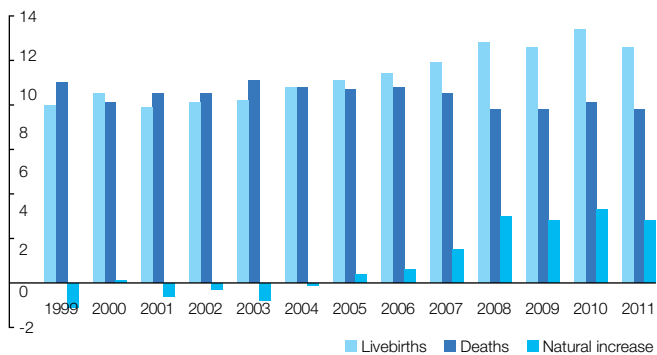
3.12 Net migration by age (without foreign countries)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	2,346	627	-267	-695
0 – 4	151	21	90	-56
5 – 9	-71	-134	-42	-123
10 – 14	-60	-65	-13	-44
15 – 19	14	1,288	1,118	1,512
20 – 24	3,287	703	-343	-885
25 – 29	293	66	-190	-360
30 – 34	103	84	203	180
35 – 39	-85	-48	34	56
40 – 44	-141	-115	-89	-107
45 – 49	-89	-63	-135	-28
50 – 54	-208	-128	-146	-111
55 – 59	-207	-165	-172	-166
60 – 64	-140	-150	-194	-131
65 – 69	-86	-124	-74	-75
70 – 74	-63	-83	-92	-45
75 – 79	-109	-118	-64	-86
80 – 84	-139	-143	-71	-82
85 +	-104	-199	-87	-144

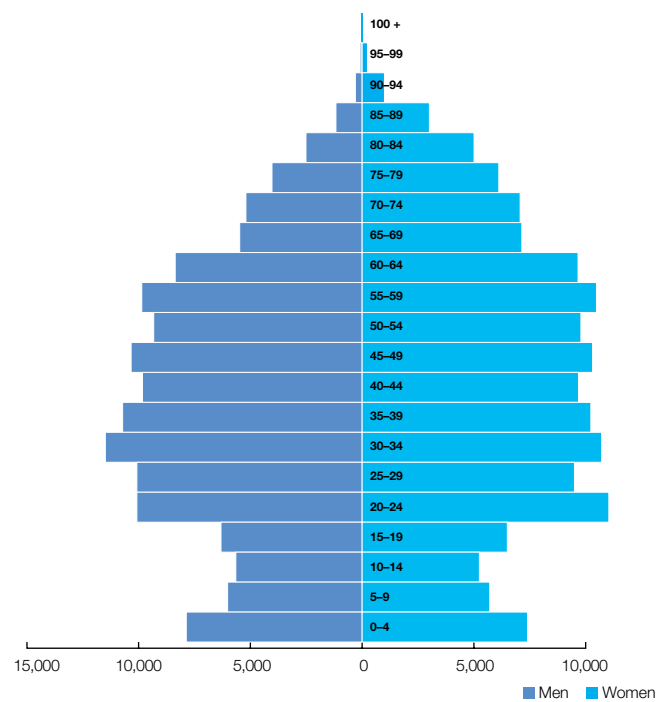
3.13 Number of population and net migration of population by settlements (without foreign countries), 31.12.2011

Settlement	Population	Net migration
Total	280,607	0
Besnica	228	-3
Brezje pri Lipoglavu	75	-2
Češnjica	122	2
Črna vas	856	34
Dolgo brdo	63	-1
Dvor	141	-3
Gabrije pri Jančah	101	7
Janče	19	0
Javor	169	-8
Lipe	97	8
Ljubljana	272,554	-66
Mali Lipoglav	229	3
Mali vrh pri Prežganju	80	0
Malo Trebeljevo	186	9
Medno	421	11
Pance	89	2
Podgrad	243	6
Podlipoglav	213	1
Podmolnik	479	-5
Prežganje	151	5
Rašica	167	-2
Ravno brdo	52	1
Repče	68	0
Sadinja vas	471	0
Selo pri Pancah	54	0
Spodnje Gameljne	564	-4
Srednje Gameljne	684	-12
Stanežiče	718	4
Šentpavel	97	4
Toško čelo	18	0
Tuji grm	71	0
Veliki Lipoglav	46	-1
Veliko Trebeljevo	93	1
Vnajarje	121	2
Volavljje	172	2
Zagradišče	87	5
Zgornja Besnica	118	3
Zgornje Gameljne	490	-3

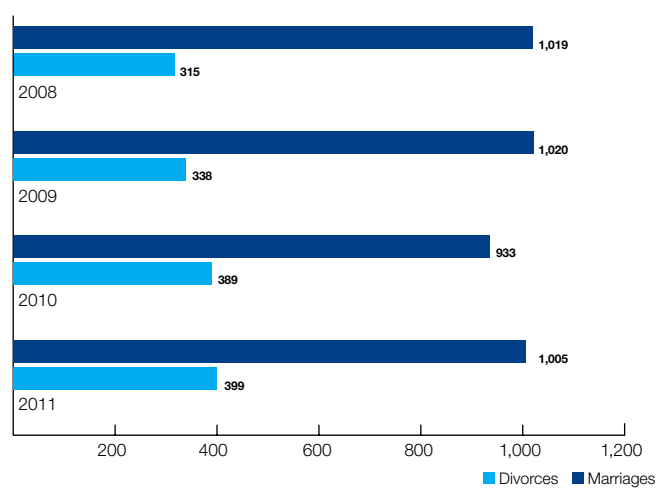
Livebirths, deaths and natural increase on 1000 inhabitants



Age pyramid of the population as of 1.1.2012



Number of marriages and divorces





4. Business Entities

24

Source of data

The source of data regarding business entities in Slovenia is the Slovenian Business Register (SBR). Ever since 15 July 2002, the SBR has been maintained by the Agency of the Republic of Slovenia for Public Legal Records and Related Services (AJPES) in accordance with Article 71 of the Payment Transactions Act (Official Gazette of the RS no. 30/02). Data is obtained from primary registers, records and results kept by various registration authorities (district courts, administrative units, ministries, chambers of commerce, tax authorities, departments of internal affairs and other authorities) that are authorised to keep registers, records and business results of business entities.

All business entities that have been registered, recorded or established by law and are still in operation are recorded in the SBR, regardless of their current business activity.

Upon entry into the Slovenian Business Register, each business entity is assigned its own registration (identification) number as well as the code and name of its registered main activity (according to the Standard Classification of Activities) determined by law or by the business entity's foundation act, irrespective of its legal form, status, ownership and method of producing goods or providing services.

The legal organizational structure is a legally valid form of organizing business entities, which is evident from the act establishing the business entity or from the regulation under which the business entity has been established.

Coverage

The Slovenian Business Register covers all legal organizational forms of business entities and their units in the structure, which is established by the Law on Enterprises (Official Journal of the SFRY No. 77/88, 17/1991-I-ZUDE, 55/1992-ZLPPC, 55/1992-ZVDK, 13/1993-ZP-G, 30/1993-ZGD, 42/1993 Constitutional Court's Decision: U-I-108/91-39, 66/1993, 66/1993-ZP-H), the Companies Act (Official Journal of the RS, No. 42/2006 (60/2006 corr.), Official Journal of the RS, No. 26/2007-ZSDU-B 33/2007-ZSReg-B, 67/2007-ZTFI (100/2007 corr.), 10/2008, 68/2008, 23/2009 Constitutional Court's Decision: U-I-268/06-35, 42/2009, 65/2009-UPB3, 83/2009 Constitutional Court's Decision: U-I-165/08-10, Up-1772/08-14, Up-379/09-8, 33/2011, 91/2011, 100/2011 Constitutional Court's Order: U-I-311/11-5, 32/2012, 57/2012), the Cooperatives Act (Official Journal of the RS, No. 97/2009), the Institutions Act (Official Journal of the RS, No. 12/1991, Official Journal of the RS, No. 45I/1994 Constitutional Court's Decision: U-I-104/92, 8/1996, 18/1998 Constitutional Court's Decision: U-I-34/94, 36/2000-ZPDZC, 127/2006-ZJZP), the Law on Banks and Savings Banks (Official Journal of the RS, No. 1/1991, Official Journal of the RS, No. 17/1991-I-ZUDE, 38/1992, 46/1993, 45I/1994, 7/1999-ZBan, 131/2006-ZBan-1), the Law on Public Utilities (Official Journal of the RS, No. 32/1993, Official Journal of the RS, No. 30/1998-ZLPPC, 127/2006-ZJZP, 38/2010-ZUKN, 57/2011), the Law on Associated Labour (Official Journal of the SFRY,

No. 53/1976 (63/1979 corr., 6/1988 corr., 19/1988 corr., 38/1988 corr., Official Journal of the SFRY, No. 57/1983, 85/1987, 11/1988, 77/1988-ZPod, 40/1989, 40/1989, 60/1989, Official Journal of the RS, No. 37/1990). These will be kept in the register as “other organizational forms” until they are transformed into organizational forms that are consistent with the Companies Act and other laws.

Definitions and notes

Business entities are legal entities and natural persons which, on the basis of entry into the appropriate registers or records and on the basis of the law, engage in registered activities or activities that are defined by a regulation or founding act, and are entered in the Slovenian Business Register.

Legal entities are companies, institutions, societies, authorities and organizations that have obtained the status of a legal entity by registering with the constitutive register or appropriate record (or by law).

Natural persons are sole proprietors, individuals and other natural persons that are independently and permanently involved in various profitable activities on the free market.

Institutions, organizations and government authorities have a legal-organizational structure; they are founded to serve a public purpose such as education, science, culture, sports, healthcare, social services, childcare and aiding people with disabilities, and to carry out national, regional, administrative, municipal and other functions and responsibilities. They are legal entities as long as the purpose of their establishment is not to make profit.

Commercial entities are legal entities or natural persons that are established in order to make profit on the open market. Pursuant to the Companies Act, commercial enterprises are legal persons that independently engage in profitable activities on the free market as their sole activities.

The activity of a business entity is its basic function through which it creates profit or achieves some other fundamental purpose of its establishment.

The main activity of a business entity is its registered activity or an activity that is determined by a regulation or by its founding act. If a business subject is only engaged in one activity, then this is its main activity. If a business subject is engaged in several activities, its main activity is the one through which it creates the largest share of total value added.

If it is not possible to determine the share of the total value added, the criterion for defining the main activity of a business entity is its data regarding the structure of its fixed assets, the structure of fixed capital investments, the number of employees or the amount of gross pay paid to employees on the basis of the individual subclasses of activities according to the Standard Classification of Activities or other data linked to the business entity's activity and nature.

To establish a business, it is necessary to enter the business entity into the primary register or record, or to establish it directly by law.

A business entity may be terminated by law or by the founder's own will regardless of the reasons (bankruptcy, liquidation, mergers, acquisitions, etc.).

The form of ownership determines the permanent equity and management rights of the business entities.

The origin of capital defines the origin of the start-up capital.

The Standard Classification of Activities is a mandatory national standard used in the recording, collecting, processing, analysing, passing on and disseminating of data which is important for monitoring the situation and trends in the fields of economy, demography and social services as well as in the field of environment and natural resources. It is used to define the activity and classify business entities and their units for the purpose of official and other administrative data collections (registers, records, databases, etc.) and for the purpose of statistics and analyses on both a national and international scale level at various levels of comparison and decision making.

Entering data into the Slovenian Business Register

Data on the business entity is entered by AJ PES into the SBR on the basis of the relevant decision (or other appropriate act issued by the competent authority) on the establishment or termination of a business entity, or on the modification of data on a business entity. Once AJ PES has entered all the data on the newly-established business entity or on the modification of data on the business entity, it will issue a notice of identification and classification of activities (SBR-3).

Status of business entities

The status of business entities at the end of each quarter of the year is cross-sectional data on business entities until a critical hour; this is usually the last day of each quarter of the year by a certain time. Taking into account data on business entities in the previous quarter and the data on the establishment and termination of businesses registered in the Slovenian Business Register until this critical hour, regardless of the actual date of establishment or termination of business entities in the primary registers.

» Among business entities the fastest growing number of entities can be observed in those that are privately owned.

4.1 Business entities by Standard Classification of Activities

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	36,008	38,028	38,571	37,797
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	90	88	84	83
Mining and quarrying	11	12	12	14
Manufacturing	2,282	2,271	2,217	2,137
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	39	51	71	97
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	79	82	103	100
Construction	3,981	4,292	3,992	3,545
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	5,768	6,030	5,959	5,812
Transportation and storage	1,387	1,441	1,440	1,413
Accommodation and food service activities	1,229	1,294	1,317	1,260
Information and communication	1,804	2,058	2,207	2,240
Financial and insurance activities	679	726	748	737
Real estate activities	1,113	1,114	1,082	1,085
Professional, scientific and technical activities	7,191	7,758	8,117	8,139
Administrative and support service activities	1,116	1,320	1,431	1,434
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	192	196	192	190
Education	876	1,012	1,093	1,133
Human health and social work activities	1,017	1,066	1,148	1,182
Arts, entertainment and recreation	3,047	3,063	3,127	2,995
Other service activities	4,103	4,150	4,226	4,195
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	4	4	5	6

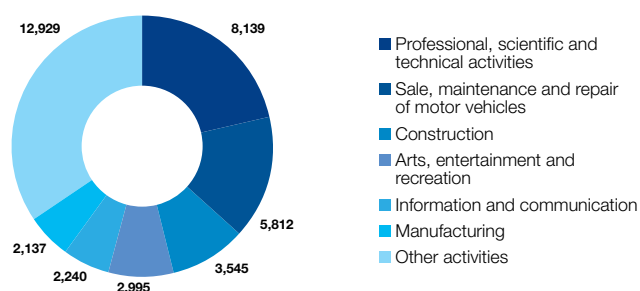
4.3 Business entities - legal persons and institutes, bodies and organizations by forms of property

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	23,537	24,379	25,629	25,942	25,827
Private	18,017	18,943	20,274	20,754	20,743
Cooperative	100	90	69	52	47
Mixed	505	469	459	326	213
State	482	467	466	429	448
Social	4	-	-	-	-
Undecided	4,429	4,410	4,361	4,381	4,376

4.2 Business entities by Standard Classification of Activities in 2011

	Total	Economic subjects - legal persons	Institutes, bodies and organiz.	Economic subjects - natural persons
Total	37,797	19,910	5,917	11,970
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	83	41	15	27
Mining and quarrying	14	13	-	1
Manufacturing	2,137	1,246	18	873
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	97	77	1	19
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	100	77	3	20
Construction	3,545	2,420	1	1,124
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	5,812	4,595	5	1,212
Transportation and storage	1,413	653	3	757
Accommodation and food service activities	1,260	814	12	434
Information and communication	2,240	1,464	115	661
Financial and insurance activities	737	620	1	116
Real estate activities	1,085	867	97	121
Professional, scientific and technical activities	8,139	5,066	326	2,747
Administrative and support service activities	1,434	749	27	658
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	190	6	180	4
Education	1,133	290	406	437
Human health and social work activities	1,182	323	277	582
Arts, entertainment and recreation	2,995	246	1,224	1525
Other service activities	4,195	343	3,201	651
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	6	-	5	1

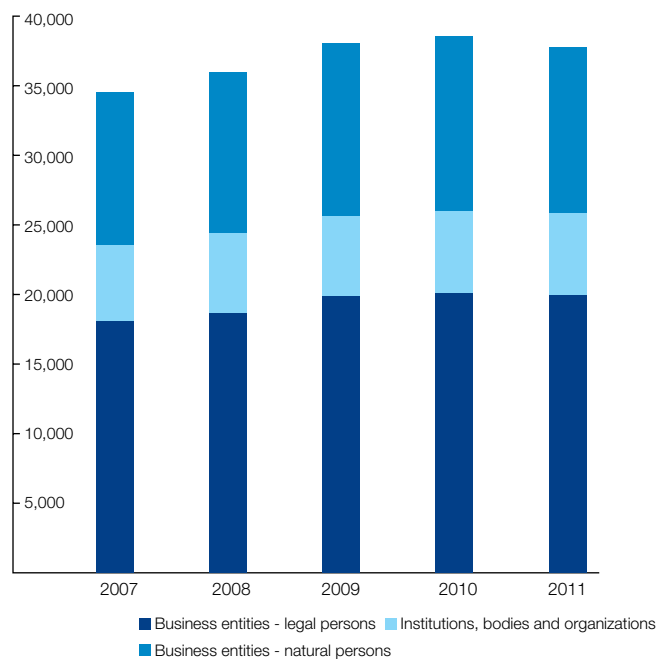
Number of businesses by the Standard Classification of Activities in 2011



4.4 Business entities - legal persons and institutes, bodies and organizations by forms of property and by Standard Classification of Activities in 2011

	Total	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	Transportation and storage	Accommodation and food service activities	Information and communication	Financial and insurance activities	Real estate activities	Professional, scientific and technical activities	Administrative and support service activities	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	Education	Human health and social work activities	Arts, entertainment and recreation	Other service activities	Activities of extra-territorial organizations and bodies
Total	25,827	56	13	1,264	78	80	2,421	4,600	656	826	1,579	621	964	5,392	776	186	696	600	1,470	3,544	5
Private	20,743	39	12	1,244	70	78	2,406	4,562	643	808	1,557	592	886	5,295	764	5	515	431	395	441	-
Cooperative	47	5	-	3	-	-	2	3	2	-	-	-	20	5	3	-	-	1	1	2	-
Mixed	213	1	-	12	1	-	11	33	4	9	10	18	8	47	7	1	6	3	1	41	-
State	448	-	1	5	7	2	2	2	7	8	9	11	2	39	-	138	139	26	36	14	-
Undecided	4,376	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	48	6	2	42	36	139	1,037	3,046	5

Number of business entities by legal forms of organization



4.5 Business entities - legal persons by legal forms of organization

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	18,086	18,667	19,885	20,091	19,910
General partnership	809	696	606	529	439
Limited partner ship	441	378	330	292	242
Limited liability company	15,852	16,842	18,213	18,560	18,568
Joint stock company	400	375	361	343	335
Limited par. J. s. company	-	2	2	2	2
Economic interest group	74	78	78	78	81
Cooperative (z.o.o.)	82	37	38	37	38
Cooperative (z.b.o.)	16	17	19	20	20
European economic association	2	1	1	1	1
Civil attorney's society	-	-	-	1	1
Main branch of foreign business subject	209	207	208	205	162
Central bank	1	1	1	1	1
Mutual insurance company	1	1	1	1	1
Public fund	9	9	9	8	8
Public economic institute	3	1	-	-	-
Nutritional and credit society	3	3	3	3	2
p.o.	-	7	5	5	5
limited personal responsibility	-	6	1	1	1
Other business entities	180	1	4	4	3
Limited solidary responsibility	-	1	1	-	-
r. o.	-	2	2	-	-
Social company	4	2	2	-	-

4.7 Business entities - natural persons by legal forms of organization

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	11,009	11,626	12,399	12,628	11,970
Sole proprietor	8,574	9,058	9,967	10,226	9,692
Mediator of rooms	12	36	27	21	24
Professional sportsman or a professional sport worker	146	156	118	100	61
Independent journalist	157	151	133	129	107
Executor	5	5	5	7	6
Private sport worker	157	155	141	126	110
Notary public	18	18	17	18	17
Recorded attorney	442	460	428	416	413
Registered physician, dentist, health worker	253	258	225	224	220
Registered druggist	16	15	15	15	15
Registered independent culture worker	1,165	1,247	1,252	1,271	1,220
Registered independent researcher	20	14	11	10	11
Recorded detective	18	18	18	17	15
Holder of supplementary activity on farm	22	31	38	45	53
Private teacher or educator	-	4	3	3	2
The producer of electrical energy	-	-	-	-	4
Other natural person	4	-	1	-	-
Court interpreter	2	-	-	-	-

4.6 Institutes, bodies and organizations by legal forms of organization

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	5,445	5,715	5,744	5,852	5,917
Fund	5	5	4	4	3
Public agency	8	9	10	15	15
Republic of Slovenia	1	1	1	1	1
President of republic	1	1	1	1	1
Representative body	2	2	2	2	2
Ombudsman	1	1	1	1	1
Constitutional court	1	1	1	1	1
Commissioner of Audits	1	1	1	1	1
Government, government employment	19	23	20	20	20
Ministry	15	15	15	15	15
Court of justice (supreme, more highly, district)	5	7	7	8	8
Prosecution	2	2	2	2	2
The State Attorney's Office	1	1	1	1	1
Administrative body within composition	31	35	35	32	31
Administrative unit	1	1	1	1	1
Bodies, organizations of wider local community	1	1	1	2	2
Local community	1	1	1	1	1
Local community, other more narrowly local communities	17	18	18	17	17
Procurator for access towards information of public charter	1	1	1	1	1
Autonomous and independent state authority	-	-	-	-	1
Institute	644	739	816	902	968
Public institute	232	207	227	226	224
Community of institutes	8	7	10	10	10
Chamber	27	25	25	26	26
University member	26	26	26	26	26
Chamber of commerce	-	5	6	7	8
Community of owners of apartments	-	124	116	107	103
Institution	101	105	115	122	127
Agricultural community	1	1	1	1	1
Other communities	-	3	1	1	1
Youth council	2	2	2	2	2
Student organization	-	6	6	6	4
Nongovernment organization	-	7	7	8	8
Party	22	24	26	25	30
Syndicate	744	725	710	687	674
Association, association of associations	3,393	3,393	3,350	3,405	3,418
Branch of foreign association	1	3	3	3	3
Denomination and analogous religious organizations	130	158	160	160	157
Residential cooperative	-	19	11	1	1
Trade cooperative	-	8	3	1	1
Unlimited solidary responsibility	-	1	-	-	-
Agricultural cooperative	-	1	-	-	-
Labour court, social court of justice	2	-	-	-	-
Administrative organization within composition	1	-	-	-	-
Notarial chamber	1	-	-	-	-
Association with status of collective interest	1	-	-	-	-
Foreign association	1	-	-	-	-

4.8 Business entities - legal persons by Standard Classification of Activities in 2011

[illegible]

4.9 Institutes, bodies and organizations by legal forms of organization and Standard Classification of Activities in 2011

	Total	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	Transportation and storage	Accommodation and food service activities	Information and communication	Financial and insurance activities	Real estate activities	Professional, scientific and technical activities	Administrative and support service activities	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	Education	Human health and social work activities	Arts, entertainment and recreation	Other service activities	Activities of extra-territorial organizations and bodies
Total	5,917	15	18	1	3	1	5	3	12	115	1	97	326	27	180	406	277	1,224	3,201	5
Fund	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
Public agency	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	1	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Republic of Slovenia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
President of republic	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Representative body	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Ombudsman	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Constitutional court	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Commissioner of Audits	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Government, government employment	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
Ministry	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-
Court of justice (supreme, more highly, district)	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
Prosecution	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
The State Attorney's Office	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative body within composition	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	1	-	-
Administrative unit	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Bodies, organizations of wider local community	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Local communities	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Local community, other more narrowly local communities	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-
Procurator for access towards information of public charter	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Autonomous and independent state authority	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Institute	968	4	17	1	3	1	4	1	5	106	-	-	293	18	4	230	96	153	32	-
Public institute	224	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	7	4	-	1	23	-	15	112	24	34	1	-
Community of institutes	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
Chamber	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-
University member	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-
Chamber of commerce	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
Community of owners of apartments	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Institution	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	4	22	2	94	-
Agricultural community	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other communities	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Youth council	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Student organization	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Nongovernment organization	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	5
Party	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-
Syndicate	674	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	674	-
Association, association of associations	3,418	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	1	42	34	102	1,032	2,191	-
Branch of foreign association	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
Denomination and analog. religious organizat.	157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	124	-
Residential cooperative	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade cooperative	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

4.10 Business entities - natural persons by legal forms of organization and Standard Classification of Activities in 2011

[illegible]



5. Labour Force³²

Sources of data

Data on employed and self-employed individuals (excluding farmers) is currently obtained from the Statistical Register of Employment (SRE). Till 2005, data regarding persons employed by legal entities was gathered via monthly surveys, monthly reports on earnings and persons employed in companies, corporations and organizations (ZAP/M).

The SRE takes account of employed and self-employed people who have compulsory social insurance, regardless of whether it is a full-time or part-time job. It does not include individuals that work under work contracts, author contracts or for direct payment, unpaid family workers, self-employed individuals who do not pay social security contributions and Slovenian citizens employed full time at Slovenian representative offices, construction sites or elsewhere abroad.

SRE is supplemented or updated with data from the M-forms; this includes the registration of data on pension, disability and health insurance, insurance for parental protection, unemployment insurance and on records of employment (M-1, M-2, M-3, M-3A, and M-DČ).

The source of data on the number of farmers is the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which has been conducted in Slovenia ever since 1993. This survey is in line with the instructions of the International Labour Organisation and Eurostat, so the results of this survey are internationally comparable. Since 1997, the survey has been conducted on a quarterly basis.

Since 2002, data from the 2000 census of agricultural holdings has been used to determine the distribution of farmers by municipalities and statistical regions using. Prior to that, data from the 1991 census was used to calculate the percentages of farmers in the individual territorial units. The replacement of this source of data used to determine the number of farmers in different territorial units resulted in a change in the data on the registered unemployment rate.

The Employment Service of Slovenia (ESS) keeps track of and reports the data regarding registered unemployed persons while the statistical department of the Pension and Disability Insurance Institute (PDII) passes on data regarding the number of pensioners in Slovenia.

Methodological explanations

The economically active population consists of the working population and people registered as unemployed and actively seeking employment.

The working population consists of both employed and self-employed individuals.

Employed individuals are people who are employed:

- By legal entities (companies, corporations, institutions or other organizations) or by foreign affiliates; this includes elected or appointed holders of public functions, mothers with children working under special regulations, business owners who are running their own business and are not insured elsewhere;
- By natural persons (entrepreneurs, and for people engaged in

professional activities as a sole or principal occupation, or for people who use complementary work of others.

Self-employed individuals are:

- Natural persons engaged in a commercial or profitable activity (sole proprietorships);
- People engaged in professional activities as their sole or main occupation (e.g., lawyers, independent researchers, clergy, etc.)
- Top notch athletes and chess players.

Registered unemployed individuals are:

- Those that are at least 15 years of age and meet the general health conditions of work; they are registered at the Employment Service of Slovenia, willing to accept a job and actively looking for one.
- They are not employed, retired, students, apprentices or adult trainees that are younger than 26, and are not serving a prison sentence of more than 6 months. They are not self-employed, owners or co-owners of commercial enterprises, owners, leaseholders, tenants or other users of agricultural or forest land, making a profit from their business activities or cadastral income which exceeded the statutory amount in the previous year.

The registered unemployment rate is the percentage of registered unemployed individuals in the economically active population. The registered unemployment rate is shown by the permanent residence of the working population and those registered as unemployed.

5.1 Persons in employment, registered unemployed persons and registered unemployment rate

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Persons in employment per residence	117,169	119,516	116,900	112,576	111,389
Registered unemployed persons	8,088	7,195	10,285	13,451	14,025
Registered unemployed rate	6.5	5.7	8.1	10.7	11.2

5.3 Persons in employment (excluding farmers), intermunicipal labour migrants and labour migration index

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of labour force in MOL (without farmers) with residence in MOL	115,740	118,610	115,083	110,981	109,848
Number of labour force (without farmers) with working position in MOL	203,218	209,804	205,313	201,739	204,727
Number of labour force in MOL (without farmers) with working position in MOL	100,192	102,182	98,731	95,181	93,821
Intermunicipal migrant workers of MOL to other municipalities	15,548	16,428	16,352	15,800	16,027
Intermunicipal migrant workers of other municipalities to MOL	102,053	107,168	106,582	106,558	110,906
Part of labour force of MOL (without farmers) with working position in MOL	86.6	86.1	85.8	85.8	85.4
Index of working migration	175.6	176.9	178.4	181.8	186.4

MOL - City of Ljubljana

5.2 Persons in employment by municipality of workplace

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Persons in employment – total	203,674	210,256	205,753	202,058	205,246
Persons in paid employment	194,396	200,537	195,866	192,152	194,974
Self-employed persons	9,278	9,719	9,887	9,906	10,272
Self-employed persons without farmers	8,822	9,267	9,447	9,587	9,753
Self-employed persons – farmers	456	452	440	319	519

5.4 Persons in employment by type of employment

Year	Persons in employment	Persons in paid employment			Self-employed persons				
		Total	At legal persons	At physical persons	Total	Total (without farmers)	Sole proprietors	Persons who relieve professional activity	Self-employed persons – kmetje
2006	193,157	184,555	178,267	6,288	8,602	8,170	5,513	2,657	432
2007	199,789	190,714	184,060	6,654	9,075	8,604	5,922	2,682	472
2008	208,201	198,686	191,458	7,228	9,515	9,053	6,305	2,748	462
2009	207,494	197,695	190,730	6,965	9,798	9,359	6,789	2,570	439
2010	205,064	195,254	189,120	6,134	9,811	9,477	7,154	2,323	334
2011	203,168	192,889	187,578	5,311	10,279	9,752	7,448	2,304	527

5.5 Persons in paid employment by legal persons (SCA), annual average

	2009	2010	2011
Total	190,730	189,116	187,578
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	343	351	305
Mining and quarrying	47	55	59
Manufacturing	16,633	15,814	15,945
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2,195	2,138	2,065
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	1,469	1,172	1,701
Construction	15,939	1,657	11,813
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	30,381	15,710	29,300
Transportation and storage	9,158	27,878	9,180
Accommodation and food service activities	4,518	8,178	4,444
Information and communication	13,132	5,194	12,816
Financial and insurance activities	11,370	12,801	11,388
Real estate activities	1,790	10,435	1,656
Professional, scientific and technical activities	15,421	2,921	15,286
Administrative and support service activities	8,131	15,138	9,742
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	25,534	10,436	26,032
Education	14,536	20,796	14,952
Human health and social work activities	14,266	5,532	14,875
Arts, entertainment and recreation	3,240	13,782	3,334
Other service activities	2,627	13,561	2,687

5.6 Registered unemployed persons by level of professional skills, annual average

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Unemployed – all	8,420	7,324	9,242	11,700	13,938
Women	4,221	3,558	4,196	5,083	5,916
I. degree	2,830	2,442	2,954	3,517	4,029
II. degree	264	245	298	384	468
III. degree	43	40	45	53	55
IV. degree	1,554	1,363	1,827	2,380	2,919
V. degree	2,371	2,021	2,552	3,340	3,960
VI. degree	319	287	356	470	597
VII. and VIII. degree	1,039	926	1,210	1,520	1,843
Bolognese programs	-	-	-	36	67

I.–IV. degree – nonqualified, qualified and specialized school.

V. degree – four-year secondary school.

VI. degree – higher school.

VII. degree – university.

VIII. degree – master's degree.

5.7 Need for workers and cover of it by level of professional skills

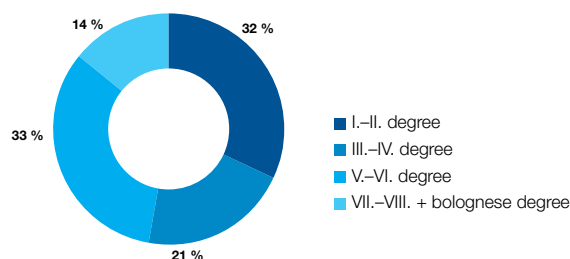
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	Vacancies	61,670	63,732	41,531	43,676	49,105
	Occupations	40,341	42,937	28,936	25,962	30,447
I. degree	Vacancies	15,687	16,414	10,074	10,587	13,059
	Occupations	9,939	11,781	7,375	4,646	6,850
II. degree	Vacancies	1,975	1,794	1,090	987	1,560
	Occupations	1,026	1,271	774	623	1,034
III. degree	Vacancies	943	786	461	356	650
	Occupations	144	398	123	90	111
IV. degree	Vacancies	16,277	16,034	10,276	10,795	13,113
	Occupations	8,582	9,748	5,563	4,627	6,120
V. degree	Vacancies	13,496	14,647	9,328	9,837	10,095
	Occupations	11,442	10,407	7,680	8,014	8,238
VI. degree	Vacancies	2,140	2,309	1,598	1,662	1,702
	Occupations	1,108	1,586	972	942	1,045
VII. and VIII. degree	Vacancies	11,152	11,748	8,704	9,303	8,640
	Occupations	8,100	7,746	6,449	6,869	6,676
Bolognese studies	Vacancies	-	-	-	149	286
	Occupations	-	-	-	151	373

5.8 Number of pensions by type of pension

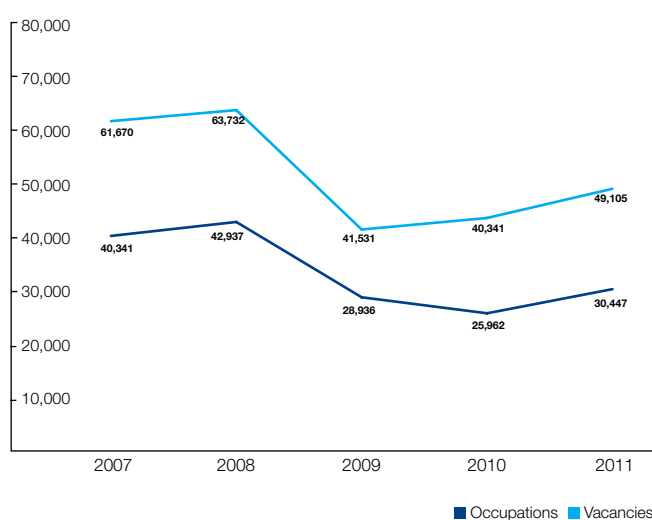
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	70,205	70,548	71,124	71,919	72,793
Old-age pensioners	51,706	52,415	53,409	54,544	55,745
Disability pensioners	8,737	8,666	8,539	8,455	8,425
Survivors' pensioners	5,454	5,186	4,855	4,552	4,260
Widow's pensioners	1,956	2,041	2,209	2,381	2,537
Military pensioners	1,578	1,515	1,435	1,361	1,290
Farmers' pensioners ¹⁾	40	31	25	22	17
State pensioners	734	694	652	604	519

¹⁾ Law on age insurance of farmers.

Structure of registered unemployed persons by level of professional skills in 2011



Vacancies and employment





6. Economic Units

Sources of data

Commercial enterprises, cooperatives and sole proprietors are compelled to submit annual reports to AJPES for the purpose of public release and national statistics. The public release of annual reports is stipulated in Article 58 of the Companies Act (ZGD-1) and the submission of data is stipulated in Article 59 of the Companies Act (ZGD-1).

Commercial enterprises, cooperatives and sole proprietors are compelled to submit the data from annual reports and other information for national statistics to the competent branch office of AJPES on standardized forms within three months after the end of the calendar year.

These annual reports on standardized forms and other information for national statistics must be submitted by the commercial enterprises, cooperatives and sole proprietors in electronic form (by entering the data directly into AJPES's web portal or as an Excel file).

Methodological explanations

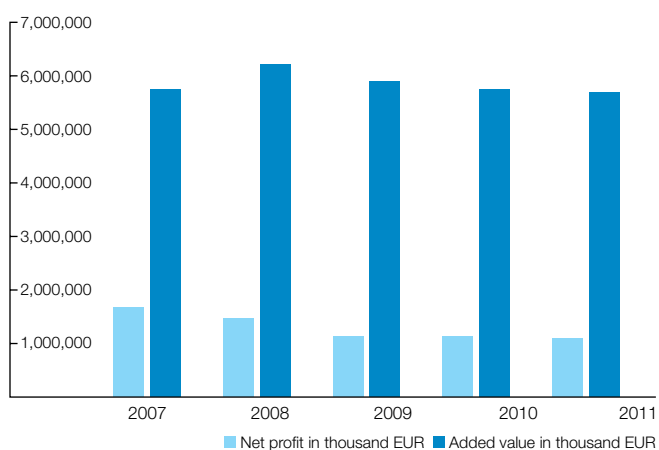
The statistical data from the balance sheet and the profit and loss account must be submitted by all commercial enterprises (excluding banks, insurance companies, *Slovenska odškodninska družba d.d.* (Slovenian Compensation company) and *Kapitalska družba d.d.* – the most important provider of pension and disability insurance in Slovenia) that are independently engaged in profitable activities on the market, as their sole activity. Companies that are undergoing bankruptcy or liquidation procedures are also excluded.

» *Despite the decline in the number of employees in business entities, the value added and net profit of these companies have been reducing considerably slower.*

6.1 Some important data about business of economic units

Year	Number of units	Number of employees	Value added in thousands €	Net profit in thousands €	Net loss in thousands €
2005	14,650	129,199	4,630,089	1,026,306	316,893
2006	15,138	135,551	5,213,921	1,387,481	212,933
2007	16,150	140,465	5,751,048	1,668,632	226,851
2008	16,944	144,977	6,209,011	1,475,671	539,599
2009	17,396	140,209	5,892,455	1,138,638	720,385
2010	17,770	135,104	5,752,732	1,132,262	1,292,913
2011	18,309	128,835	5,692,710	1,087,560	827,905

Net profit and added value of companies





7. Agriculture

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Sources of data

Data on the purchase of agricultural products are obtained from the monthly reports submitted by companies, cooperatives and other organizations that buy products directly from private manufacturers, and those who manufacture and sell their own products.

Reports on the purchase of agricultural products are submitted by companies, cooperatives, forestry companies and other organizations that buy agricultural products from private manufacturers. In this figure are not covered by the quantity of agricultural products by private manufacturers sell directly to large consumers or the free market (home sales, food fairs or markets).

Reports on the sale of agricultural products are submitted by any organization that sells their own products (all agricultural companies and other organizations, schools, institutions, etc.).

Reports on the purchase of timber from private forests are submitted by cooperatives and forest management organizations.

Reports on the transportation of agricultural products manufactured by private manufacturers to food markets are submitted by companies and organizations that keep adequate sales records.

Reports on the number of farms that implement an ecological means of farming are submitted by the Municipality of Ljubljana, the OGDP and the Department for Rural Development and Administration.

Methodological explanations

Purchase includes both the purchase of agricultural products and timber from private manufacturers and the sale of agricultural products from own production companies, cooperatives and other organizations.

Purchase from private manufacturers is the purchase of agricultural products directly from private manufacturers through authorized organizations that buy and resell the products, perhaps even processing them further before selling them. Any amount of products obtained by an organization from its business partners or from combined production is also considered to be a purchase.

Sale includes data on the sale of agricultural products from own production. Products that were given as raw materials to one's own dairy or grape processing units, distilleries, fruit drying units, livestock and poultry fattening farms, etc. In this case, only the products of these units (i.e. dairy products, alcoholic drinks, dried fruit, fattened cattle, etc.) are taken into account in the sales data.

Since 1981, the value of the timber sold (according to the methodological guidelines) is no longer included into the data on the sale of agricultural products.

The tax which the manufacturer pays is included into the value of the purchase from private manufacturers as well as into the value of the sale. VAT and benefits (subsidies and financial support) that manufacturers receive for certain products are not included into the price or value of the products.

» Purchase of meat, potato and wheat is increasing, while the number of farms with organic farming practices remains at the same level.

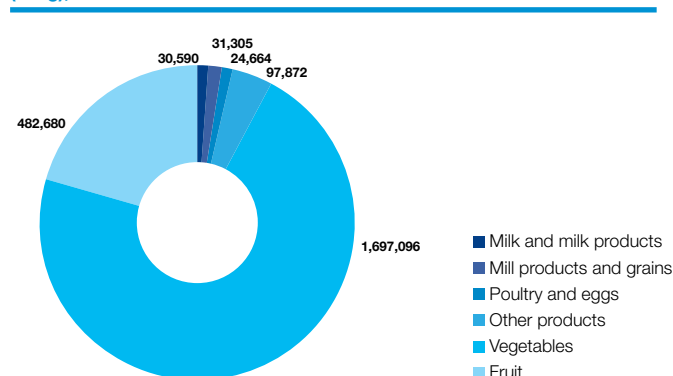
7.1 Quantitative purchase of agricultural products

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Pigs	Ton	7	12	19	37	63
Cattle for slaughter	Ton	2,754	3,184	3,199	3,516	3,706
Calves	Ton	37	47	49	54	72
Eggs	Thousand pieces	44	54	13	27	27
Milk	Thousand litres	25,222	25,297	24,685	24,921	23,708
Potato	Ton	290	296	400	375	544
Wheat	Ton	16	82	22	14	188
Number of farmers with organic farming methods		13	19	19	19	19

7.2 Delivery of agricultural crops of private producers to food markets

	2007	2008	in kg 2009	2010	2011
Grind products and grains					
Corn flour	33,940	21,620	16,860	14,105	15,365
Other kinds of flour	44,992	25,940	16,935	14,250	15,940
Milk and dairy products					
Raw butter	14,543	13,227	15,280	13,390	14,225
Cream sour and double	41,450	25,665	20,185	18,135	16,365
Poultry and eggs					
Slaughtered poultry	62,775	58,569	34,842	24,760	24,490
Eggs - in thousand pieces	1,609	1,960	400	320	174
Vegetables					
Bean, grain	64,356	39,107	30,703	34,417	35,848
Potato	507,719	526,794	390,138	321,498	286,403
Onion	160,377	171,162	165,715	149,040	123,197
Carrot	130,146	111,359	100,669	105,509	80,362
Sweet cabbage	200,128	170,953	130,893	116,490	123,905
Fresh tomato	151,351	123,182	124,225	108,575	84,705
French bean	57,618	44,290	34,617	34,188	28,570
Fresh pepper	71,598	63,640	52,724	54,245	46,265
Pea	13,363	8,720	11,612	13,476	9,525
Spinach	55,130	60,554	48,457	49,977	44,403
Pumpkins	74,033	56,411	51,019	48,695	50,775
Pickled cabbage	248,276	245,621	248,710	189,020	147,550
Sour turnip	201,384	125,315	116,090	92,845	72,955
Garden lettuce	600,302	593,475	435,608	405,867	357,981
Garlic	51,124	42,795	35,967	34,961	39,678
Cauliflower	154,055	117,676	67,390	63,280	66,144
Green cabbage	69,952	51,291	45,731	50,218	55,468
Watermelons	59,610	56,210	40,205	81,155	43,362
Fruit					
Apples	525,332	514,563	391,626	267,605	243,445
Pears	96,750	84,475	65,310	85,655	58,570
Grapes	61,300	55,305	42,675	35,555	36,305
Fresh plumes	42,752	17,040	21,125	29,090	17,245
Cherries and sour cherries	61,840	72,960	76,230	62,260	30,985
Apricots and peaches	109,302	122,590	85,284	134,350	58,620
Strawberries	64,269	63,890	48,660	70,215	30,940
Prunes	852	752	2,825	8,895	6,570
Other products					
Honey	27,855	28,488	36,691	39,685	36,724
Fresh mushrooms	2,125	210	30	596	10
Chestnut	15,140	8,735	24,695	24,445	11,905
Whole walnuts	7,915	11,497	15,620	12,685	14,558
Nut kernels	29,470	28,670	31,190	33,240	34,675

Delivery of private producers of agricultural products to food markets (in kg), 2011





8. Industry

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Sources of data

The data presented in the industry section is based on the annual reports of companies and units, collected by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia. The statistic survey “Annual Industry Report” covers companies and units that have at least five people employed and are engaged in one or more activities, and whose activities are classified as mining and manufacturing activities in the Standard Classification of Activities.

Methodological explanations

The **sales value** of products in regular production is the sum of the invoiced amounts of products sold (ex-factory price), the amount of products used for their own consumption (investment costs) and the benefits in kind given to employees. The revenue generated from grants, donations, grants, compensation and reimbursement of benefits from the sale of products is also included into the sales value.

In 2005, the method of monitoring the value of manufacturing services, in which the raw materials and products are both owned by the customer and production takes place on the customer’s account, was revised. In the past, in the event of manufacturing services, companies reported the value paid by the customer for a service; but, since 2005, this value represents the product value (the perceived value a product will achieve on the market).

Observation units

Since January 2009, observation units are companies and their units that engage in or more activities in the field of Mining and Quarrying, (B), Manufacturing (C) and Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning (D), according to the Standard Classification of Activities adopted in 2008 (SCA 2008). Group 35.3 (Steam and air conditioning supply) is not included. Until the end of 2008, the Standard Classification of Activities adopted in 2002 was the basis for the selection of companies.

In the new Classification of Economic Activities, the activities of publishing and recycling no longer fall under the category of industry, whereas some activities that were previously classified under agriculture (the vineyard and fruit industries), wholesale trade (the wholesale of fruit and vegetables and the wholesale of alcoholic and other beverages), repair of personal and household goods and maintenance and repair of office, accounting and computing machinery are now classified as industrial activities.

On 1 January 2008, the new Classification of Economic Activities for business entities NACE Rev. 2 (which replaced NACE Rev 1.1) came into force in all the EU Member States. In the Republic of Slovenia, the national version of the standard classification (named SKD 2008) came into force; it includes the entire European classification of activities but also adds some national subclasses.

Coverage

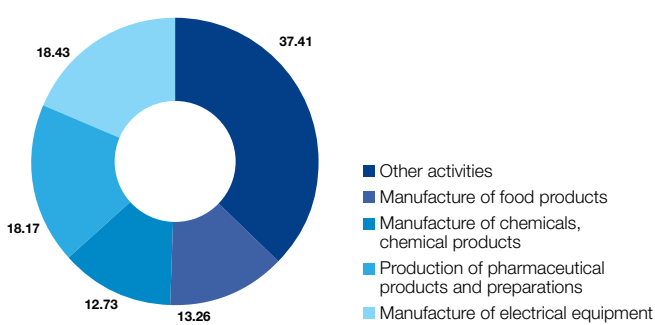
This includes all the industrial companies and their units that have at least 18 (if they were already included in the survey in the past year) or 22 employees (if they were newly included in the survey) registered in the Statistical Register of Employment (SRE).

» *The share of MOL in the sale of industrial products in Slovenia remains unchanged.*

8.1 Sales of industrial products, proportion shares and shares of City of Ljubljana in sale at the level of Republic of Slovenia (SCA), 2011

	Sold for industrial products in 000 EUR	Proportion share (in %)	Share of MOL in Slovenian sale (in %)
Total	1,994,116	100.00	10.53
Mining and quarrying	1,879	0.09	1.61
Other mining and quarrying	1,879	0.09	1.61
Manufacturing	1,992,237	99.91	10.58
Manufacturing of food products	264,474	13.26	18.38
Manufacturing of beverages	100,445	5.04	33.90
Manufacturing of textiles	229	0.01	0.07
Manufacturing of wearing apparel	4,300	0.22	1.29
Manufacturing and production of wood and wood products except furniture	4,757	0.24	1.16
Manufacturing of paper and paper products	94,017	4.71	13.02
Print and reproduction of recorded media	54,716	2.74	24.81
Manufacturing of chemicals and chemical products	253,826	12.73	20.74
Manufacturing of basic pharmaceutical prod., prep.	362,267	18.17	25.47
Manufacturing of rubber and plastic products	27,484	1.38	2.86
Manufacturing of other non-metallic mineral prod.	18,582	0.93	3.05
Manufacturing of basic metals	81,211	4.07	4.29
Manufacturing of metal products, except machinery, equipment	89,709	4.50	5.71
Manufacturing of computer, electronic, optical prod.	65,980	3.31	20.29
Manufacturing of electrical equipment	367,499	18.43	16.53
Manufacturing of machinery and equipment n. e. c.	117,969	5.92	9.07
Manufacturing of mot. vehicles, trailers, semi-trail.	7,692	0.39	0.31
Manufacturing of other transport equipment	482	0.02	0.51
Manufacturing of furniture	17,613	0.88	5.29
Other manufacturing	42,682	2.14	18.49
Repair, installation of machinery, equipment	16,303	0.82	8.01
Repair, installation of machinery, equipment	180,479	1.01	z

Proportions of sales of manufactured goods in 2011, according to the SCA (%)





9. Crafts

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Sources of data

The data on crafts as a way of carrying out activities and data on the number of workshops with crafts or craft-like activities and with domestic arts and crafts is obtained from the Slovenian Craft Register, which is kept as a public record by the Craft Register of Slovenia. How this register is kept is defined in the regulations concerning the process of granting business licenses and permits and concerning the Craft Register (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 10/95, 56/2001).

Methodological explanations

The legislative acts in force that define crafts as a way of business are:

- The Companies Act (Official Gazette of the RS no. 30/93, 29/94, 82/94, 20/98, 84/98, 6 / 99, 45/2001)
- Small Business Act (Official Gazette of the RS no. 50/94, 61/2000, 42/2002, 102/2007)
- Decree on the Implementation and Use of the Standard Classification of Activities (Official Gazette of the RS no. 34/94, 3 / 95, 33/95, 15/96, 89/98, 12/99, 2 / 2002)
- Decree on List A of Craft Activities and List B of Craft-like Activities (Official Gazette of the RS no. 76/94, 16/2001)
- Decree on the determination of craftsmen's activities and titles of master craftsmen as well as similar activities (Official journal of the RS, No. 117/2004).

Pursuant to the Small Business Act (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 50/94, 61/2000, 42/2002, , 40/2004, 102/2007), crafts and craft-like activities are profitable activities, determined by the Decree on List A of Craft Activities and List B of Craft-like Activities (Official Gazette of the RS no. 76/94, 16/2001)

For both types of activities, it is characteristic that:

- They involve production or service activities, usually based on individual orders;
- Production is only performed in small series;
- Mass production does not exceed not a major part of activity;
- Machines, tools and technical devices, suitable for performing craft activities or craft-like activities are used, and that they do not use conveyor belts or automated work processes.

Domestic arts and crafts are characterized by simple (unsophisticated) art and design, with a focus on craftsmanship and handwork.

Until the enactment of regulations governing supplementary activities on farms, farmers and their household members may engage in activities on the basis of the Craft Act by notifying the Slovenian Chamber of Craft and Small Business (there are no requirements that have to be met in order to engage in such activities).

The right to engage in craft activities, craft-like activities or art and crafts is obtained on the basis of a business license and by registering with the Craft Register. A business license may be obtained by a natural person, foreign natural or legal entity, sole proprietor, limited liability company, limited partnership, limited liability company or joint-stock company (PLC).

» *Craft activity remains at the level of previous years, most of craftsmen work in construction and manufacturing.*

A **sole proprietor** must meet certain educational requirements to obtain a business license in the following cases:

- To set up their own craft business, candidates have to pass the master craftsman's examination;
- To carry out craft-like activities, candidates either have to complete the proper vocational school, pass a qualification test or have a 5th or 6th degree of vocational education or training that provides the necessary technical and practical skills for the craft.
- Sole proprietors who do not meet the education requirements may obtain a business license if they employ at least one person who does meet the education requirements.

Commercial enterprises have to make sure the persons who will be registered in the Craft Register as representatives meet the following requirements to obtain a business license:

- A limited liability company or an unlimited company must employ at least one person with the required education or at least one of the partners must meet education requirements;
- A limited partnership must employ at least one person with the required education or at least one of the limited partners must meet the education requirements;
- A joint-stock company (PLC) must employ at least one person who meets the education requirements (or at least one person in the management should meet this requirement).
- Manufacturers of domestic arts and crafts can obtain a business license on the basis of an opinion from the expert committee to verify the domestic arts and crafts at the Slovenian Chamber of Craft and Small Business.

The Decision on whether to grant a business license to engage in craft activities, craft-like activities and domestic arts and crafts is issued by the Slovenian Chamber of Craft and Small Business.

9.1 Craft establishments, craft establishments with craft-like activities and craft establishments with handicraft and arts and crafts by legal forms of organization

	2009			2010			2011		
	Total	Craft establishment	Craft establishment with activities similar to craft	Total	Craft establishment	Craft establishment with activities similar to craft	Total	Craft establishment	Craft establishment with activities similar to craft
Natural persons	10,393	4,780	5,613	10,410	4,789	5,621	10,071	4,732	5,339
Individual private entrepreneurs	10,393	4,780	5,613	10,410	4,789	5,621	10,071	4,732	5,339
Legal persons	4,723	2,463	2,260	4,726	2,465	2,261	4,826	2,622	2,204
General partnerships	235	123	112	235	123	112	197	111	86
Limited partnerships	128	67	61	363	67	61	100	56	44
Limited liability companies	4,295	2,222	2,073	4,298	2,224	2,074	4,474	2,411	2,063
Joint stock companies	76	69	7	53	46	7	45	38	7
Others	12	5	7	12	5	7	10	6	4
Home and art manufacture establishment¹⁾									
Natural persons	88	87	1	88	87	1	86	85	1
Individual private entrepreneurs	88	87	1	88	87	1	86	85	1
Legal persons	4	4	-	4	4	-	4	4	-
Limited liability companies	4	4	-	4	4	-	4	4	-

¹⁾ Data on number of home and art manufacture establishment can be displayed only as an activity of natural or legal person.

9.2 Craft establishments with craft activities classified by Standard Classification of Activities and legal forms of organization, condition in 2011

	Natural persons			Legal persons				
	Total	Individual private entrepreneurs	Total	General partnerships	Limited partnerships	Limited liability companies	Joint stock companies	Others
Total	4,732	4,732	2,622	111	56	2,411	38	6
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	53	53	19	1	-	16	2	-
Manufacturing	1,388	1,388	785	27	15	735	7	1
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
Construction	1,809	1,809	1,238	52	23	1,141	17	5
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	381	381	251	11	7	224	9	-
Professional, scientific and technical activities	109	109	55	1	1	53	-	-
Administrative and support service activities	81	81	38	4	-	34	-	-
Other service activities	826	826	231	15	10	203	3	-
Home and art manufacture establishment	85	85	4	-	-	4	-	-

9.3 Craft establishments with craft-like activities classified by Standard Classification of Activities and legal forms of organization, condition in 2011

	Natural persons		Total	Legal persons				
	Total	Individual private entrepreneurs		General partnerships	Limited partnerships	Limited liability companies	Joint stock companies	Others
Total	5,339	5,339	2,204	86	44	2,063	7	4
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	28	28	8	1	-	7	-	-
Mining and quarrying	7	7	14	-	-	14	-	-
Manufacturing	1,062	1,062	745	25	16	696	5	3
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	35	35	53	-	-	52	1	-
Construction	1,191	1,191	939	29	15	893	1	1
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	161	161	83	8	4	71	-	-
Transportation and storage	1,345	1,345	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accommodation and food service activities	534	534	-	-	-	-	-	-
Information and communication	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial and insurance activities	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-
Real estate activities	74	74	21	1	-	20	-	-
Administrative and support service activities	594	594	251	17	8	226	-	-
Arts, entertainment and recreation	34	34	11	-	-	11	-	-
Other service activities	271	271	77	5	1	71	-	-
Home and art manufacture establishment	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

9.4 Self-employees and employees in craft establishments classified by the Standard Classification of Activities and legal forms of organization

	2009		2010		2011	
	Self-employees	Employees	Self-employees	Employees	Self-employees	Employees ¹⁾
Natural persons						
Total	3,941	5,832	3,946	5,832	3,911	-
Individual private entrepreneurs	3,941	5,832	3,946	5,832	3,911	-
Legal persons						
Total	902	29,409	902	29,411	30	-
General partnerships	52	145	52	145	1	-
Limited partnerships	22	177	22	177	-	-
Limited liability companies	822	20,932	822	20,934	29	-
Joint stock companies	6	8,122	6	8,122	-	-
Others	-	33	-	33	-	-
Home and art manufacture establishment²⁾						
Natural persons	50	8	50	8	45	-
Individual private entrepreneurs	50	8	50	8	45	-
Legal persons	2	4	2	4	-	-
Limited liability companies	2	4	2	4	-	-

¹⁾ Since 2011 The Chamber of Craft and Small Business of Slovenia hasn't been monitoring data on the number of employees in the craft.

²⁾ Data on number of self employees and employees can be displayed only as an activity of natural or legal person.

9.5 Self-employees and employees in craft establishments with craft-like activities classified by Standard Classification of Activities and legal forms of organization

	2009		2010		2011	
	Self-employees	Employees	Self-employees	Employees	Self-employees	Employees ¹⁾
Natural persons						
Total	4,434	5,333	4,440	5,336	4,209	-
Individual private entrepreneurs	4,434	5,333	4,440	5,336	4,209	-
Legal persons						
Total	802	10,260	803	10,263	32	-
General partnerships	45	122	45	122	-	-
Limited partnerships	24	60	24	60	-	-
Limited liability companies	733	9,973	734	9,976	32	-
Joint stock companies	-	85	-	85	-	-
Others	-	20	-	20	-	-

¹⁾ Since 2011 The Chamber of Craft and Small Business of Slovenia hasn't been monitoring data on the number of employees in the craft.

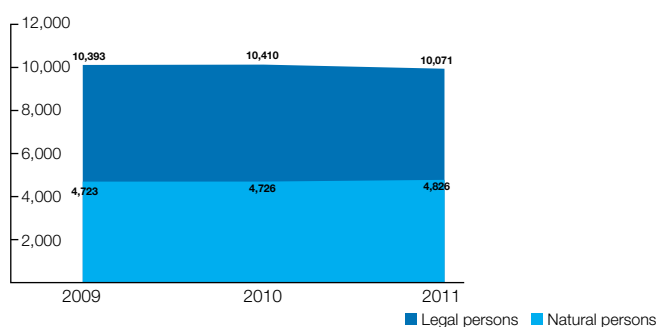
9.6 Self-employees in craft establishments by Standard Classification of Activities and legal forms of organization, condition in 2011

	Natural persons		Total	Legal persons		
	Total	Individual private entrepreneurs		General partnerships	Limited partnerships	Limited liability companies
Total	3,911	3,911	30	1	0	29
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	41	41	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	1,090	1,090	7	-	-	7
Construction	1,533	1,533	21	1	-	20
Wholesale, retail; repair of motor vehicles	329	329	-	-	-	-
Professional, scientific, technical activities	81	81	-	-	-	-
Administrative and support service activities	59	59	1	-	-	1
Other service activities	733	733	1	-	-	1
Handicraft and arts and crafts	45	45	-	-	-	-

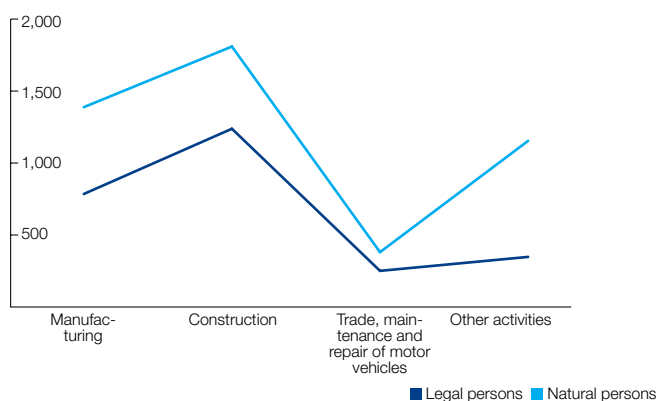
9.7 Self-employees in craft establishments with craft-like activities by Standard Classification of Activities and legal forms of organization, condition in 2011

	Natural persons		Total	Legal persons		
	Total	Individual private entrepreneurs		General partnerships	Limited partnerships	Limited liability companies
Total	4,209	4,209	32	0	0	32
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	24	24	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	5	5	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	732	732	-	-	-	-
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	24	24	2	-	-	2
Construction	1,037	1,037	27	-	-	27
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	123	123	1	-	-	1
Transportation and storage	1,153	1,153	-	-	-	-
Accommodation and food service activities	437	437	-	-	-	-
Information and communication	2	2	-	-	-	-
Professional, scientific, technical activities	56	56	-	-	-	-
Administrative and support service activities	387	387	2	-	-	2
Arts, entertainment and recreation	22	22	-	-	-	-
Other service activities	207	207	-	-	-	-

Number of craft businesses



Craft activity according to SCA and organizational forms, 2011





10. Housing

45

Sources of data

Data on residential construction is obtained through the questionnaires “Building Permit Report” and “Building Compliance Inspection Report”, covering all the buildings in which there is at least one apartment and where the construction work, finishing work and/or plumbing work has been completed. Both reports cover all new residential dwellings, both newly constructed dwellings and converted dwellings, regardless of whether they are in residential or non-residential buildings. This data is collected and processed by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia. The Surveying and Mapping Authority of the Republic of Slovenia supplied the data on the number of evidenced housing transactions.

Methodological explanations

Data on the completed dwellings by individual years are collected on the basis of monthly and annual reports made by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia.

A **dwelling** is a place of residence that has one or more rooms, with adequate other facilities (kitchen, pantry, hallway, bathroom, toilet...) or without them, and has at least one separate entrance. The type of dwelling is determined by the number of rooms it has. The surface area of a dwelling includes the usable space in the rooms, kitchen and other facilities, the surface area of the walled terraces and verandas, and the surface area under the fitted cupboards.

The wall thickness and surface area of the open terraces and balconies are not included.

Dwellings are classified by the investor as a legal entity or natural person. A completed dwelling is one in which the construction work, finishing work and installations specified in the building plan has been completed in all areas.

A **room** is a space separated from the other residential premises by fixed walls; it has direct daylight and at least six square metres of area.

A **detached room** is a dwelling that has only one room without a kitchen or bathroom. It may have an entrance hall, bathroom and storage area, but the usable surface area of the extra space should be less than six square metres.

A **studio** typically consists of one room with a bathroom and hallway; the room may also have a small kitchen up to four square metres in size.

A **one-bedroom flat** has one bedroom separate from the rest of the flat, a kitchen (or not), and other facilities with a useful area of more than six square meters; then there are **two-bedroom flats**, **three-bedroom flats**, etc.

» *The average apartment's floor area of natural persons is increasing steadily.*

10.1 Construction of dwellings

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Construction of dwellings					
Dwellings completed - total					
Number	1,602	1,561	830	464	716
Useful floor space in m ²	121,274	114,590	86,369	47,106	66,560
Dwellings completed by natural persons					
Number	171	128	168	131	103
Useful floor space in m ²	26,787	19,565	27,687	23,294	18,866
Dwellings completed by legal persons					
Number	1,431	1,433	662	333	613
Useful floor space in m ²	94,487	59,025	58,682	23,812	47,694
Average useful floor space of dwellings					
In m ² - total	76	73	104	102	93
Dwellings by natural persons	157	153	164	178	183

10.2 Completed dwellings

Year	Number of dwellings		Share of dwellings by legal persons in %
	Total	Legal persons	
1996	420	329	78.3
1997	529	334	63.1
1998	404	349	86.3
1999	341	201	59.0
2000	926	713	77.0
2001	803	509	63.4
2002	1,219	963	78.9
2003	1,235	1,050	85.0
2004	901	643	71.4
2005	1,312	1,040	79.3
2006	465	170	36.6
2007	1602	1431	89.3
2008	1561	1433	91.8
2009	830	662	79.7
2010	464	333	71.8
2011	716	613	85.6

10.3 Number of completed dwellings by type of dwellings in 2011

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	Total	1,602	1,561	830	464	716
	Legal persons	1,431	1,433	662	333	613
1-room	Total	436	432	94	80	61
	Legal persons	430	431	87	76	61
2-rooms	Total	430	438	250	63	270
	Legal persons	421	431	238	60	266
3-rooms	Total	395	392	251	137	215
	Legal persons	375	372	237	132	198
4-rooms	Total	200	186	87	72	82
	Legal persons	148	144	64	37	56
5-rooms and more	Total	141	113	148	112	88
	Legal persons	57	55	36	28	32

10.4 Share of completed dwellings of legal persons by type of dwellings in %

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-room	30.0	30.1	13.1	22.8	10.0
2-rooms	29.4	30.1	36.0	18.1	43.4
3-rooms	26.2	26.0	35.8	39.6	32.3
4-rooms	10.3	10.0	9.7	11.1	9.1
5-rooms and more	4.0	3.8	5.4	8.4	5.2

10.5 Number of recorded transactions of dwellings at an average price per m² of useful surface area and the average size of dwellings

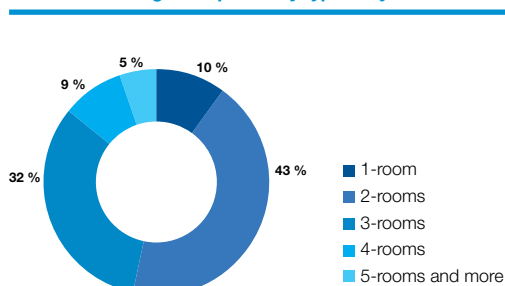
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
All dwellings					
Number of transactions	2,237	1,668	1,434	2,135	1,934
Average price per m ²	2,656	2,802	2,517	2,497	2,525
Average size in m ²	56	55	54	54	53
Used dwellings					
Number of transactions	2,006	1,478	1,277	2,005	1,857
Average price per m ²	2,613	2,744	2,444	2,456	2,502
Average size in m ²	54	54	52	54	52
New constructions					
Number of transactions	231	190	157	130	77
Average price per m ²	2,930	3,369	3,176	3,117	3,240
Average size in m ²	72	59	66	56	54

10.6 Activities of Public Housing Fund MOL

Dwellings owned by the City of Ljubljana and Public Housing Fund in the City of Ljubljana	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of dwellings	114	12	226 ¹⁾	-	195 ¹⁾
Number of newly renovated dwellings	-	11	-	-	-
Number of purchased dwellings	2	4	15	429 ¹⁾	24
Number of leased dwellings	349	169	325	423	407

¹⁾ Subsequently, the SSRS entered into co-investment (in 2009 for 63 apartments, in 2010 for 75 apartments, and in 2011 for 11 apartments).

Share of dwellings completed by types in year 2011



11. Transport, Connections and the Transport Infrastructure

Sources of data

Data on the number of registered motor vehicles and the number of valid driving licenses is obtained from the Ministry of the Interior of the Republic of Slovenia, and data regarding traffic accidents is obtained from the Ljubljana Police Directorate.

Data on rail transport is obtained from the Slovenian railway information system, data on air traffic is obtained from Ljubljana Aerodrom and data on postal traffic is obtained from the Post of Slovenia, Business Unit Ljubljana.

Data on the number of telephone subscribers is obtained from Telekom Slovenia d.d. (the leading Slovenian provider of electronic telecommunications).

Data on city public transport is obtained from the company Ljubljanski potniški promet d.o.o. (LPP), which is the public transport company in Ljubljana.

The Department for Utilities and Transport of the Municipality of Ljubljana supplied the data on the road infrastructure, and the data on bicycle transport was supplied by the contractors of the Bicike(LJ) and Ljubljana Bicycle projects.

Methodological explanations

Special purpose vehicles are motor vehicles intended for specific purposes and not for transport of passengers. This category includes vehicles such as fire trucks, ambulances, funeral hearses, driving school vehicles, racing cars and all other vehicles designed for a specific use that are not specified elsewhere.

Tow vehicles or tow trucks are motor vehicles used for hauling trailers or are intended exclusively for towing vehicles. This does not include tow tractors.

Category AM includes mopeds and light quadricycles. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of G category vehicles.

Category A1 includes two-wheel motorcycles with or without a sidecar, with a cubic capacity not exceeding 125 cc, a power output not exceeding 11 kW and a power/weight ratio not exceeding 0.1 kW/kg, and motor tricycles with a power not exceeding 15 kW. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM and G category vehicles.

Category A2 includes motorcycles with a power not exceeding 35 kW, a power/weight ratio not exceeding 0,2kW/kg kW / kg and not derived from a vehicle with twice the power. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, A1, and G category vehicles.



Category A includes two-wheel motorcycles with or without a sidecar and motor tricycles. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, A1, A2, and G category vehicles.

Category B1 includes quadricycles. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, and G category vehicles.

Category B includes motor vehicles (except for A1, A2, A, F and G category vehicles) with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) not exceeding 3500 kilograms and with not more than eight seats in addition to the driver's seat. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, B1 and G category vehicles.

Category BE includes combinations of vehicles consisting of a tow vehicle in category B and a trailer with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) not exceeding 3,500 kg. Such a combination of vehicles is without prejudice to the directives on Type Approval/Homologation.

Category C1 includes motor vehicles (except for D1, D or F category vehicles) with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) exceeding 3,500 kg, but not exceeding 7,500 kg, and with not more than eight seats in addition to the driver's seat. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, B1, B and G category vehicles.

Category C1E includes combinations of vehicles consisting of a tow vehicle in category C1 and a trailer with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) exceeding 750 kg but the combined maximum authorised mass of vehicle and trailer may not exceed 12,000 kg. This category also allows drivers who hold a B category license to tow a trailer with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) exceeding 3,500 kg but the combined maximum authorised mass of vehicle and trailer may not exceed 12,000 kg. In both cases, such a combination of vehicles is without prejudice to the directives on Type Approval/Homologation. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of BE category vehicles.

Category C includes motor vehicles (except for D1, D and F category vehicles) with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) exceeding 3,500 kg and with not more than eight seats in addition to the driver's seat. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, B1, B, C1, and G category vehicles.

Category CE includes combinations of vehicles consisting of a tow vehicle in category C and a trailer with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) exceeding 750 kg and its trailer has a maximum permissible mass of trailer exceeds 750 kg, and such a combination of vehicles is without prejudice to the directives on Type Approval/Homologation. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of BE and C1E category vehicles in combination with the D1 and D1E category driving license as well as in combination with the D and DE category driving license.

Category D1 includes motor vehicles used for the transport of persons with not more than 16 seats in addition to the driver's seat and with a maximum length of no more than 8 metres. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, B1, B and G category vehicles.

Category D1E includes combinations of vehicles consisting of a tow vehicle in category D1 and a trailer with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) exceeding 750 kg and such a combination of vehicles is without prejudice to the directives on Type Approval/Homologation. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of BE category vehicles.

Category D includes motor vehicles used for the transport of persons with not more than eight seats in addition to the driver's seat. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of AM, B1, B, C1, C, D1 and G category vehicles.

Category DE includes combinations of vehicles consisting of a tow vehicle in category D and a trailer with a maximum authorised mass (MAM) exceeding 750 kg, and such a combination of vehicles is without prejudice to the directives on Type Approval/Homologation. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of BE and D1E category vehicles.

*A driving license is also issued to drive other motor vehicles and trailers that are classified in the national categories of F and G.

Category F includes agricultural tractors and tractor trailers. A driving license for this category also permits the driving of G category vehicles.

Category G includes gas-powered tillers/cultivators and heavy equipment.

Casualty crash means any car accident on a public road or private road accessible to the public, involving at least one moving vehicle and resulting in the physical injury or death of at least one person.

Fatal injury means that a person is either killed at the scene of the crash or dies as a result of the accident within 30 days.

Injury means that a person has suffered injuries in a road traffic accident but has not died (and usually requires medical treatment).

Severe injury means that a person has suffered serious injuries (e.g., fractures, concussions, internal injuries, etc.) in a road traffic accident.

Rail transport refers to traffic at individual stations in the Municipality of Ljubljana. Railway stations that do not sell tickets are not included.

Passengers conveyed are passengers that are conveyed from the individual train stations.

Goods loaded are the goods that are loaded at each station (e.g., wagon shipments, bulk shipments, express consignment shipments...).

Goods unloaded are the goods that are unloaded at each station (e.g., wagon shipments, bulk shipments...).

Postal service is the service of delivering letters and packages, postal orders and telegraphs.

The number of telephone subscribers is the number of subscribers to main telephone lines.

» *The number of registered motor vehicles is reducing, while the number of persons with a valid driver's license is increasing. With the introduction of the program Bicikelj, bicycles rental has increased significantly.*

11.1 Transport infrastructure utilization

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Length of the motorway network in km	44	44	44	44
Length in km of state roads	125	125	125	125
Length in km of municipal roads	1,029	1,029	1,029	1,029
Surface area for pedestrians (closed circulation) in 000 m ²	120	120	120	140
The number of public parking spaces for cars (managed by JP LPT Ltd.)	4,640	4,793	-	7,368
Length of the railway network in m	60,461	60,461	60,461	60,461

11.2 Motor vehicles, passenger cars, drivers and traffic accidents

Year	Motor vehicles		Number of people with valid licences for vehicles	Traffic accidents with death or injury
	Total	Passenger special cars and passenger cars		
2009	173,645	149,690	169,163	1,196
2010	175,833	148,046	171,370	1,198
2011	170,517	146,725	173,669	1,223

11.3 Number of registered road motor vehicles

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Vehicles total	170,411	176,230	177,378	175,833	174,099
Motor vehicles total	166,912	172,548	173,645	172,156	170,517
Motorcycles ¹⁾	6,324	7,196	7,668	7,889	4,613
Passengers and special passengers cars	145,440	148,987	149,690	148,046	146,725
Buses	406	407	401	405	388
Lorries	13,426	14,587	14,472	14,398	14,002
Tractors	1,316	1,371	1,414	1,418	1,470
Trailers	3,499	3,682	3,733	3,677	3,582

¹⁾ Motorcycles including mopeds.

11.4 Number of people with a valid driver's license by category

	2009	2010	2011
Number of people with valid driver's licences	169,163	171,370	173,669
Number of licenses granted by categories	594,161	616,909	645,717
A	16,595	16,731	16,652
A1	3,254	4,287	172,897
A2	1,864	3,014	5,612
AM	168,463	170,679	4,482
B	168,441	170,698	173,066
B1	18,985	30,457	7,700
BE	7,367	7,542	47,188
C	12,020	12,282	12,536
C1	3,084	3,992	7,271
C1E	2,022	2,546	5,146
OE	6,995	7,144	3,203
D	1,635	1,713	1,780
D1	1,637	1,715	980
D1E	812	890	1,784
DE	813	890	983
F	11,693	11,638	11,540
G	168,481	170,691	172,897

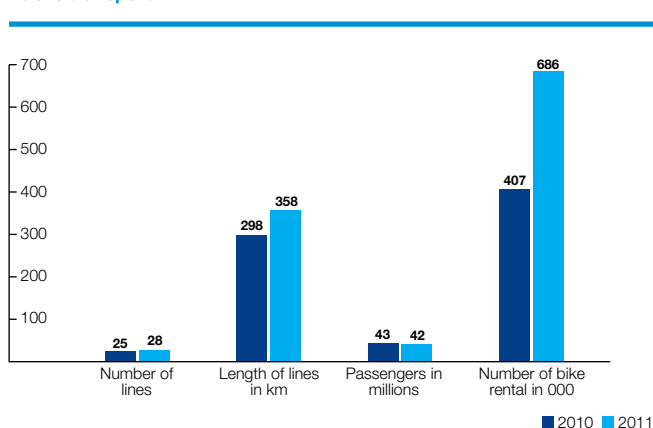
11.5 Road traffic accidents, persons killed and injured in road traffic accidents

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Traffic accidents total	5,147	4,308	3,680	3,770	4,224
Traffic accidents involving death or injury	1,813	1,344	1,196	1,198	1,223
Death	24	17	14	9	17
Injury	1,789	1,327	1,182	1,189	1,206
Persons killed or injured	2,561	1,795	1,546	1,607	1,692
Persons killed	33	18	14	9	17
Persons injured	2,528	1,777	1,532	1,598	1,675

11.6 Railway traffic

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Passengers carried - total	3,161,997	3,450,616	3,353,462	3,372,254	3,281,702
Črnuče	12,596	16,395	11,730	11,713	13,195
Ljubljana	3,047,902	3,297,506	3,210,363	3,229,924	3,152,351
Ljubljana-Rakovnik	27,665	25,807	24,853	30,169	25,526
Vižmarje	34,769	38,619	36,109	34,461	26,091
Zalog and Laze	39,065	72,289	70,407	65,987	64,539
Loaded goods/t - total	504,571	513,233	528,094	625,848	594,610
Ljubljana Črnuče	49,725	32,210	45,409	77,937	40,292
Ljubljana-Moste	111,530	105,973	94,005	94,480	89,093
Ljubljana-Rakovnik	10,482	7,044	5,302	2,897	2,610
Ljubljana-Šiška	24,570	21,836	18,823	21,418	20,515
Ljubljana Vižmarje	-	47	22	40	538
Zalog and Laze	308,264	346,123	364,533	429,076	441,562
Unloaded goods/t - total	1,800,340	2,030,390	1,837,045	1,784,556	1,510,463
Ljubljana Črnuče	375,343	295,702	393,161	308,989	30,534
Ljubljana-Moste	315,191	288,840	238,319	191,907	180,401
Ljubljana-Rakovnik	-	946	319	69	56
Ljubljana-Šiška	38,876	35,970	33,116	34,696	29,760
Ljubljana Vižmarje	575	423	229	207	865
Zalog and Laze	1,070,355	1,408,509	1,171,901	1,248,688	1,268,847
Postponed containers in twenty-foot equivalent unit	60,932	64,426	80,337	81,301	72,037
in tonnes	276,720	304,561	504,134	549,015	502,309

Public transport



11.7 Air traffic

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Aircraft movements ¹⁾	46,517	47,926	45,492	42,569	39,267
Public transport	33,751	35,492	32,170	28,836	27,759
Domestic carriers	23,060	25,167	24,013	21,825	20,653
Foreign carriers	10,691	10,325	8,157	7,011	7,106
General aviation ²⁾	11,358	10,958	12,341	12,463	10,056
Domestic carriers	9,572	8,780	10,654	10,757	8,485
Foreign carriers	1,786	2,178	1,687	1,706	1,571
Other ³⁾	1,408	1,476	981	1,270	1,452
Passengers	1,524,028	1,673,050	1,433,855	1,388,651	1,369,485
Public transport	1,515,839	1,662,913	1,426,562	1,382,672	1,359,163
Domestic carriers	1,082,291	1,246,638	1,086,236	1,074,697	997,827
Foreign carriers	433,548	416,275	340,326	307,975	361,336
General aviation ²⁾	7,749	9,565	6,152	5,572	5,357
Domestic carriers	4,337	4,794	3,189	2,704	2,637
Foreign carriers	3,412	4,771	2,963	2,868	2,720
Other ³⁾	440	572	1,141	407	4,965
Cargo (in tonnes)	21,717	17,188	14,333	17,310	19,659
The number of scheduled flights	-	-	-	-	32
Distance from the centre of Ljubljana airport in km	26	26	26	26	26

¹⁾ Movement: landing or takeoff of aircraft.

²⁾ General aviation: aircraft up to 41 tonnes MTOW (Maximum Take Off Weight), carrying less than 19 passengers, or cargo aircraft below 10 tonnes MTOW, does not fly on scheduled flights.

³⁾ Other (Operations and passengers): aircrafts on the school, positional or technical flight.

11.8 Urban passenger traffic

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of lanes	22	22	23	25	28
Length of slopes in km	251	267	267	298	358
Number of buses	201	205	205	209	217
Seating and standing	28,232	28,825	28,797	28,833	29,483
Number of stops	-	-	-	-	673
Mileage in thousands	11,093	11,404	11,496	11,579	11,144
Passengers in thousands	-	-	-	42,814 ¹⁾	41,615
Number of displays that show arrivals of buses	-	-	-	-	58
Number of Urbanomats	-	-	-	-	39
Number of cards sold annually Urbana ²⁾	-	-	250,510	170,373	119,005

¹⁾ With the introduction of »Urbana« cards in urban passenger transport at the end of 2009, electronic counting of passengers was introduced.

²⁾ Using the Urbana is not limited to the current year and can be used indefinitely.

11.9 Bicycle transport

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Length in kilometers of bicycle lanes	130	136	142	127 ¹⁾
The number of public bicycle racks (public areas - assessment)	3,500	4,000	6,000	8,000
Number of bicycles ²⁾	-	-	380	380
Bicikelj	-	-	300	300
City bike	-	-	80	80
Number of stops	-	-	38	38
Bicikelj	-	-	31	31
City bike	-	-	7	7
Parking	-	-	624	624
Bicikelj	-	-	624	624
City bike	-	-	-	-
Number of rental bicycles	-	-	407,028	685,629
Bicikelj	-	-	401,830 ³⁾	679,031
City bike	-	-	5,198	6,598

¹⁾ Source: Bank of road data.

²⁾ Bicikelj programme is in use all year, Mestno kolo programme only from May to October.

³⁾ During the period from May to December.

11.10 Postal services

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of post offices	38	38	38	38	38
Postal services - in thousands	616,213	636,613	598,815	620,879	660,487
Reserved services	159,671	159,476	149,127	149,627	-
Universal services	12,951	13,207	12,677	11,291	150,161
Ordinary letters, postcards, stationery	8,060	8,193	7,864	7,018	145,948
Registered and insured letters	4,790	4,919	4,727	4,184	4,148
Ordinary packages	101	96	86	89	65
Other services - in thousands	443,591	463,931	437,011	459,961	510,189
Ordinary letters, postcards, stationery	3,030	2,774	2,440	2,557	8,354
Number of posted items to the post office	-	-	-	-	4,904
Registered and insured letters	3,843	5,012	6,492	6,676	7,276
Packages, business packages, pallets	2,440	2,621	2,363	2,360	2,571
Express	112	125	119	116	163
Addressed, partly addressed direct mail	29,225	34,526	29,935	29,440	34,579
Unaddressed direct mail	310,402	318,155	317,137	344,439	384,814
Addressed, partly addressed to Publications, M bags	36,688	36,259	31,666	28,867	27,078
Unaddressed publications attachments	56,331	63,019	45,446	43,767	38,867
Other services in the context of other postal services	1,520	1,438	1,413	1,739	1,583
Telegrams - in thousands	206	205	180	169	137
Telephone messages - in thousands	49	51	52	46	-
Number of telephone subscribers	201,743	202,354	-	-	-



12. Distributive Trade

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Sources of data

Data on wholesale and retail trade is obtained from the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia, while we summarised the data on the number of shops from the Slovenian Business Register which is run by APLRS.

Methodological explanations

On 1 January 2007, the euro officially became the new currency in Slovenia, so the trade data is published in euros.

The data in the survey which was conducted by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia using the TRG/L survey (annual trade survey) relates to the reporting unit - a company whose headquarters are in Ljubljana, even though this much revenue was not just generated in Ljubljana, but also in other municipalities in Slovenia if the company also has stores outside the City of Ljubljana.

Retail trade is the sale of goods directly to final consumers in small quantities (for personal and household consumption or use) or to others who use the purchased goods to carry out activities under certain conditions.

Wholesale is the sale of goods to retailers, merchants or large customers usually in large quantities for resale to consumers at home or abroad. Goods can be sold unchanged or after processing, packaging and repackaging (which is typical for wholesale).

Sales revenue is the income a company receives (from customers) for the sale of goods and services that were sold in a given period to buyers, and for which an invoice was issued. It includes all the costs and charges linked to the buyer but it does not include value added tax, profit on the sale of fixed assets or other non-recurring income. Credit sales are accounted for in the month of invoicing. We do not monitor the internal flows into the composite companies.

The value of goods transported is shown by current prices for both retail and wholesale.

Changes in survey methodology

In 2008, the TRG/L survey was substantially revised. The main purpose of the revised survey was to monitor sales by commodity groups and types of customers. The survey also includes commercial activities that were previously excluded in the Statistical Classification of Economic Activities 2002 (Repair of Personal and Household Goods, Maintenance and Repair of Motor Vehicles, and Retail Sale via Stalls and Markets). The trade groups in retail sale and wholesale are in consistency with the Classification of Products by Activity (CPA) and with the Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose (COICOP). We no longer collect data on the number of companies, the number of stores, the number of employees and the value of stock items (this is partly in order to reduce the burden on the reporting units and partly because the reliability of the data was relatively low).

Due to the changes that took place in survey methodology back in 2008, it is no longer possible for us to guarantee the comparability of the current data with that from before 2008.

» *Income without the value-added tax in the retail sector is growing slightly faster than in the wholesale sector.*

Data on the transportation of agricultural products produced by private manufacturers to food markets for certain crops differentiate from that of previous years when sales were limited by law. According to clarifications given by the Statistical Office, the monitoring methodology has not changed, but the impact of large trade centres (e.g., the Rudnik market and Mercator) being purchased is increasing while the number of private manufacturers bringing their products to the market the daily amount of products transported is diminishing.

The data on the number of retailers in each field are classified on the basis of the registered main activity of the retailer in the Business Register of Slovenia which is determined with the Standard Classification of Activities.

12.1 Retail trade by headquarters of parent organization

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Turnover by value-added tax in mio EUR	6,586	6,512 ¹⁾	5,925 ¹⁾	6,035 ¹⁾	6,588 ¹⁾
Turnover:					
Final consumers	5,654	6,512	5,925	6,035	6,588
Enterprises and other organisations	796	746	811	940	899
Value-added tax	932	-	-	-	-

¹⁾ Without value-added tax.

12.2 Wholesale by headquarters of parent organization

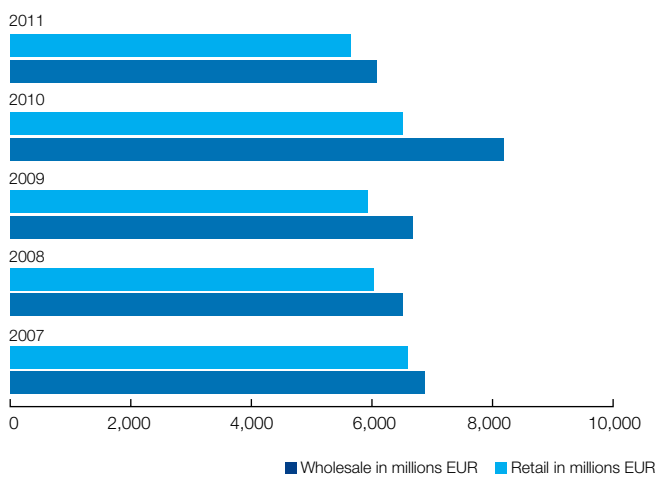
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Turnover by value-added tax in mio EUR	7,165	8,190 ¹⁾	6,675 ¹⁾	6,512 ¹⁾	6,878 ¹⁾
Turnover:					
In retail trade	2,614	3,207	2,510	2,584	2,515
By large consumers	2,097	2,515	1,716	1,811	1,852
Final consumers	2,313	2,691	218	214	255
In wholesale	2,223	2,199	2,231	1,903	2,256
Value-added tax	1,083	-	-	-	-
Sold abroad	1,604	-	-	-	-

¹⁾ Without value-added tax.

12.3 Number of shops

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of retail shops except for motor vehicles	3,506	3,546	3,538	3,474
Number of retail outlets by mail or over the internet	204	247	186	235
Number of wholesalers, except for motor vehicles	4,083	4,226	4,177	4,048
Number of specialist trades that sell only meat and meat products	-	-	11	14
Number of specialist trades that sell only fruit and vegetables	-	-	34	38
Number of the motor trade and repair of motor vehicles shops	-	-	802	724
Number of dealers of cars and light motor vehicles	-	-	282	202
Number of shops of medical and orthopedic appliances (excluding pharmacy)	-	-	17	62

Turnover in retail trade and wholesale trade by the headquarters of parent organization





13. Tourism

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Sources of data

The source of data is the findings from the monthly survey of arrivals and overnight stays (the TU/M Survey) conducted by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia. Data is reported by units that provide accommodation services to tourists. Using records of their reception staff accommodation facilities reported that they have in the offer each month, and on the number of arrivals and overnight stays.

Ever since 2008, the data has been published according to the revised methodology (time series break) and the data for 2008 was revised accordingly. The main differences in the new methodology are:

- A revised method of establishing a framework of observation units;
- A revised method of entering data for units that have not reported their data in time;
- A revised method of publishing data;
- The implementation of a coverage threshold for the monthly reporting data.

This data was received from the records of the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia.

Methodological explanations

Tourism is defined as the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for the purpose of leisure, relaxation, business or other reasons, for at least one day (and at least one overnight stay), but the duration of their stay must not surpass one year (365 days) without interruption.

Tourists are people who travel for the purpose of leisure, relaxation, business or other reasons, but not for the purpose of making money (tourists do not receive payments, bonuses...), and who spend at least one night at a hotel or other accommodation facility in the place outside their usual environment, but the duration of their stay must not surpass 365 days.

Since tourists check in at the accommodation facilities where they are staying, it is possible that a tourist might be registered several times during their stay in a certain place or country, so we reveal the data on the number of tourist arrivals.

In the data on place of residence, guests are divided into domestic and foreign tourists.

Domestic tourists are people with permanent residence in Slovenia who temporarily stay in another city in Slovenia for the purpose of leisure, relaxation, business or other reasons, and who spend at least one night at a hotel or other accommodation facility.

Foreign tourists are people who come from abroad and temporarily stay at a certain place in Slovenia for the purpose of leisure, relaxation, business or other reasons, and who spend at least one night at a hotel or other accommodation facility. The nationality of foreign tourists is determined on the basis of their passports.

» *The number of foreign tourist arrivals is increasing and the share of foreign overnight stays already exceeds 95% of all overnight stays. The number of accommodation facilities is also increasing.*

Tourist arrivals are determined by accommodation facilities on the basis of the number of tourists that arrive at the accommodation facility where they check in. All tourists accounted for, regardless of their age; this includes children - even if their overnight stay is free of charge.

An **overnight stay** is each night a tourist spends at an accommodation facility or is registered there (regardless of whether they actually sleep there or not, their physical presence is not necessary). The number of overnight stays is calculated on the basis of the tourist's nationality, passport and month in which the tourist spent the night or stayed at a certain tourist facility.

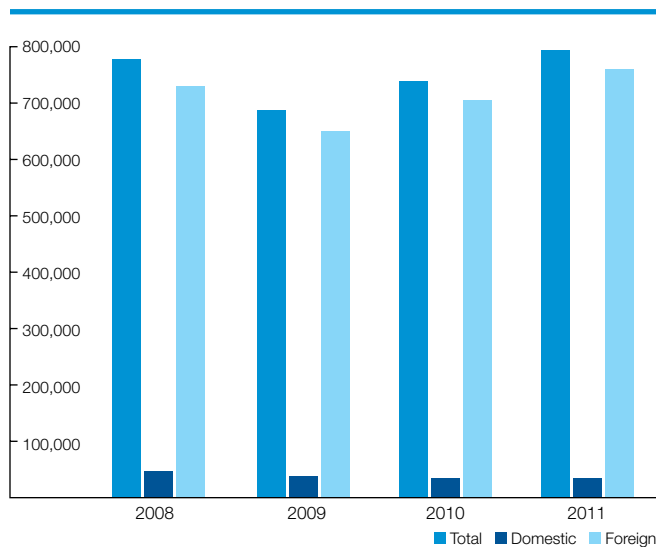
Accommodation capacity is expressed by the number of rooms and beds available to tourists in individual months. Both permanent and extra beds are taken into account.

Ever since 2008, accommodation facilities on an annual are shown as the total maximum number of beds available to tourists at an individual unit throughout the year.

13.1 Tourist arrivals and overnight stays - all capacities

Year	Tourist arrivals			Overnight stays		
	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Total	Domestic	Foreign
2008	391,431	25,738	365,693	777,247	46,579	730,668
2009	367,368	23,146	344,222	687,605	37,652	649,953
2010	393,010	20,651	372,359	739,453	34,746	704,707
2011	425,163	20,194	404,969	794,646	33,869	760,777

Number of overnight stays of domestic and foreign tourists



13.2 Tourist arrivals by country of origin

	2009	2010	2011
Total	367,368	393,010	425,163
Domestic	23,146	20,651	20,194
Foreign	344,222	372,359	404,969
Austria	16,400	18,085	19,020
Belgium	6,400	6,591	8,781
Bulgaria	5,696	5,321	6,520
Bosnia and Herzegovina	5,373	6,057	7,153
Cyprus	268	418	386
Czech Republic	5,740	5,064	5,432
Montenegro	1,157	2,139	2,389
Denmark	3,213	3,548	4,264
Estonia	594	870	1,171
Finland	8,806	7,487	8,011
France	18,986	18,812	21,434
Greece	3,970	3,987	3,812
Croatia	13,004	13,762	14,590
Ireland	3,069	2,764	3,093
Iceland	172	359	557
Italy	43,911	44,458	48,631
Latvia	720	794	627
Lithuania	638	657	975
Luxembourg	306	306	359
Hungary	6,534	7,747	7,913
Macedonia	3,271	5,470	4,523
Malta	721	643	781
Germany	26,075	28,305	31,572
Netherlands	9,838	10,215	10,771
Norway	2,192	2,300	2,369
Poland	5,153	5,582	6,470
Portugal	4,820	5,255	5,470
Romania	4,756	5,296	5,516
Russian Federation	4,236	4,865	6,745
Slovakia	2,629	3,099	3,584
Serbia	11,875	15,808	16,884
Spain	16,118	18,702	18,680
Sweden	4,428	4,506	4,793
Switzerland	5,813	6,583	6,725
Turkey	2,145	2,832	2,928
Ukraine	1,499	2,629	4,451
United Kingdom	22,486	22,637	23,428
Other European countries	2,696	2,210	2,800
South Africa	355	587	843
Other African countries	1,080	989	1,032
Australia	8,261	9,622	10,093
New Zealand	1,418	1,611	1,573
Other countries of Oceania	804	521	427
Israel	4,324	6,312	4,771
Japan	19,669	14,752	12,738
China	2,765	4,429	5,950
Korea (Republic of)	953	1,414	2,303
Other Asian countries	5,455	9,097	12,309
Brazil	1,687	2,166	2,889
Other countries of South and Middle A.	2,367	2,760	3,497
Canada	3,496	4,057	4,602
United States	14,876	17,241	18,323
Other countries of North A.	1,004	638	11

13.3 Tourist arrivals by country of origin in %

	2009	2010	2011
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Domestic	6.3	5.3	4.7
Foreign	93.7	94.7	95.3
Austria	4.8	4.9	4.7
Belgium	1.9	1.8	2.2
Bulgaria	1.7	1.4	1.6
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1.6	1.6	1.8
Cyprus	0.1	0.1	0.1
Czech Republic	1.7	1.4	1.3
Montenegro	0.3	0.6	0.6
Denmark	0.9	1.0	1.1
Estonia	0.2	0.2	0.3
Finland	2.6	2.0	2.0
France	5.5	5.1	5.3
Greece	1.2	1.1	0.9
Croatia	3.8	3.7	3.6
Ireland	0.9	0.7	0.8
Iceland	0.0	0.1	0.1
Italy	12.8	11.9	12.0
Latvia	0.2	0.2	0.2
Lithuania	0.2	0.2	0.2
Luxemburg	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hungary	1.9	2.1	2.0
Macedonia	1.0	1.5	1.1
Malta	0.2	0.2	0.2
Germany	7.6	7.6	7.8
Netherlands	2.9	2.7	2.7
Norway	0.6	0.6	0.6
Poland	1.5	1.5	1.6
Portugal	1.4	1.4	1.4
Romania	1.4	1.4	1.4
Russian Federation	1.2	1.3	1.7
Slovakia	0.8	0.8	0.9
Serbia	3.4	4.2	4.2
Spain	4.7	5.0	4.6
Sweden	1.3	1.2	1.2
Switzerland	1.7	1.8	1.7
Turkey	0.6	0.8	0.7
Ukraine	0.4	0.7	1.1
United Kingdom	6.5	6.1	5.8
Other European countries	0.8	0.6	0.7
South Africa	0.1	0.2	0.2
Other African countries	0.3	0.3	0.3
Australia	2.4	2.6	2.5
New Zealand	0.4	0.4	0.4
Other countries of Oceania	0.2	0.1	0.1
Israel	1.3	1.7	1.2
Japan	5.7	4.0	3.1
China	0.8	1.2	1.5
Korea (Republic of)	0.3	0.4	0.6
Other Asian countries	1.6	2.4	3.0
Brazil	0.5	0.6	0.7
Other countries of South and Middle A.	0.7	0.7	0.9
Canada	1.0	1.1	1.1
United States	4.3	4.6	4.5
Other countries of North A.	0.3	0.2	0.0

13.4 Overnight stays by country of origin

	2009	2010	2011
Total	687,605	739,453	794,646
Domestic	37,652	34,746	33,869
Foreign	649,953	704,707	760,777
Austria	26,768	28,536	32,124
Belgium	12,341	12,845	16,775
Bulgaria	9,481	8,301	10,154
Bosnia and Herzegovina	9,554	11,080	12,438
Cyprus	890	1,111	897
Czech Republic	10,747	10,521	11,077
Montenegro	2,408	4,373	5,110
Denmark	6,970	7,191	8,520
Estonia	1,324	1,711	2,394
Finland	22,653	18,820	20,578
France	34,319	34,920	39,927
Greece	7,985	8,078	7,741
Croatia	25,766	24,419	26,167
Ireland	6,276	6,013	6,200
Iceland	465	1,023	1,386
Italy	71,125	72,411	79,023
Latvia	1,833	1,778	1,516
Lithuania	1,598	1,470	2,504
Luxemburg	751	602	623
Hungary	11,513	14,007	14,074
Macedonia	7,407	10,360	9,377
Malta	3,322	3,116	3,426
Germany	50,344	54,884	57,447
Netherlands	19,268	19,657	20,968
Norway	4,420	4,723	4,985
Poland	10,776	13,362	14,394
Portugal	9,253	9,498	9,209
Romania	11,653	10,421	10,798
Russian Federation	10,239	11,566	16,242
Slovakia	5,295	6,427	7,069
Serbia	21,909	28,776	29,640
Spain	28,473	33,888	34,458
Sweden	8,951	8,987	9,256
Switzerland	10,408	11,900	11,488
Turkey	4,929	6,181	6,489
Ukraine	2,937	4,266	6,890
United Kingdom	48,023	47,213	49,088
Other European countries	6,169	5,315	5,682
South Africa	775	1,640	2,075
Other African countries	2,588	2,796	2,419
Australia	14,643	17,973	17,791
New Zealand	2,452	3,012	3,017
Other countries of Oceania	1,680	1,661	972
Israel	7,618	14,848	10,943
Japan	25,865	20,158	19,848
China	5,165	7,052	10,169
Korea (Republic of)	1,728	2,461	3,352
Other Asian countries	10,982	17,494	22,124
Brazil	3,112	4,083	5,515
Other countries of South and Middle A.	5,234	4,984	6,507
Canada	7,115	8,338	9,487
United States	30,667	37,274	40,402
Other countries of North A.	1,786	1,183	22

13.5 Average length of stay of tourists by country of origin (number of days)

	2009	2010	2011
Total	1.9	1.9	1.9
Domestic	1.6	1.7	1.7
Foreign	1.9	1.9	1.9
Austria	1.6	1.6	1.7
Belgium	1.9	1.9	1.9
Bulgaria	1.7	1.6	1.6
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1.8	1.8	1.7
Cyprus	3.3	2.7	2.3
Czech Republic	1.9	2.1	2.0
Montenegro	2.1	2.0	2.1
Denmark	2.2	2.0	2.0
Estonia	2.2	2.0	2.0
Finland	2.6	2.5	2.6
France	1.8	1.9	1.9
Greece	2.0	2.0	2.0
Croatia	2.0	1.8	1.8
Ireland	2.0	2.2	2.0
Iceland	2.7	2.8	2.5
Italy	1.6	1.6	1.6
Latvia	2.5	2.2	2.4
Lithuania	2.5	2.2	2.6
Luxembourg	2.5	2.0	1.7
Hungary	1.8	1.8	1.8
Macedonia	2.3	1.9	2.1
Malta	4.6	4.8	4.4
Germany	1.9	1.9	1.8
Netherlands	2.0	1.9	1.9
Norway	2.0	2.1	2.1
Poland	2.1	2.4	2.2
Portugal	1.9	1.8	1.7
Romania	2.5	2.0	2.0
Russian Federation	2.4	2.4	2.4
Slovakia	2.0	2.1	2.0
Serbia	1.8	1.8	1.8
Spain	1.8	1.8	1.8
Sweden	2.0	2.0	1.9
Switzerland	1.8	1.8	1.7
Turkey	2.3	2.2	2.2
Ukraine	2.0	1.6	1.5
United Kingdom	2.1	2.1	2.1
Other European countries	2.3	2.4	2.0
South Africa	2.2	2.8	2.5
Other African countries	2.4	2.8	2.3
Australia	1.8	1.9	1.8
New Zealand	1.7	1.9	1.9
Other countries of Oceania	2.1	3.2	2.3
Israel	1.8	2.4	2.3
Japan	1.3	1.4	1.6
China	1.9	1.6	1.7
Korea (Republic of)	1.8	1.7	1.5
Other Asian countries	2.0	1.9	1.8
Brazil	1.8	1.9	1.9
Other countries of South and Middle A.	2.2	1.8	1.9
Canada	2.0	2.1	2.1
United States	2.1	2.2	2.2
Other countries of North A.	1.8	1.9	2.0

13.6 Tourist arrivals by type of tourist accommodations

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Vrste nastanitvenih objektov				
Total				
Total	391,431	367,368	393,010	425,163
Hotels	314,797	283,703	300,655	321,304
Boarding houses	2,900	2,338	4,762	6,248
Inns	8,835	6,926	5,759	7,495
Overnight accommodation	21,720	34,324	8,967	10,697
Holiday dwellings	z	z	-	-
Camping sites	z	z	16,062	16,482
Tourist farms with accom.	z	z	z	z
Hostels	-	-	26,922	30,346
Private rooms, suites and houses	5,814	8,724	13,153	15,270
Mountain huts	z	z	z	z
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	z	z	z	-
Other accommodation facilities	z	z	-	-
Temporary accommodation facilities	19,529	14,460	15,717	16,328
Domestic				
Total	25,738	23,146	20,651	20,194
Hotels	17,494	16,604	14,423	13,948
Boarding houses	661	386	751	637
Inns	1,068	821	570	525
Overnight accommodation	2,000	2,441	1,005	1,102
Holiday dwellings	z	z	-	-
Camping sites	z	z	203	107
Tourist farms with accom.	z	z	z	z
Hostels	-	-	1,179	1,566
Private rooms, suites and houses	1,315	1,197	1,206	1,280
Mountain huts	z	z	z	z
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	z	z	z	-
Other accommodation facilities	z	z	-	-
Temporary accommodation facilities	2,487	1,043	859	598
Foreign				
Total	365,693	344,222	372,359	404,969
Hotels	297,303	267,099	286,232	307,356
Boarding houses	2,239	1,952	4,011	5,611
Inns	7,767	6,105	5,189	6,970
Overnight accommodation	19,720	31,883	7,962	9,595
Holiday dwellings	z	z	-	-
Camping sites	z	z	15,859	16,375
Tourist farms with accom.	z	z	z	z
Hostels	-	-	25,743	28,780
Private rooms, suites and houses	4,499	7,527	11,947	13,990
Mountain huts	z	z	z	z
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	-	-	-	-
Other accommodation facilities	z	z	-	-
Temporary accommodation facilities	17,042	13,417	14,858	15,730

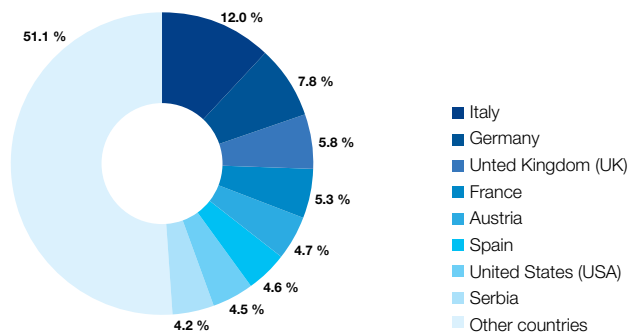
13.7 Overnight stays by type of tourist accommodations

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Vrste nastanitvenih objektov				
	Total			
Total	777,247	687,605	739,453	794,646
Hotels	597,258	507,412	548,560	585,501
Boarding houses	8,792	6,694	8,582	9,174
Inns	17,180	12,866	12,368	13,874
Overnight accommodation	37,882	59,340	15,783	18,246
Holiday dwellings	z	z	-	-
Camping sites	z	z	27,164	28,303
Tourist farms with accom.	z	z	z	z
Hostels	-	-	43,808	52,097
Private rooms, suites and houses	24,823	27,256	43,696	48,646
Mountain huts	z	z	z	z
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	z	z	z	-
Other accommodation facilities	z	z	-	-
Temporary accommodation facilities	52,337	36,721	37,691	37,317
	Domestic			
Total	46,579	37,652	34,746	33,869
Hotels	28,667	24,004	22,212	21,803
Boarding houses	1,677	843	1,243	749
Inns	2,349	1,530	961	1,090
Overnight accommodation	3,012	4,057	1,589	1,653
Holiday dwellings	z	z	-	-
Camping sites	z	z	368	184
Tourist farms with accom.	z	z	z	z
Hostels	-	-	1,799	2,579
Private rooms, suites and houses	3,459	3,339	3,627	3,490
Mountain huts	z	z	z	z
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	z	z	z	-
Other accommodation facilities	z	z	-	-
Temporary accommodation facilities	5,746	2,200	2,041	1,739
	Foreign			
Total	730,668	649,953	704,707	760,777
Hotels	568,591	483,408	526,348	563,698
Boarding houses	7,115	5,851	7,339	8,425
Inns	14,831	11,336	11,407	12,784
Overnight accommodation	34,870	55,283	14,194	16,593
Holiday dwellings	z	z	-	-
Camping sites	z	z	26,796	28,119
Tourist farms with accom.	z	z	z	z
Hostels	-	-	42,009	49,518
Private rooms, suites and houses	21,364	23,917	40,069	45,156
Mountain huts	z	z	z	z
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	-	-	-	-
Other accommodation facilities	z	z	-	-
Temporary accommodation facilities	46,591	34,521	35,650	35,578

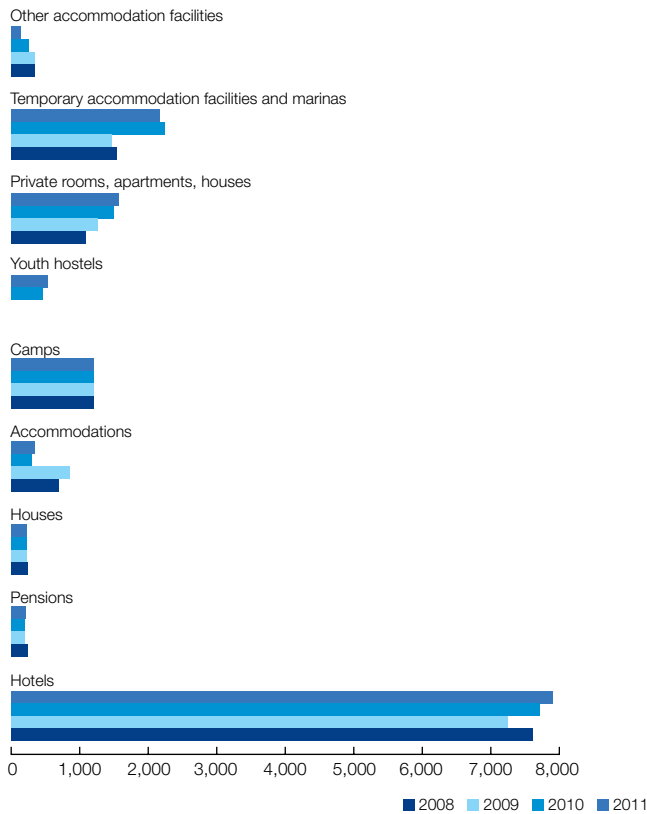
13.8 Overnight capacities

	2008	2009	2010	2011
	Total			
Hotels	18	18	20	21
Boarding houses	5	4	4	4
Inns	5	4	4	4
Overnight accommodation	11	14	7	8
Holiday dwellings	3	1	-	-
Camping sites	1	1	1	1
Tourist farms with accom.	2	2	2	2
Hostels	-	-	4	5
Private rooms, suites and houses
Mountain huts	2	2	2	1
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	-
Other accommodation facilities	2	2	1	1
Temporary accommodation facilities	7	7	9	7
	Number of rooms			
Total	3,356	3,342	3,745	3,667
Hotels	1,985	1,942	1,991	2,020
Boarding houses	55	44	44	48
Inns	63	58	58	57
Overnight accommodation	108	137	55	73
Holiday dwellings	17	17	-	-
Camping sites	300	300	300	364
Tourist farms with accom.	6	6	15	15
Hostels	-	-	59	63
Private rooms, suites and houses	165	190	233	230
Mountain huts	9	9	9	5
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	6	6	6	-
Other accommodation facilities	7	7	4	4
Temporary accommodation facilities	635	626	971	788
	Number of all beds			
Total	7,290	7,197	8,186	8,182
Hotels	3,802	3,623	3,859	3,952
Boarding houses	123	98	98	108
Inns	122	112	113	112
Overnight accommodation	344	424	146	175
Holiday dwellings	52	51	-	-
Camping sites	600	600	600	600
Tourist farms with accom.	12	12	28	28
Hostels	-	-	232	267
Private rooms, suites and houses	543	631	746	781
Mountain huts	63	63	63	30
Company vacation facilities and vacation facilities for youth	31	31	31	-
Other accommodation facilities	16	16	8	8
Temporary accommodation facilities	1,582	1,536	2,262	2,121

Structure of foreign tourist arrivals by country in %, 2011



Overnight





14. Public Expenditure

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Sources of data

Data on gross payments and the allocation of public spending is obtained from records gathered and processed by AJPES through the statistical report form.

The B2 Report is a report on the payment and allocation of revenues DPS, trusts and other communities. In this report, the payment transaction data is broken down (for credit or debit) by taxes and contributions paid to the payment accounts at AJPES, according to the territorial principle.

Methodological explanations

Data is collected and processed by the Administration of the Republic of Slovenia for Public Payments (PPA), which then publishes the report on the B2 Report form.

Until the end of 2002, the gross payments of revenue for public spending in our city the report not also showed data on the regular budget income but also data on health insurance contributions, pension and disability insurance contributions and social security contributions.

Until 31 December 2002, the data shown was based on the Order on accounts and payment methods, and allocation of public revenues (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 81/94 with subsequent amendments).

The new Rules on Sub-accounts and Method of Payment of Compulsory Levies and other Public Revenues (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 114/02, 42/03 and 76/03) and the new Rules on the Tasks of the Administration of the Republic of Slovenia for Public Payments in the Sphere of Payment and Allocation of Compulsory Levies and other Public Revenues (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 110/02 and 42/03) came into force on 1 January 2003.

Until 30 June 2002, the B2 reports showed all the compulsory levies paid to the bank accounts intended for compulsory levies, which were opened in our municipality (under code 061) in consistence with the provisions of the Order. These bank accounts were intended for the payment, collection, reimbursement and attestation of transactions that made up part of the revenue of the Municipality of Ljubljana and part of the state budget revenue.

The amendments to the Order published in the Official Gazette of the RS, no. 49/02 as of 5 June 2002 and the establishment of a single treasury system resulted brought changes to the system of sub-accounts and to the method of paying compulsory levies to each individual municipality.

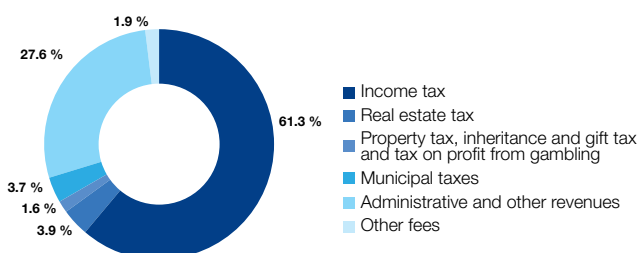
So, from 1 July 2002 onwards, the B2 Report for the City of Ljubljana shows the compulsory levies that were paid, allocated and returned to or from the sub-accounts opened within the framework of the Treasury Single Account (TSA 01261). The only sub-accounts opened within the framework of the Treasury Single Account were those intended for compulsory levies of which the City of Ljubljana is the recipient.

» Gross payments of revenue for public spending are higher every year mainly due to inflow from income tax, in recent years also due to an increased inflow of certain fees and penalties.

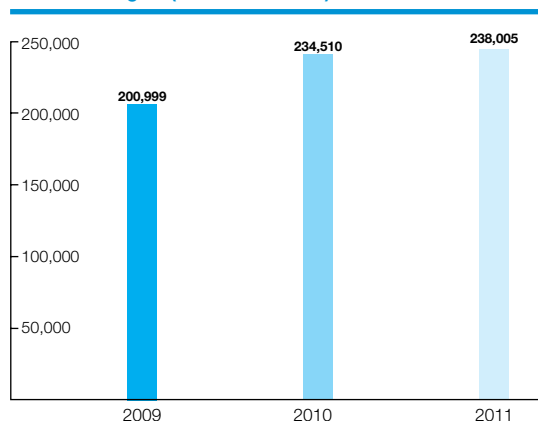
14.1 Gross deposits of revenues for public expenditure in 000 EUR

	2009	2010	2011	Index 11/10
I. Revenues of budgets	200,999	234,510	238,005	101
1. Income tax	121,133	142,826	145,943	102
2. Real estate tax	8,051	10,041	9,375	93
3. Property tax, inheritance and gift tax and tax on profit from gambling	5,296	5,869	3,888	66
4. Administrative fees	197	239	309	129
5. Municipal taxes	9,427	9,499	8,905	94
6. Other fees	7	10	6	63
7. Fines	3,289	2,856	3,945	138
8. Administrative and other revenues	53,599	63,170	65,635	104

Structure of deposits of revenues for government consumption in 2011



Revenue budgets (in thousand EUR)





15. Investments⁶¹

Sources of data

The data is taken from the Annual report on investments in fixed assets (INV-01) research with which the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia collects data on real gross investment in fixed assets and their cash disbursements for direct investors, i.e. companies, businesses and organizations. When it comes to investments of natural persons, their estimates are taken into account, based primarily on statistical surveys of the following areas: construction, agriculture, trade and transport. Independent entrepreneurs, farmers, independent researchers and lawyers are also taken into account. Construction work also includes residential buildings constructed by town citizens.

Data is presented according to two principles: the principle of core activities, (i.e. according to the activity and location of units intended for investment) and the organizational principle, (i.e. according to the main activities and the headquarters of the investor). All data on investments are presented at current prices.

Data before December 2006, that is prior to the entry of Slovenia into EMU, has been converted from Slovenian tolar (SIT – the previous Slovenian currency) using the irrevocable conversion rate (1 EUR = 239,64 SIT).

Units of observation

Units of statistical observation are reporting units with more than 20 employees. Given the responsiveness of the units, which was 93% in 2009, the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia replaced the missing data by conducting a census of the entire population, using the database of the Tax Administration of the Republic of Slovenia regarding VAT and the number of employees.

Methodological explanations

Created investments or the value of investments are:

- Purchases (physically realized) of own fixed assets in the current year (finished and unfinished works, production and acquisition of buildings, equipment and other), regardless of whether they were paid during the reporting year or not;
- Own construction and acquisition of fixed assets;
- The purchase price of fixed assets in financial leasing (leasing).

Investments in new capacity are investments for the creation of new independent businesses, organizations and plants, and building of transportation routes that previously did not exist or have had a different purpose than the newly built ones.

Investments for expansion, reconstruction and modernization are investments in existing capacities due to the increased scope of production or services or due to changes in technology and production techniques; they also include the refurbishment of existing buildings, equipment and machines and the construction or acquisition of new fixed assets in the context of the existing organizational independent working units.

» *The amount of funds for investment in environmental protection is increasing year by year.*

Investments for the upkeep of existing facilities are investments due to the substitution, intensification and rationalization of production without expanding the available capacity or substantially altering the existing technology or production technique.

Payments for investments are financial investments in fixed assets in the current year, regardless of when the buildings were built or when the equipment was supplied.

Investments and current expenditure for environmental protection
Data on investments and current expenditure for environmental protection were obtained from the regular annual survey on environmental protection expenditure (OKI and OKI - S), carried out by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia.

The tables present data for reporting units who are legal persons and have at least 10 employees. They are indicated in accordance with the organizational principle, i.e. according to the main activities and the headquarters of the investor.

Investments in environmental protection are investments in land, buildings and other construction, machinery, appliances and equipment intended for:

- the collection, transport, treatment, disposal and storage of waste;
- avoiding waste, reducing the amount of or preventing sewage and surface water protection;
- the reduction or prevention of noise or avoiding noise;
- the eliminate or reduction of the quantity of materials from waste gases that pollute the air, or to avoid these substances;
- the protection of soil and groundwater;
- the protection of nature and landscape.

The data on **investments in environmental protection** are collected data on investments for environmental protection during the production process and data at the end of the production process.

The **current expenditure for environmental protection** includes the collected data on the current expenditure for environmental protection, created in the reporting unit (current expenditure earmarked for the operation and maintenance of facilities that reduce the environmental strain - use of materials, electricity, running costs for employees who are involved in activities relating to environmental protection, and current expenditure for the operating, informing and educating related to the protection of the environment), the current expenditure for environmental protection that have been paid to other services (waste collection, sewage treatment, expenses for the decontamination of soil and groundwater), and the payment of monitoring and other ongoing expenses paid to others.

15.1 Gross investments in fixed assets in enterprises, companies and organisations by Standard Classification of Activities (new fixed assets)¹⁾

	In 000 €		
	2008	2009	2010
Total	1,954,061	1,846,224	1,468,410
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-	-	z
Mining and quarrying	-	-	z
Manufacturing ²⁾	162,848	106,540	104,028
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	98,877	111,099	122,519
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	24,372	40,963	33,308
Construction	109,697	89,339	79,703
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	188,287	132,106	104,469
Transportation and storage	117,726	142,376	92,831
Accommodation and food service activities	8,775	14,041	14,684
Information and communication	328,013	208,931	148,902
Financial and insurance activities	210,715	174,082	174,073
Real estate activities	61,907	10,024	22,992
Professional, scientific and technical activities	49,352	24,827	26,898
Administrative and support service activities	6,781	8,367	3,125
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	422,984	509,934	435,941
Education	45,175	64,755	35,385
Human health and social work activities	85,965	175,515	47,143
Arts, entertainment and recreation	27,236	26,907	14,696
Other service activities	5,351	6,418	6,647

¹⁾ Data include the reporting units with more than 20 employees (95% of all units). Missing data were replaced in a way that we have implemented the conversion according to the total population, wherein we have used tax administration's database of VAT or number of employees.

²⁾ Areas of agriculture, hunting, forestry, fishing and mining area are also included in the manufacturing sector.

15.2 Gross investment in fixed assets by mode of building (new fixed assets)

Year	In 000 €			
	Total	Investment in new capacities	Investment in enlargement, reconstruction, renovation	Investment for maintenance of existing capacities
1999	809,874	403,014	304,371	102,489
2000	1,049,483	494,625	450,357	104,501
2001	950,621	420,209	433,643	96,770
2002	1,124,180	680,601	328,572	115,008
2003	1,256,533	678,938	460,899	116,696
2004	1,346,057	786,183	455,304	104,570
2005	1,300,493	703,406	472,864	124,223
2006	1,602,602	801,654	595,361	205,587
2007	1,981,332	898,197	958,881	124,254
2008	1,954,061	853,589	946,851	153,621
2009	1,846,224	891,972	819,774	134,478
2010	1,468,410	706,331	616,608	145,470

15.3 Gross investment in fixed assets by technical structure (new fixed assets)

	In 000 €				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total	1,602,602	1,981,332	1,954,061	1,846,224	1,468,410
Construction works and land improvement	698,049	920,057	914,824	864,660	695,180
Machinery, equipment and transport and other cultivated assets	799,536	959,593	893,094	836,871	630,672
Intangible fixed assets	105,016	101,681	146,143	144,693	142,558

15.4 Paid for investments in fixed assets by sources of funding of investor (organizational principle) ¹⁾

	In 000 €				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total	1,795,032	2,206,768	2,214,562	2,050,300	1,690,012
From own and joint assets	894,952	1,046,908	1,229,186	908,513	899,765
From financial credits and leasing	355,513	429,420	412,226	385,111	222,242
From assets of intensioned funds and acquisition of fixed assets without compensation	544,567	730,440	573,150	756,676	568,005

¹⁾ Data include the reporting units with more than 20 employees (95% of all units). Missing data were replaced in a way that we have implemented the conversion according to the total population, wherein we have used tax administration's database of VAT or number of employees.

15.5 Paid for investments in fixed assets by Standard Classification of Activities of investor (org. principle)

	In 000 €		
	2008	2009	2010
Total	2,214,562	2,050,300	1,690,012
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-	-	Z
Mining and quarrying	-	-	Z
Manufacturing ¹⁾	222,983	150,720	125,962
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	126,440	130,432	135,368
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	24,580	37,984	49,296
Construction	41,946	28,927	39,564
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	321,596	191,134	182,422
Transportation and storage	163,516	157,115	107,113
Accommodation and food service activities	10,139	15,160	17,820
Information and communication	285,256	209,018	156,112
Financial and insurance activities	276,274	235,623	212,490
Real estate activities	7,109	9,328	7,957
Professional, scientific and technical activities	63,662	28,205	28,118
Administrative and support service activities	6,684	8,286	4,496
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	493,434	564,018	499,405
Education	47,336	66,882	41,772
Human health and social work activities	87,130	175,572	58,461
Arts, entertainment and recreation	30,652	34,480	15,580
Other service activities	5,825	7,416	6,971

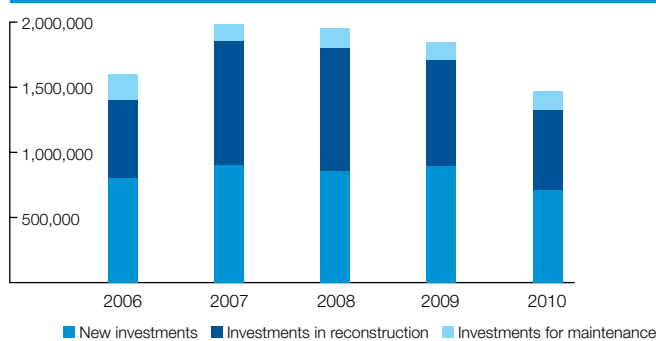
¹⁾ Areas of agriculture, hunting, forestry, fishing and mining area are also included in the manufacturing sector.

15.6 Gross investments in environmental protection - by purpose¹⁾

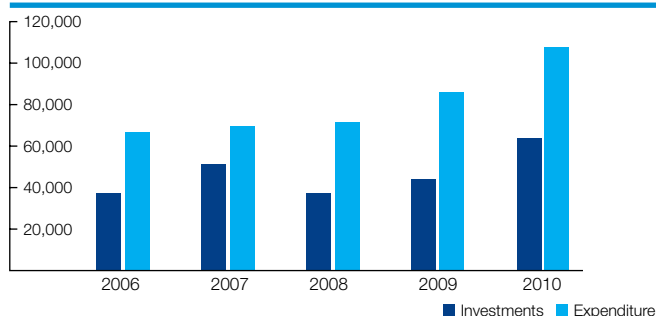
	In 000 €				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Investments					
Total	37,137	51,235	79,574	44,138	63,656
Protection of air and climate	13,267	13,450	21,475	6,204	13,627
Wastewater management	6,264	12,024	5,571	11,712	19,304
Waste management	10,776	16,532	20,429	13,762	25,090
Protection and remediation of soil, ground water and surface water	1,237	3,037	9,512	8,822	1,514
Noise and vibration abatement	146	2,454	18,717	3,041	2,849
Protection of biodiversity and landscape	3,154	168	995	183	212
Other	2,294	3,570	2,875	414	1,059
Expenses					
Total	66,902	69,394	71,306	85,856	107,186
Protection of air and climate	2,004	3,292	5,647	5,985	6,385
Wastewater management	16,173	18,760	20,233	20,589	26,608
Waste management	42,604	42,503	35,927	54,189	67,477
Protection and remediation of soil, ground water and surface water	2,355	1,477	2,718	1,706	1,880
Noise and vibration abatement	139	137	387	322	378
Protection of biodiversity and landscape	327	732	1,062	1,228	2,437
Research and development	664	603	4,010	219	375
Other	2,637	1,890	1,321	1,619	1,646

¹⁾ The data are the result of statistical researches of OKI and OKI - S.

Gross investments in capital assets according to the character of construction in 000 EUR



Investments in environmental protection in 000 EUR





16. Prices

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Sources of data

Average prices in retail sale are taken from the publications of the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia in the "Monthly Statistical Review" and from processed data by cities.

Data on retail prices of representative goods and services are collected monthly by price watchers over a fixed period. This is done directly in about 1,200 selected outlets (such as shops, markets, craft shops, services and other organizations) in Koper, Ljubljana, Maribor and Novo mesto.

Some prices are also collected in other places in Slovenia, mainly by telephone and via the internet. Around 16,000 prices are covered every month.

Producer prices of some of the manufactured goods are collected monthly by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia with questionnaires in selected industrial and other companies.

Methodological explanations

A **retail price** is the final selling price consumers pay in order to purchase a products or services. It also includes the mandatory tax and other charges.

Average annual prices of manufactured items and services are calculated with the arithmetic mean of monthly prices, which is weighted concerning all kinds of prices with an annual turnover of item sales and services. The average annual prices of agricultural products are weighted according to months; the quantities sold in separate months are considered as weights.

From January 2010 onwards, the given prices for certain categories of products (tobacco products, electricity, petrol prices, postal services, travel services, municipal services, etc..) are average prices for Slovenia and not only for Ljubljana.

» Although the prices in the retail in MOL are higher than in other parts of Slovenia, they are increasing with the same growth as the average prices in the country.

16.1 Average retail prices

		In EUR				
	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Cereals						
Rice	kg	1.89	2.28	2.17	2.00	1.99
Cereals products						
White bread	kg	2.14	2.10	2.00	1.89	1.93
Brown bread	kg	2.15	1.97	2.00	1.93	2.04
Pasta, white flour, with eggs	kg	1.79	2.39	2.41	2.20	2.14
Roll	kos	0.40	0.42	0.42	0.40	0.42
Chocolate-filled waffles	kg	4.74	4.94	5.22	5.11	4.75
Vanilla biscuits	kg	6.80	7.34	8.16	7.75	8.05
Vegetables						
Potato	kg	0.76	0.66	0.62	0.71	0.71
Bean, grain	kg	2.22	2.82	2.66	2.74	2.79
Onion	kg	0.94	0.82	0.76	1.05	1.05
Garlic	kg	4.42	4.15	4.26	5.66	6.81
Carrot	kg	1.01	1.12	1.14	1.15	1.19
Fresh tomato	kg	2.06	1.97	1.85	2.09	1.83
Garden lettuce (endive)	kg	2.03	2.02	2.23	2.16	2.05
Fruit						
Apples	kg	1.01	1.44	1.19	1.13	1.32
Pears	kg	1.87	2.21	2.08	2.14	2.03
Strawberries	kg	7.54	7.53	8.00	7.95	9.07
Grapes	kg	2.98	3.21	2.90	3.26	3.57
Lemons	kg	1.41	2.21	1.63	1.95	1.55
Oranges	kg	1.42	1.43	1.36	1.53	1.47
Bananas	kg	1.17	1.18	1.26	1.19	1.22
Nut kernels	kg	8.78	11.16	10.32	11.20	14.46
Fresh meat						
Unboned beef	kg	7.41	7.46	8.01	7.78	8.11
Unboned veal	kg	14.62	15.07	14.96	14.31	14.29
Unboned pork	kg	5.34	5.17	5.32	5.69	5.85
Chicken	kg	3.18	3.39	3.26	3.38	3.84
Products from meat						
Frankfurt sausage	kg	6.41	6.60	6.65	6.43	6.60
Mortadella	kg	6.93	7.47	8.01	7.67	7.80
Dried salami	kg	13.06	13.57	11.85	11.39	11.88
Eggs	kos	0.15	0.17	0.15	0.16	0.17
Milk and dairy products						
Fresh milk	l	0.60	0.78	0.81	0.79	0.88
Long-life milk	l	0.77	0.99	0.98	0.94	0.96
Yoghurt	l	2.13	2.61	2.60	2.36	2.44
Emmental cheese	kg	9.13	11.03	10.45	9.40	9.29
Oils and fats						
Butter	kg	6.17	7.88	7.98	7.16	7.60
Edible oil	l	1.58	2.42	2.40	2.32	2.54
Margarine	kg	2.41	2.68	3.07	2.83	3.21
Alcoholic beverages						
Quality white wine	l	2.03	2.15	2.26	2.56	2.69
Natural brandy	l	10.44	11.20	11.93	12.27	11.48
Pale ale	l	1.42	1.47	1.66	1.74	1.79
Other food industry						
Sugar	kg	0.82	0.81	0.81	0.79	1.00

		In EUR				
	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Honey	kg	6.47	6.09	7.29	8.30	9.60
Roasted coffee	kg	7.37	7.53	7.52	7.49	7.67
Tea	package	0.96	0.96	0.97	0.95	1.02
Milk chocolate	kg	8.33	8.72	8.39	8.73	8.50
Table salt	kg	0.43	0.45	0.45	0.43	0.44
Vinegar	l	1.19	1.27	1.30	1.26	1.30
Woollen textile						
Wool cloth for men's suit and women's costume	m	18.02	21.88	22.90	23.60	28.80
Cloth for men's suit, mainly of wool	piece	252.75	283.53	267.91	241.77	222.48
Women's costume with long sleeve, mainly of wool	piece	239.52	242.14	229.57	-	-
Ready - made products						
Men's trousers, mainly of wool	piece	76.71	84.37	82.16	64.08	65.96
Men's shirt - 100% cotton	piece	45.31	44.38	45.34	38.96	37.59
Women's skirt	piece	64.12	69.47	72.52	54.54	51.97
Women's blouse, long sleeve	piece	60.58	63.10	63.53	43.99	42.10
Children's sweat suit	piece	30.48	27.57	28.36	29.26	29.40
Children's trousers	piece	32.04	34.01	31.98	28.22	27.33
Men's vest - white	piece	11.74	11.36	12.19	10.57	10.83
Other textile products						
Bed sheet	piece	13.36	15.55	16.74	14.62	16.49
Quilt	piece	62.28	72.01	79.42	58.34	60.54
Terry towel	piece	7.65	8.23	8.44	8.38	7.89
Carpet	m ²	22.77	25.38	27.41	25.93	26.27
Footwear						
Men's shoes	pair	71.58	80.89	81.67	76.77	74.10
Women's shoes	pair	66.87	71.84	73.28	66.99	63.86
Children's shoes	pair	40.35	41.46	43.69	45.84	37.04
Sneakers	pair	71.99	75.63	80.97	85.76	77.96
Furniture and furnishing						
Bedroom	set	1,284.61	1,390.64	1,445.36	1,590.48	1,675.80
Wooden kitchen chair	piece	85.34	94.71	93.96	96.90	100.36
Wooden kitchen table	piece	282.47	306.46	293.03	330.63	346.62
Sofa	piece	494.83	627.27	673.44	406.54	405.48
Household appliance						
Combined refrigerator	piece	460.17	488.97	552.26	581.69	590.98
Vacuum cleaner	piece	117.26	125.47	173.52	159.40	158.91
Washing machine	piece	484.25	475.96	495.43	512.74	505.48
Steam iron	piece	81.66	84.01	88.40	87.95	86.75
Other household appliance						
Enameled pot 2,5 l	piece	40.42	50.30	52.24	50.31	49.94
Frying pan, teflon	piece	15.87	16.36	16.87	16.80	17.27
Tableware	set	50.45	60.78	60.91	57.35	59.57
Porcelain plate	piece	2.17	2.15	2.33	2.50	3.02
Tumbler	piece	0.99	1.11	1.27	1.29	1.30

16.1 Average retail prices (continuation)

In EUR						
	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Agricultural tools						
Lawn mower	piece	356.40	381.87	384.59	387.49	412.07
Fuel and energy						
Fuel oil	l	0.62	0.80	0.56	0.73	0.91
Liquid butane gas	kg	0.47	0.67	0.62	0.68	0.77
Electricity, day time tariff	kwh	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.14
Petrol, unleaded, 95-oct.	l	1.03	1.07	1.05	1.20	1.29
Petrol, unleaded, 98-oct..	l	1.05	1.09	1.07	1.23	1.30
Gas oil D-2	l	0.97	1.13	1.01	1.15	1.24
School supplies						
Notebook	piece	0.58	0.68	0.74	0.77	0.84
Pencil	piece	0.52	0.55	0.56	0.54	0.59
Hygiene and cleaning supplies						
Toilet soap	kg	5.50	5.55	5.74	5.35	5.43
Toothpaste	tube	24.73	25.35	26.63	27.08	27.58
Shampoo	l	9.92	9.83	10.18	9.34	9.00
Laundry powder	kg	3.12	3.22	3.43	3.34	3.30
Craft services						
Sewing a skirt	piece	39.11	41.56	-	-	-
Soling of men's shoes	pair	16.13	16.84	17.50	18.56	18.57
Fashionable men's haircut	haircut	14.59	14.51	15.11	15.60	17.02
Dry-cleaning of men's suit	2 piecea	11.41	11.88	12.22	12.35	12.43
Municipal services						
Water for households	m ³	0.47	0.45	0.49	0.61	0.60
Waste collection	m ³	9.23	9.23	9.33	22.34	22.01
Postal and telephone services						
Letter stamp	piece	0.24	0.26	0.29	0.31	0.31
Telephone subscription	monthly fee	11.69	11.17	11.11	10.95	10.76
Cultural services						
Cinema tickets	piece	4.79	4.80	4.86	5.09	50.20
Theatre tickets	piece	12.24	13.26	13.65	13.88	13.88
Tickets for football match	piece	5.63	6.25	7.00	7.00	7.50
Transport services						
Transport of passengers:						
- By city bus	ticket	1.15	0.98	1.00	1.00	-
- By intercity bus ¹⁾	km	201.50	156.60	156.60	156.60	156.60
- By train ¹⁾	km	107.47	110.77	114.83	121.12	128.11
- By taxi	km	1.11	1.17	1.19	1.19	1.19

¹⁾ Monthly transportation pass for workers.**16.2 Average prices of agricultural products in Ljubljana (settlement Ljubljana)**

In EUR							
Unit	December 2009		December 2010		December 2011		
	In store	At market place	In store	At market place	In store	At market place	
Potato	kg	0.34	1.00	0.67	1.00	0.54	0.90
Bean, grain	kg	2.37	3.95	2.36	4.13	2.14	6.20
Onion	kg	0.60	1.25	0.82	1.50	0.66	1.50
Garlic	kg	4.78	4.75	7.73	7.50	6.11	8.00
Carrot	kg	0.79	1.50	0.93	2.00	0.86	1.75
Garden lettuce (endive)	kg	1.29	2.50	1.45	2.75	1.32	2.25
Garden lettuce (iceberg)	kg	2.00	2.50	2.63	2.35	2.29	2.30
Sweet cabbage	kg	0.52	1.00	0.58	1.00	0.48	1.25
Fresh pickles	kg	1.79	2.50	2.25	3.00	1.70	2.75
Fresh tomato	kg	1.47	2.50	2.12	3.00	1.67	2.75
Fresh pepper	kg	1.94	2.50	2.42	3.00	1.60	3.25
Cauliflower	kg	1.56	2.92	2.06	3.00	1.79	3.17
Nut kernels	kg	9.21	11.00	17.48	10.00	16.74	12.45
Apples	kg	0.88	1.35	1.24	1.25	1.12	1.35
Pears	kg	1.70	2.24	2.24	2.49	1.70	2.24
Grapes	kg	3.51	2.49	4.01	2.49	3.13	2.99
Lemons	kg	1.44	1.99	1.29	2.25	1.05	1.99
Oranges	kg	1.08	1.99	1.16	1.99	1.11	1.99
Bananas	kg	1.05	1.50	1.11	1.55	1.01	1.75
Kiwis	kg	1.65	2.49	2.00	2.99	1.62	2.99
Fresh sardines	kg	4.97	5.00	4.97	5.00	4.78	6.00
Fresh trout	kg	5.54	7.80	6.17	6.50	7.05	7.20
Fresh carnation	piece	1.13	0.60	1.15	0.80	1.15	0.80
Fresh rose	piece	3.50	1.50	3.80	2.00	3.40	1.50



17. Earnings

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Sources of data

With a statistical research of Employed persons by their gross and net salary (ZAP-GNP / L), which replaced the research of Employed persons by their gross salary (ZAP-STRU / L), we get an insight into the structure of persons, employed by legal and natural persons in the public and private sector, by their average monthly gross and estimated net salary in Slovenia. Based on this, they are divided by the area of activity, by statistical regions and by the public and private sectors. The research is conducted once a year.

Data on the structure of employees by the size of their gross salaries in companies, businesses and organizations using the standard classification of activities were prepared by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia.

Since 2005, the source of data on employed persons by their gross wages has been an annual statistical research of Employed persons by their gross salary (ZAP-STRU / L), which was conducted only for September. The data was collected by the Agency of the Republic of Slovenia for Public Legal Records and Related Services (hereinafter referred to as AJPES) from legal persons with a questionnaire bearing the same title as the research at hand, mostly over the internet. Legal persons were obliged to fill out the above-mentioned questionnaire on the basis of the National Statistics Act (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 45/95 and no. 9 / 01) and the Annual Programme of Statistical Surveys. AJPES sent the gathered data to the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia. The Office then statistically processed and prepared them for publication. The Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia is still responsible for the methodology, dissemination and quality of the data.

By 2004 inclusive, the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia also collected the data on employed persons by their gross salary (for March and September), namely with the half-yearly Report on employed persons by their gross salary and collective agreement (ZAP / PL) for March and September (based on a questionnaire with the same title).

From 2010 onwards (with provisional data for 2009) the source of data on employed persons by their gross and net salary is an annual statistical survey entitled Employed persons by their gross and net salary (ZAP-GNP / L). The survey is based solely on existing administrative sources, namely the control (for temporary data) and measure (for the final data) data from tax returns submitted by the Tax Administration of the Republic of Slovenia. The source of data on demographic and employment characteristics of employed persons is the Statistical register of the working population.

Methodological explanations

As of 1 January 2008, all EU Member States began to use new a version of the Standard Classification of Activities, therefore, the data on salaries are published according to the new classification - SKD 2008.

The average monthly salary is the average amount of money that employed persons get for a month's work as payment employed by a legal or natural person. It is calculated from the yearly income tax data in the statistical survey Employed persons by their gross and net salary.

Gross salary includes data from the tax return form on salaries, compensation benefits or any other payment for work done that includes commissions (code 1101). Also included are the data on income paid on the basis of a court ruling (not including late payment interest). When it comes to reimbursements connected with work (meals, transport to and from work, subsistence costs, transportation on a business trip, spending the night on a business trip, field allowance, separation allowance), only the difference above the amounts which are, in accordance with the regulation of the Government of the Republic of Slovenia (Decree on the level of work-related expenses and other expenses not included in the tax base or the Regulation on the tax treatment of reimbursement and other income from employment), not a part of the tax base, is included.

Net salary is a gross salary reduced by social security contributions and prepayment of income taxes.

Overdue payments and compensation are the gross wages and remunerations of gross wages for previous months, gross wages following the periodical and final accounts as well as other overdue payments, compensations and bonuses.

The nominal wage index is calculated from data on average monthly earnings.

The index of real wages is the ratio between the nominal wage index and the consumer price index over the same period.

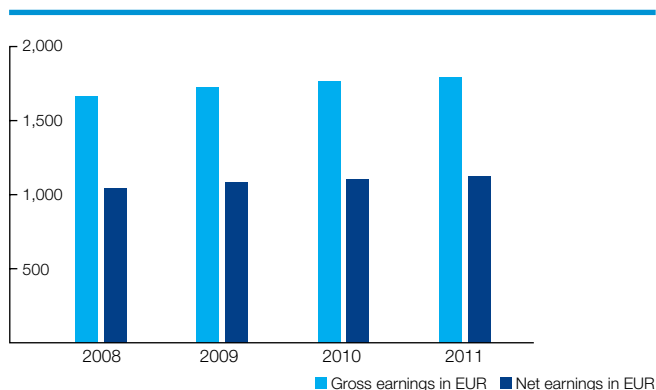
17.1 Average monthly gross earnings by legal persons by Standard Classification of Activities (in EUR)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	1,663.43	1,728.07	1,766.09	1,791.47
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,380.89	1,398.69	1,465.17	1,516.23
Mining and quarrying	1,444.05	1,502.28	1,557.06	1,490.52
Manufacturing	1,561.84	1,615.46	1,741.43	1,803.84
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1,939.96	2,055.78	2,140.26	2,201.40
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	1,563.09	1,621.95	1,577.33	1,494.81
Construction	1,159.12	1,196.54	1,241.05	1,287.25
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1,504.91	1,538.96	1,598.20	1,651.06
Transportation and storage	1,555.72	1,556.22	1,588.70	1,622.33
Accommodation and food service activities	1,019.99	1,019.00	1,055.97	1,076.05
Information and communication	2,187.57	2,224.99	2,275.32	2,294.99
Financial and insurance activities	2,366.77	2,316.26	2,336.45	2,375.74
Real estate activities	1,480.75	1,525.37	1,579.63	1,628.88
Professional, scientific and technical activities	1,879.99	1,921.61	1,959.43	1,943.15
Administrative and support service activities	920.39	965.79	990.25	1,012.78
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	1,841.99	1,932.08	1,901.18	1,877.60
Education	1,820.25	1,895.87	1,929.11	1,939.84
Human health and social work activities	1,672.13	1,915.39	1,898.67	1,885.08
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1,662.54	1,754.64	1,789.30	1,799.15
Other service activities	1,587.95	1,581.94	1,626.52	1,637.64

17.2 Average monthly net earnings by legal persons by Standard Classification of Activities (in EUR)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	1,042.35	1,081.31	1,106.95	1,125.64
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	904.69	932.71	972.83	1,005.59
Mining and quarrying	930.22	976.13	1,003.73	960.52
Manufacturing	992.10	1,022.06	1,095.19	1,133.12
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1,218.86	1,284.24	1,328.69	1,363.71
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	1,002.69	1,032.01	1,009.64	960.14
Construction	754.62	778.05	810.18	854.96
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	943.97	964.98	1,001.67	1,035.42
Transportation and storage	1,011.93	1,017.24	1,035.25	1,053.41
Accommodation and food service activities	680.93	683.38	709.00	728.63
Information and communication	1,317.13	1,343.75	1,373.71	1,389.59
Financial and insurance activities	1,393.92	1,377.38	1,397.78	1,419.91
Real estate activities	938.08	972.14	1,010.27	1,045.45
Professional, scientific and technical activities	1,148.74	1,178.16	1,203.07	1,198.69
Administrative and support service activities	624.26	654.51	676.34	695.48
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	1,158.93	1,213.34	1,199.78	1,189.76
Education	1,148.00	1,189.87	1,213.23	1,220.69
Human health and social work activities	1,060.10	1,188.56	1,184.84	1,181.42
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1,051.18	1,106.03	1,128.45	1,140.73
Other service activities	992.68	992.34	1,026.78	1,037.95

Average monthly earnings of employees



17.3 Structure of employees in companies, enterprises and organisations by amount of gross wages, by activities, 2011

	Total	Shares by amount of gross wages in %																			
		Under 746 €	From 747 € to 776 €	From 777 € to 826 €	From 827 € to 878 €	From 879 € to 938 €	From 939 € to 999 €	From 1,000 € to 1,063 €	From 1,064 € to 1,132 €	From 1,133 € to 1,206 €	From 1,207 € to 1,284 €	From 1,285 € to 1,368 €	From 1,369 € to 1,459 €	From 1,460 € to 1,564 €	From 1,565 € to 1,692 €	From 1,693 € to 1,851 €	From 1,852 € to 2,050 €	From 2,051 € to 2,281 €	From 2,282 € to 2,617 €	From 2,618 € to 3,373 €	From 3,374 € to 4,125 €
Total	100.0	3.2	4.1	3.2	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.4	8.3	9.6
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	100.0	0.4	1.2	1.2	3.3	1.2	2.4	4.9	6.9	14.2	12.6	6.9	7.3	7.3	5.7	3.7	3.3	4.9	5.3	4.9	2.4
Mining and quarrying	100.0	-	-	-	-	14.8	5.6	9.3	1.9	16.7	5.6	7.4	3.7	7.4	7.4	3.7	3.7	1.9	-	5.6	5.6
Manufacturing	100.0	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.2	3.5	4.0	4.3	5.0	5.1	5.2	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.4	5.4	5.9	5.3	5.2	7.0	9.6
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	100.0	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.6	1.4	1.6	3.9	5.3	5.6	7.4	9.4	11.8	10.3	9.6	9.6	10.1	11.3
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	100.0	3.7	2.1	2.6	4.1	4.8	6.2	5.8	7.1	7.7	6.5	4.9	7.3	6.1	4.8	6.6	5.4	3.1	2.9	3.2	5.1
Construction	100.0	12.7	14.5	6.3	6.9	5.1	4.4	4.6	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.5	3.9	3.7	3.1	2.4	2.3	2.1	3.0
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	100.0	2.9	5.0	5.2	6.3	6.7	5.6	5.2	5.3	4.7	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.3	3.6	4.0	5.3	8.7
Transportation and storage	100.0	4.0	9.1	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.0	3.9	4.8	5.5	5.8	7.0	7.8	9.2	8.1	5.8	2.9	2.1	2.3	3.1	6.5
Accommodation and food service activities	100.0	7.2	19.1	10.9	8.8	6.7	5.6	5.2	4.7	4.1	4.6	4.0	3.2	2.5	2.6	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.3	1.5	1.5
Information and communication	100.0	1.1	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.5	2.8	3.8	3.9	5.1	6.5	7.3	8.8	9.6	9.1	12.5	14.4
Financial and insurance activities	100.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.4	2.2	2.9	3.9	4.8	5.4	5.8	7.2	7.2	7.7	7.4	8.4	12.8	17.1
Real estate activities	100.0	2.4	6.3	3.5	6.3	4.6	3.9	5.5	4.4	5.7	4.4	5.9	3.9	5.5	6.2	6.3	4.9	4.7	3.9	4.3	7.3
Professional, scientific and technical activities	100.0	2.4	3.3	1.9	3.8	2.8	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.9	6.4	6.6	6.0	6.4	6.6	5.9	7.2	10.0	12.3
Administrative and support service activities	100.0	13.8	10.5	12.9	10.8	8.2	5.5	4.5	4.0	4.1	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.6	2.2	2.9	2.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.6
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	100.0	1.0	0.8	0.6	1.2	1.8	2.7	3.8	4.6	5.1	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.4	6.3	7.6	6.7	5.8	7.5	12.7	9.8
Education	100.0	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	3.3	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.8	4.7	4.9	4.6	5.6	7.9	13.5	13.3	10.8	9.3
Human health and social work activities	100.0	2.1	1.4	2.0	2.8	3.6	4.2	4.6	3.9	3.8	4.4	5.6	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.7	5.9	5.8	7.4	10.8
Arts, entertainment and recreation	100.0	1.6	2.4	1.4	2.2	2.3	3.0	3.0	3.6	3.9	3.8	5.0	6.0	6.6	7.9	7.5	7.3	7.0	8.8	10.1	6.7
Other service activities	100.0	6.5	10.5	5.1	6.2	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.0	4.7	3.8	5.1	5.2	4.7	4.6	6.3	8.5



18. Social Protection

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Sources of data

Data on the number of recipients of social security allowances and homes for the elderly were obtained from the Department of Health and Welfare of the City of Ljubljana. The data on the subsidy of rents were obtained from the Public Housing Fund of the City of Ljubljana.

The data on the users of certain social services in the Administrative Unit of Ljubljana were supplied to us by the Ministry of Labour, Family and Social Affairs.

Methodological explanations

Table 18.1 contains the data on the amount of funds and the number of eligible recipients for financial assistance from the Municipality of Ljubljana and also those eligible to receive additional funds for care costs for institutions for adults and users of home help.

The Municipality of Ljubljana ensures **financial assistance** to socially more at risk citizens on the basis of the Decree on Financial Assistance as well as the utilisation of the Law on Financial Social Assistance. The purpose of this is to help with the transition of temporary financial difficulties, to partially cover costs at the beginning of a new school year for children in primary and secondary school, to cover costs of school trips, excursions for primary school children, to cover the costs of school meals of children in primary and secondary school where their meals are provided, to cover the costs of lunches for citizens that are over the age of 65, and for birth grants.

The municipality, in accordance with the Social Security Act, finances institutional care services and costs of care in adult institutions (homes for the elderly and special social care institutions) in the event that the person eligible is partially or wholly exempt from payment.

Following the Social Security Act, municipalities are obligated to provide a network of public services for home help. Home help includes the social care of the eligible citizen in the event of disability, age, and **other instances where institutionalised care can be substituted** (e.g. in the event of chronic, long-term illness). The Municipality of Ljubljana provides funds to subsidize the cost of services in the amount of 80% of the cost of services for all users, and provides funds for the payment of home help for those who were issued authorisation from a relevant social centre which states that they are partially or fully exempt from payment of the service.

A **subsidy for co-financing rents** is financial aid that is given to tenants of non-profit housing and industrial or residential rental housing units who cannot pay the rent because of their difficult material conditions. The subsidy is determined separately for each tenant, taking into account their social and economic situation.

Child benefit is an additional benefit for the living, upbringing and education of a child, when the income per family member does not exceed 99% of the average wage in the Republic of Slovenia during the previous calendar year.

» *With the increase in the number of unemployed persons also the number of recipients of financial assistance has increased.*

Partial payment for lost income is a personal benefit received by one of the parents when he or she terminates employment or begins to work part-time because of care and protection of a child with seriously disturbed mental development or serious motor handicap. The right to this benefit may also be exercised by one of the parents who takes care of two or more children needing special care.

Maternity leave is a leave intended for the preparation for giving birth and care and protection of the child immediately after birth and the protection of the mother's health at birth and later. Entitled to maternity leave is the mother of a child, but under certain circumstances also the father or some other person or one of the grandparents.

Parental compensation is a salary compensation or personal benefit deriving from parental protection insurance. Persons entitled to parental compensation are those who are entitled to parental leave.

18.1 Number of citizens – eligible for financial assistance and additional care costs; number of users of “home help service”

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of recipients of monetary help	4,471	4,325	4,933	5,627	6,396
Type of monetary help					
material endangerment	1,849	2,062	2,541	3,364	4,197
help at a beginning of school year	700	571	669	626	645
open-air school/holidaymaking	20	20	16	9	5
school lunches	1,799	1,586	1,615	1,537	1,449
lunch for older than 65 years	13	9	10	9	9
help at a birth of a child	90	77	82	82	91
Emergency financial assistance after the flood	-	-	-	221	2
Number of beneficiaries to receive additional payment of care costs	631	651	699	709	756
in homes for the elderly	346	355	396	406	446
in special social welfare institutions	285	296	303	303	310
The number of users of family support services at home	1,010	1,060	1,044	1,135	1,126
of which number of beneficiaries with an additional payment according to the decision of centres for social services	66	63	66	63	64
Subsidies of rents - total	-	640	710	466	659
Subsidy of unprofitmaking rent	-	640	679	404	522
Subsidy of market rent	-	-	31	62	137
Emergency housing help under § 104. SZ-1	-	3	0	2	1

18.2 Users of certain welfare services in Ljubljana Administrative unit

Ljubljana unit	2008	2009	2010	2011
Parental allowances and benefits from public funds				
child allowance ¹⁾	448,882 ³⁾	452,573 ³⁾	449,555 ³⁾	446,277
partial payment for lost income ²⁾	75	78	85	107
maternity compensation and leave	3,912	4,103	4,148	4,120
maternity compensation without leave	91	113	130	130
Rights to part-time work				
part-time till child's third year of age	1,486	1,901	2,366	2,724
part-time after child's third year of age	15	19	20	19
payment of contributions in the case of 4 or more children	145	168	190	212
Family and children protection				
foster care	148	139	145	158
adoption	1	7	3	4
set up under custody (children)	26	28	31	28
set up under the guardianship (adult)	113	121	144	140

¹⁾ The information include average number of children per month who received child benefit.

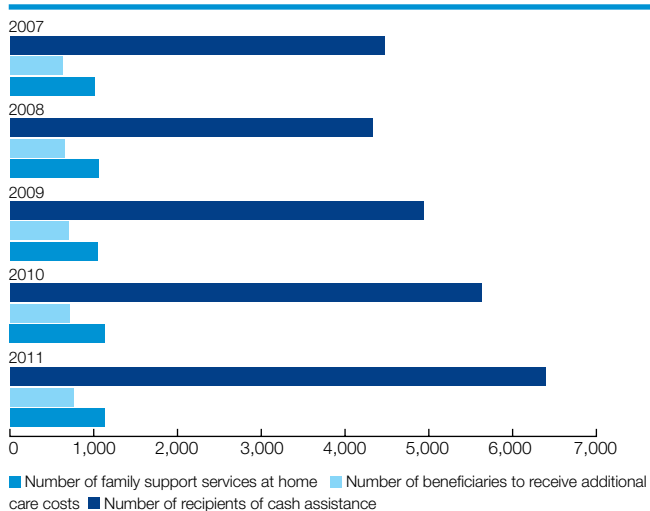
²⁾ The information include the number of adults who enjoyed the right to partial payment lost income.

³⁾ Corrected data.

18.3 Homes for the elderly

	2008	2009	2010	2011
The number of homes for the elderly	6	8	8	8
The number of people in homes for the elderly	1,911	2,137	2,130	2,137
The number of sheltered housing homes owned by City of Ljubljana	-	60	72	72

Number of citizens - recipients of social assistance





19. Public Utility Services⁷²

Sources of data

Data on utilities in the city of Ljubljana were obtained from the following municipal public utility companies: Vodovod-Kanalizacija, Energetika, Komunalno podjetje Ljubljana, Snaga, Javna razsvetljava, Elektro Ljubljana-mesto.

The data on power plants using renewable energy sources were supplied by the public company Energetika Ljubljana.

Physical indicators do not always include the area of the City of Ljubljana. The borders are determined by the limits that individual public utility companies have.

Methodological explanations

The public water supply is a series of mechanical devices that are necessary for supplying water and are under one administration and control. It has the nature of the public when anyone can be connected and supplied with water.

The public sewage system is a series of infrastructural facilities and machines intended to drain and clean the urban and drainage waste water.

Connections of buildings to the public sewage system, septic tanks (backflowing and non-backflowing) and small treatment plants with a capacity of less than 50 PE are not public sewage facilities.

The sewage is a network of interconnected sewer lines, drains, ditches and facilities for the drainage of waste water from buildings as well as drainage water from roofs and from fortified and paved surfaces and surfaces covered with various other materials.

Public sanitation is the organized cleaning of streets, roads, markets and other public areas. It is also the collecting of garbage and waste and their removal.

Public lighting includes all outdoor lighting illuminating streets, roads, squares and parks. A luminous body is something that is erected on a illuminated spot and has only one light bulb.

Electricity: The electricity grid covers the entire length of high and low voltage external wiring.

The hot water system covers only the hot water system and connection power of JP Energetika Ljubljana, sector gasworks. Heating that takes place in the local district heating plants is not taken into account.

» *Water consumption per capita is declining from year to year and the quantity of water lost in the network is continuously reducing.*

19.1 Consumption of electricity, gas and water per capita

Year	Consumption per capita		
	Electricity in KWh	Gas in KWh ¹⁾	Water in m ³
1991	3,591	1,231	108.2
1992	3,632	1,263	105.8
1993	3,600	1,360	102.6
1994	3,601	1,431	97.6
1995	3,871	1,513 ²⁾	90.9 ³⁾
1996	3,805	1,703 ²⁾	86.4 ³⁾
1997	3,950	1,730 ²⁾	85.5 ³⁾
1998	4,099	1,811 ²⁾	86.0 ³⁾
1999	4,207	2,105 ²⁾	91.6
2000	4,361	2,110 ²⁾	91.5
2001	4,518	2,047 ²⁾	86.3
2002	4,691	2,095 ²⁾	83.2
2003	4,927	2,448 ²⁾	81.9
2004	5,581	2,675 ²⁾	82.2
2005	5,714	2,694 ⁴⁾	81.6
2006	5,441	2,881 ⁴⁾	81.5
2007	6,119	2,580 ⁴⁾	80.8
2008	6,134	2,937 ⁴⁾	78.4
2009	5,976	2,693 ⁴⁾	76.5
2010	6,093	2,730 ⁴⁾	74.2
2011	6,051	2,527 ⁴⁾	72.1

¹⁾ Include only JP Energy Gas, sector Gasworks.

²⁾ In gas consumption are considered residents of the City of Ljubljana and Municipality of Medvode.

³⁾ Data relating to the following municipalities: Brezovica, Dol pri Ljubljani, Ig, City of Ljubljana and Vrhnika.

⁴⁾ Data relating to the following municipalities: Brezovica, Dobrova - Polhov Gradec, Dol pri Ljubljani, Ig, Medvode, City of Ljubljana and Škofljica.

19.2 Electricity supply of Ljubljana (city area)

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Length of distribution network	km	4,088	4,129	4,277	4,452	3,268 ¹⁾
Active customer meters						
installed - all	Number	136,030	136,889	138,854	138,533	138,920
For household	Number	122,004	122,776	124,466	127,403	126,906
Consumption of electricity						
Total	MWh	1,638,484	1,693,542	1,671,086	1,706,790	1,698,079
Households	MWh	402,773	417,012	410,958	499,295	495,800
Public lighting	MWh	22,860	24,794	15,431	18,808	17,830
Customers at medium voltage	MWh	676,802	682,688	675,990	668,412	670,418
Customers at low voltage	MWh	536,048	569,048	568,707	520,275	514,032
Renewable power plants:						
Small power plants	Number	-	-	-	-	95
Total power:	KW	-	-	-	-	5,998
Bio mass power plant	Number	-	-	-	-	1
Total power:	KW	-	-	-	-	113,000
Landfill gas power plant	Number	-	-	-	-	1
Total power:	KW	-	-	-	-	2,702

¹⁾ The figure contains the lengths of HV, MV, LV network and J. R. Some time ago, more than 1,200km of lines of public lighting have been written off of fixed assets in DE LJ. This is the reason for a significantly lower value compared to the previous years.

19.3 Heat supply

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
The length of district heating network	km	238	241	247	253	257
Total connecting power of customers	MWh	1,146	1,165	1,177	1,186	1,199
The total number of thermal stations	Number	3,223	3,361	3,547	3,713	3,795
Heat production	MWh	1,151,130	1,236,753	1,225,597	1,355,487	1,217,076
Attached dwellings	Number	53,672	54,488	55,809	56,271	56,389

19.4 Gas supply¹⁾

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Length of distribution network	km	563	589	604	626	642
Gas connections (condition on 31.12.)	Number	51,582	52,052	52,538	52,653	57,135
Gas consumption:						
All	MWh	690,779	810,840	753,110	764,786	709,184
Households	MWh	427,464	503,462	467,287	483,990	451,498
Other consumers (industry, craft and others)	MWh	263,316	307,378	285,823	280,795	257,686

¹⁾ Gas supply system is spreading from areas of City of Ljubljana to some suburban municipalities. Besides the Municipality of Medvode, the data also include the Municipalities of Brezovica, Dobrova - Polhov Gradec, Dol pri Ljubljani, Horjul, Ig and Škofljica.

19.5 Public water supply

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
The length of primary and secondary pipelines	km	937	943	946	950	957
Plumbing connections	Number	34,083	34,575	34,924	35,171	34,493
Pumped water - all	thousand m ³	30,573	30,562	29,841	29,322	28,146
Delivery water						
Total:	thousand m ³	21,629	21,655	21,402	20,791	20,219
Households and other consumers	thousand m ³	16,778	16,678	16,636	16,377	16,027
Economy	thousand m ³	4,851	4,977	4,766	4,415	4,192
Network losses	thousand m ³	8,944	8,907	8,439	8,531	7,927

19.6 Public sewage

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Length of sewers						
Total	m	978,103	987,962	994,205	1,003,819	1,008,709
Passable	m	76,171	76,420	76,588	117,194	87,193
Impassable	m	901,932	911,542	917,617	886,625	921,516
For drain storm water	m	262,978	266,625	268,758	274,474	277,276
For drain sewage water	m	245,625	248,881	251,553	256,352	259,042
Review shafts	Number	29,802	28,457	28,654	28,979	30,816
Street's swallows	Number	23,163	23,601	23,757	24,232	24,355
House's connections ¹⁾	Number	-	26,699	26,474	26,716	27,388

¹⁾ Data for the entire network in the management of JP Vodovod - Kanalizacija.

19.7 Public lighting

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Lighting fixtures	Number	31,955	32,268	32,986	32,344	32,841
Electric bulb with filament	Number	22	22	16	16	18
Quick silver's bulb	Number	4,741	3,425	3,516	995	1,670
Sodium's bulb	Number	15,048	15,125	16,328	14,460	15,354
Fluorescent's bulb	Number	12,511	12,367	1,492	14,280	14,691
LED's bulb	Number	-	-	-	288	1,054
The power of lighting fixtures	KW	5,530	4,970	4,724	4,102	3,923

19.8 Surface cleaning

	Unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Motorcycles - all	Number	164	176	206	201	201
Special vehicles for removal of rubbish	Number	53	-	-	-	-
Vehicles for rubbish	Number	-	60	67	67	67
Vehicles for removal of faeces	Number	2	-	-	-	-
Vehicles for removal of faeces and for washing	Number	-	4	5	5	5
Cistern for washing streets	Number	1	3	4	5	1
Sweeping machines	Number	-	14	14	14	14
Street cleaning vehicles	Number	11	-	-	-	-
Other motorcycles	Number	18	-	-	-	-
Vehicles for rubbish with manual loading	Number	-	10	12	9	9
Electrical vehicles for rubbish with manual loading	Number	-	2	3	3	3
Club car	Number	-	2	-	-	1
Truck vehicles	Number	-	50	56	52	52
Individual vehicles	Number	-	30	37	35	35
Other vehicles	Number	-	-	8	11	15
Streets that are cleaned manual ¹⁾	Thousand m ²	270	270	281	300	300
Streets that are cleaned by machines ¹⁾	Thousand m ²	403	430	430	450	450
Cleaning of streets ¹⁾	Thousand m ²	129	129	129	129	129
The surface of dumping place	Thousand m ²	279	279	279	279	279
Housing and business areas per month	Thousand m ²	24,029	-	-	-	-
Cleaning workers	Number	62	69	70	70	68
Refuse workers	Number	146	155	158	159	156
Municipal wastes removed	Thousand m ³	1,214	1,223	1,396	1,347	1,267

¹⁾ It's area between Aškerčeva street, Karlovska street, Roška street, Šmartinska street, Masarykova street and Tivolska street.

19.9 Ljubljana non-hazardous waste dump Barje

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of years till the dumping places are full	5	5	4	4	10 ¹⁾
The surface of dumping place in 100 m ²	2,793	2,793	2,793	2,793	2,793
The volume of dumping place in m ³	5,147,000	5,147,000	5,147,000	5,147,000	5,147,000
The dumping place of use by year in 1000 m ³	195	180	165	160	68
Capacity of yet unfilled dumping place in 1000 m ³	1,205	1,053	897	702	677
The quantity of waste brought in 1000 t	196	189	162	141	109

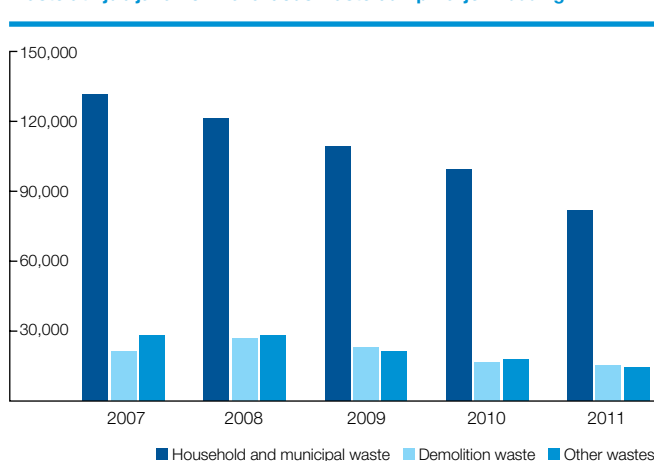
¹⁾ Since the quantity of disposed waste is reducing and the separation of waste is increasing, we are showing the amount of waste in the landfills by 2022.

19.10 Structure of wastes at Ljubljana non-hazardous waste dump Barje

	in 000 kg				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total ¹⁾	196,261	176,068	153,326	133,317	109,993
Household and municipal wastes	131,585	121,289	109,233	99,210	81,601
Streets' wastes	1,614	2,626	3,446	2,437	2,195
Grass, leaves, branches	6,880	-	-	1,984	1,189
Sediments of streets' swallows	420	676	105	67	983
Wastes in pieces	7,186	8,823	8,451	8,556	5,187
Waste building material	21,121	26,802	22,837	16,396	15,379
Sludge from cleaning devices	1,046	759	481	-	189
Special wastes	8,215	7,780	6,998	4,085	2,730
Other wastes	2,676	7,313	1,775	582	1,729
Rubber's wastes	327	327	199	65	82
Old batteries	2	5	7	-	-
Cinders and ashes TE - TOL	15,189	10,382	18,245	15,840	14,880

¹⁾ Total quantity of wastes does not include waste tires, old batteries and cinders and ashes of TE - TOL, because they are not disposed at the same dumping place.

Waste at Ljubljana non-hazardous waste dump Barje in 000 kg





20. Education

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Sources of data

The data on public kindergartens and public primary schools were obtained from the Department on Pre-school Education of the Municipality of Ljubljana, while the data on private kindergartens and private primary schools were obtained from the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia. Data on secondary schools, vocational colleges, higher education institutions and scholarships were taken from regular annual research of education statistics provided by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia. The data on student enrolment in higher undergraduate studies are obtained from the statistical publications of the University of Ljubljana.

Methodological explanations

A **class** is an educational whole, which encompasses the subject matter of one school year in accordance with the curriculum and the syllabus.

A **department** is an organizational unit in the school. Single-grade classes are comprised of pupils/students from one grade or class, while combined or multi-grade classes are comprised of pupils/students from two or more grades or classes.

A **primary school** provides general basic education (Elementary School Act, Official Gazette of the RS, no. 12/96, 81/2006). The educational process is organized as an independent, central or subsidiary primary school. The subsidiary school is a part of the central primary school and runs under its expert supervision, and is situated in a different location. A primary school also organizes after-school classes (for pupils from first to sixth grade), in which students learn, do homework and participate in other activities.

Schools for adult education (schools or departments) provide education for persons who had not obtained the proper education during their regular schooling. We divide them the same way as regular schools. They can operate as independent schools or as departments (units) in the structure of educational or other institutions.

Secondary education comprises of a technical education, improvement of a technical education and work training. A technical education is carried out according to educational programs. Secondary education, advanced secondary education and shortened secondary education programmes are all programmes through which a person can obtain a secondary education.

General, technical and vocational secondary education comprises of education in general and technical secondary schools, lower vocational, secondary vocational, secondary technical and other specialized high schools (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 12/96).

Data on the end of the school year relate to the state on 31 August, while data on the beginning of the school year relate to the state on 15 September.

Vocational schools provide programs for vocational education and training programmes (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 86/04).

Higher education institutions are: universities, faculties, art academies and technical colleges (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 119/06). Studies on higher education institutions are carried out according to study programmes and training programmes.

Bachelor's degree courses under the old law, which are still being implemented are:

Undergraduate:

- Programmes for a technical higher education,
- Programmes for a university education;

Postgraduate:

- Programmes for specialization,
- Programs leading to a master's degree
- PhD.

Bachelor's degree courses under the new legislation (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 100/04), which are designed in accordance with the Bologna Declaration, shall be classified in three levels:

a) first level

- Programmes for a technical higher education,
- Programmes for a university education,

b) second level

- Master's Degree programmes
- Uniform master's studies

c) third level

- PhD programmes.

Scholarship holders are persons who, during their schooling, receive a scholarship in the form of a regular monthly sum of money.

Scholarship holders may include:

- apprentices and students of lower and secondary vocational schools,
- students of secondary technical and other secondary specialized schools,
- students of general and technical secondary schools,
- students of vocational schools

- students of technical colleges,
- students of faculties and art academies,
- post-graduate students in programmes leading to specialization, a master's degree or a PhD.

Scholarships shall be governed by the following laws (as per 24.9.2012): the Scholarship Act (Official Journal of the RS, no. 59/07 (40/2009 corr.), Act on the Rights from Public Funds (Official Journal of the RS, No. 62/10, 40/11-ZUPJS-A), the Law on the Balancing of Public Finances (40/12-ZUJF) and the Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on Road Transport on 27.7.2012 published in the Official Journal of the RS, No. 57/2012.

Kindergartens are institutions that raise, protect and educate pre-schoolers and integrate them in the life of their social community. They prepare them for their entry into schools, take care of their diet and physical care. They are meant for preschool children aged 1 and above.

Adult education centres are institutions that organize and carry out adult education. They organize seminars and courses for general, technical and other educations. Until 1990 they were called workers' universities, but were renamed to adult education centres by the year 1991.

Institutions and individuals dealing with further education and training are, in addition to the adult education centres, specialized organizations for the education of adults, departments in schools, businesses and other business entities registered for adult education, driving schools and entrepreneurs who are involved in the education of adults and adolescents (OG I, RS, no. 12/96).

State-approved educational programmes of development, training (USO, USP) and specialization are approved by the Minister responsible for labour, in cooperation with the Expert Council (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 12/96). With these programmes one cannot obtain a higher level of formal education, but a qualification for employment. Educational programmes that are not publicly recognized, are not included in the report of the competent ministry, but they do enable training and development for work, careers and general education (for general needs and leisure).

» Number of children in kindergartens and primary schools is increasing, while the number of students is declining. Number of students in Ljubljana receiving scholarships is constantly increasing.

20.1 Kindergartens

Year	Number of kindergartens	Number of children	Number of sections	Children on one organization
2008 Total	29	11,889	743	548
Public	23	11,639	725	506
Private	6	250	18	42
2009 Total	31	12,311	760	563
Public	23	11,967	735	520
Private	8	344	25	43
2010 Total	30	12,505	779	575
Public	23	12,186	758	530
Private	7	319	21	46
2011 Total	32	13,100	790	596
Public	23	12,708	763	553
Private	9	392	27	44

20.2 Number of pupils of elementary and upper secondary schools and participants of vocational colleges and higher education institutions

Year	Pupils ¹⁾		Participants	
	Public and private		Vocational	Higher
	Elementary schools	Upper secondary schools	public schools	public institutions ²⁾
2009/10	20,076	22,516	1,770 ⁴⁾	37,809 ³⁾
2010/11	20,229	21,567	1,725 ⁴⁾	35,851 ³⁾
2011/12	20,562	21,028	1,579 ⁴⁾	33,352 ³⁾

¹⁾ Data for pupils refer to the beginning of the school year.

²⁾ Data include Professional Colleges, Faculties and Academies of Arts.

³⁾ Sources of data: University of Ljubljana.

⁴⁾ Students by permanent residence in the City of Ljubljana.

20.3 Elementary schools at the beginning of the school year

	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12
Total schools	56	56	57
Class units	980	987	1,000
Pupils	20,076	20,229	20,562
Public schools	54	54	54
Class units	962,5	967,0	975,6
Pupils	19,707	19,802	20,021
Private schools	2	2	3
Class units	17	20	24
Pupils	369	427	541

20.4 Pupils of elementary schools by grades (beginning of the school year)

	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12
Total	20,076	20,229	20,562
1 st grade	2,248	2,346	2,499
2 nd grade	2,278	2,244	2,363
3 rd grade	2,218	2,294	2,238
4 th grade	2,351	2,213	2,273
5 th grade	2,180	2,353	2,225
6 th grade	2,248	2,219	2,352
7 th grade	2,194	2,232	2,214
8 th grade	2,161	2,192	2,225
9 th grade	2,198	2,136	2,173
Public schools	19,707	19,802	20,021
1 st grade	2,162	2,264	2,393
2 nd grade	2,203	2,156	2,266
3 rd grade	2,172	2,219	2,145
4 th grade	2,303	2,168	2,198
5 th grade	2,158	2,305	2,177
6 th grade	2,217	2,197	2,304
7 th grade	2,180	2,203	2,188
8 th grade	2,141	2,175	2,194
9 th grade	2,171	2,115	2,156
Private schools	369	427	541
1 st grade	86	82	106
2 nd grade	75	88	97
3 rd grade	46	75	93
4 th grade	48	45	75
5 th grade	22	48	48
6 th grade	31	22	48
7 th grade	14	29	26
8 th grade	20	17	31
9 th grade	27	21	17

20.5 Prolonged stay in elementary schools (end of the school year)

	2010/11	2011/12
Number		
Public schools	54	54
Pupils	19,802	20,054
Private schools	2	2
Pupils	428	517

20.6 Secondary school pupils by grades, class units, sex and repeaters

	2009/10				2010/11				2011/12			
	Public and private schools				Public and private schools				Public and private schools			
	Grades	Total	Women	Repeaters	Grades	Total	Women	Repeaters	Grades	Total	Women	Repeaters
Total	821	22,516	11,469	894	828	21,567	11,004	1,022	802	21,028	10,666	846
1 st grade	204	5,921	3,111	275	214	5,729	2,812	333	213	5,575	2,775	296
2 nd grade	199	5,382	2,663	214	206	5,322	2,778	275	202	5,273	2,620	211
3 rd grade	203	5,389	2,697	176	198	5,050	2,560	220	190	4,979	2,658	172
4 th grade	185	4,997	2,576	179	181	4,717	2,452	167	172	4,571	2,349	128
5 th grade	30	827	422	50	29	749	402	27	25	630	264	39

20.7 Upper secondary schools at the beginning of the school year

	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12
Schools	32	32	32	32
Class units	846	821	828	802
Students total	22,949	22,516	21,567	21,028
Women	11,514	11,469	11,004	10,666
Educational staff ¹⁾	2,060	1,997	1,970	-
Public schools	29	29	29	29
Class units	815	792	799	772
Students total	21,985	21,584	20,688	20,143
Women	10,945	10,905	10,481	10,168
Educational staff ¹⁾	1,848	1,770	1,733	-
Private schools	3	3	3	3
Class units	31	29	29	30
Students total	964	932	879	885
Women	569	564	523	498
Educational staff ¹⁾	212	227	237	-

¹⁾ Data refer to the end of the school year.

20.8 Secondary education in the school year 2011/12

Students of public and private schools						
	Total			1st grade		
	Number of class units	Number of students	Number of women	Number of class units	Number of students	Number of women
Total	802	21,028	10,666	213	5,575	2,775
General education results	340	9,138	5,368	85	2,272	1,314
Educational sciences and educating of teachers	13	397	377	3	90	90
Arts and humanities	54	1,271	737	14	368	222
Social, economic, administrative and legal sciences	82	2,223	1,286	19	508	286
Science, mathematics and computer science	17	498	7	5	118	3
Engineering, manufacture of technology and constructions	159	3,685	323	47	1,079	105
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Veterinary	16	400	273	5	128	94
Health service and Welfare work	57	1,697	1,273	15	468	343
Services	64	1,719	1,022	20	544	318

20.9 Pupils of secondary education with permanent residence in City of Ljubljana (beginning of school year)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12
Public and private schools					
Total	11,387	10,947	10,597	10,014	9,445
Agriculture	211	225	212	197	224
Forestry	1	3	2	2	3
Textiles	36	32	30	37	35
Chemistry, Pharmacy, Rubber Processing and Non - metals	143	135	136	160	110
Wood Processing	104	104	116	86	105
Construction	180	379	351	182	234
Catering and Tourism	453	365	276	254	256
Economics	1,856	1,640	1,667	1,684	1,429
Paper and Printing	207	197	244	276	205
Electrotechnics and Computer Science	591	600	683	600	549
Metallurgy and Mechanical Engineering	337	337	336	358	316
Transport and Communications	121	111	83	74	66
Health Care	549	551	528	417	419
Teacher Training	64	70	83	81	75
Culture	123	117	123	116	117
General Education	6,288	5,942	5,556	5,320	5,075
Personal Services	123	139	128	103	121
Protecting the Environment	-	-	43	55	80
Protecting	-	-	-	12	26

20.10 Pupils who graduated from upper secondary schools

	2008/09		2009/10		2010/11	
	Public and private schools					
	Youth	Adults	Youth	Adults	Youth	Adults
Total	5,277	1,130	5,067	1,068	4,852	1,313
General education results	2,383	81	2,336	71	2,142	92
Educational sciences and educating of teachers	148	39	139	49	126	250
Arts and Humanities	267	56	224	34	207	55
Social, economic, administrative and legal sciences	620	389	490	359	508	390
Science, Mathematics and Computer Science	107	1	68	1	74	3
Engineering, manufacture of technology and constructions	967	202	1,026	222	969	210
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Veterinary	70	18	104	13	99	14
Health service and Welfare work	362	185	355	159	381	98
Services	353	159	325	160	346	201

20.11 Pupils (youth) who graduated from upper secondary schools at the end of school year 2010/11

	In all types of public and private secondary school programmes					
	Total		Final examination		Leaving examination	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women
Total	4,852	2,505	2,492	1,161	2,360	1,344
General education results	2,142	1,242	-	-	2,142	1,242
Educational sciences and educating of teachers	126	122	111	107	15	15
Arts and Humanities	207	118	172	94	35	24
Social, economic, administrative and legal sciences	508	341	501	336	7	5
Science, Mathematics and Computer Science	74	3	48	3	26	0
Engineering, manufacture of technology and constructions	969	121	898	107	71	14
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Veterinary	99	57	70	38	29	19
Health service and Welfare work	381	293	347	268	34	25
Services	346	208	345	208	1	-

20.12 Pupils (adults) who graduated from upper secondary schools at the end of school year 2010/11

	In all types of public and private secondary school programmes					
	Total		Final examination		Leaving examination	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women
Total	1,313	768	1,221	724	92	44
General education results	92	44	-	-	92	44
Educational sciences and educating of teachers	250	239	250	239	-	-
Arts and Humanities	55	25	55	25	-	-
Social, economic, administrative and legal sciences	390	265	390	265	-	-
Science, Mathematics and Computer Science	3	-	3	-	-	-
Engineering, manufacture of technology and constructions	210	46	210	46	-	-
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Veterinary	14	8	14	8	-	-
Health service and Welfare work	98	81	98	81	-	-
Services	201	60	201	60	-	-

20.13 Student enrolment in public undergraduate higher education studies

	2007/08 ¹⁾		2008/09 ¹⁾		2009/10 ²⁾		2010/11 ²⁾		2011/12 ²⁾	
	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time
Total	42,641	36,088	45,465	35,795	38,650	33,915	35,851	32,081	33,352	30,458
Professional Colleges	1,435	1,095	1,403	1,114	-	-	-	-	-	-
University College of Health Care ³⁾	1,435	1,095	1,403	1,114	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculties	40,392	34,259	43,130	33,860	37,809	33,125	34,989	31,277	32,451	29,620
Faculty of Arts	5,662	5,270	5,933	5,050	4,915	4,648	4,861	4,588	4,635	4,337
Faculty of Economics	5,379	3,786	5,972	3,242	3,802	3,030	3,273	2,746	3,082	2,746
Faculty of Law	1,753	1,155	1,835	1,243	1,643	1,028	1,685	1,158	1,658	1,187
Faculty of Social Sciences	3,314	2,600	3,444	2,380	2,777	2,358	2,559	2,253	2,422	2,193
Faculty of Sport	1,130	948	1,025	879	805	700	840	681	788	637
Faculty of Education	1,979	1,754	2,131	1,767	1,999	1,774	1,919	1,772	2,000	1,858
Theological Faculty	574	487	691	558	515	423	388	318	234	195
Faculty of Social Work	986	576	1,047	533	796	524	867	501	718	486
Faculty of Public Administration	2,179	1,302	2,226	1,350	1,871	1,373	1,481	1,208	1,197	1,054
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	2,011	1,881	2,315	2,143	2,353	2,212	2,134	2,010	1,746	1,649
Faculty of Electrical Engineering	1,995	1,991	2,179	1,971	1,941	1,941	1,723	1,719	1,466	1,466
Faculty of Architecture	852	794	995	844	986	867	976	888	945	831
Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geodesy	1,553	1,291	1,774	1,301	1,609	1,298	1,429	1,185	1,228	1,104
Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Technology	1,418	1,298	1,511	1,263	1,365	1,224	1,202	1,099	1,132	1,075
Faculty of Mathematics and Physics	987	925	1,159	992	1,101	1,031	975	951	855	833
Faculty of Natural Sciences and Engineering	1,547	1,288	1,563	1,249	1,272	1,052	1,113	958	941	822
Faculty of Computer Sciences and Informatics	1,441	1,381	1,389	1,224	1,145	1,098	1,114	1,080	968	940
Biotechnical Faculty	2,735	2,635	2,916	2,847	2,322	2,287	1,752	1,743	1,712	1,712
Veterinary Faculty	347	347	354	354	369	369	358	358	345	345
Faculty of Medicine	1,620	1,620	1,648	1,648	1,641	1,641	1,683	1,683	1,716	1,716
Faculty of Pharmacy	930	930	1,023	1,022	1,000	1,000	1,062	1,062	1,094	1,094
Faculty of Health Care	-	-	-	-	1,582	1,247	1,595	1,316	1,569	1,340
Academies of Art	814	734	932	821	841	790	862	804	901	838
Academy of Music	425	370	438	385	419	376	420	372	429	377
Academy of Fine Arts and Design	314	289	415	357	342	335	346	336	372	361
Academy of Theatre, Radio, Film and Television	75	75	79	79	80	79	96	96	100	100

¹⁾ For the period to 2008/09 data source is Statistical Office of RS, for the academic year 2009/10 and 2010/11 the University of Ljubljana.

²⁾ In data are not included candidates for graduation.

³⁾ The University College of Health Care was renamed to the Faculty of Health Care.

20.14 Students by grade of public study in the academic year 2011/12

	Total	Grade				
		I.	II.	III.	IV.	V+VI.
Total	33,352	12,904	7,989	6,531	4,528	1,400
Faculties	32,451	12,664	7,746	6,333	4,308	1,400
Faculty of Arts	4,636	1,742	1,013	814	1,066	-
Faculty of Economics	3,080	1,565	798	718	-	-
Faculty of Law	1,658	683	456	216	303	-
Faculty of Social Sciences	2,423	885	562	530	446	-
Faculty of Sport	788	292	141	72	283	-
Faculty of Education	2,000	683	501	370	446	-
Theological Faculty	235	49	46	43	49	47
Faculty of Social Work	718	206	149	142	221	-
Faculty of Public Administration	1,197	513	344	340	-	-
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	1,746	808	397	287	-	254
Faculty of Electrical Engineering	1,466	604	338	215	160	149
Faculty of Architecture	945	248	177	169	187	164
Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geodesy	1,228	475	291	242	220	-
Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Technology	1,132	522	250	146	214	-
Faculty of Mathematics and Physics	855	481	198	161	15	-
Faculty of Natural Sciences and Engineering	941	422	260	190	69	-
Faculty of Computer Sciences and Informatics	968	480	211	167	110	-
Biotechnical Faculty	1,712	751	514	447	-	-
Veterinary Faculty	345	78	62	91	52	62
Faculty of Medicine	1,716	340	298	285	266	527
Faculty of Pharmacy	1,094	265	226	241	165	197
Faculty of Health Care	1,569	572	514	447	36	-
Academies of Art	901	240	243	198	220	0
Academy of Music	429	99	106	90	134	-
Academy of Fine Arts and Design	372	111	107	85	69	-
Academy of Theatre, Radio, Film and Television	100	30	30	23	17	-

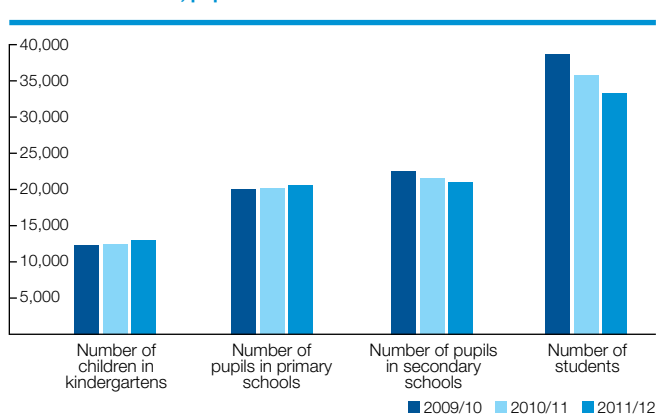
Source: University in Ljubljana.

20.15 Full - time students by grade of public study in the academic year 2011/12

	Total	Grade				
		I.	II.	III.	IV.	V+VI.
Total	30,458	11,823	7,331	5,881	4,088	1,335
Faculties	29,620	11,607	7,105	5,688	3,885	1,335
Faculty of Arts	4,337	1,573	989	790	984	-
Faculty of Economics	2,746	1,424	671	652	-	-
Faculty of Law	1,187	560	330	119	178	-
Faculty of Social Sciences	2,193	789	514	487	403	-
Faculty of Sport	637	232	137	62	206	-
Faculty of Education	1,858	620	450	342	446	-
Theological Faculty	195	44	37	30	46	38
Faculty of Social Work	486	141	115	102	128	-
Faculty of Public Administration	1,054	468	308	278	-	-
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	1,649	774	374	247	-	254
Faculty of Electrical Engineering	1,466	604	338	215	160	149
Faculty of Architecture	831	190	177	169	187	108
Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geodesy	1,104	475	287	122	220	-
Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Technology	1,075	497	231	133	214	-
Faculty of Mathematics and Physics	833	465	193	160	15	-
Faculty of Natural Sciences and Engineering	822	358	231	164	69	-
Faculty of Computer Sciences and Informatics	940	456	209	165	110	-
Biotechnical Faculty	1,712	751	514	447	-	-
Veterinary Faculty	345	78	62	91	52	62
Faculty of Medicine	1,716	340	298	285	266	527
Faculty of Pharmacy	1,094	265	226	241	165	197
Faculty of Health Care	1,340	503	414	387	36	-
Academies of Art	838	216	226	193	203	0
Academy of Music	377	82	92	86	117	-
Academy of Fine Arts and Design	361	104	104	84	69	-
Academy of Theatre, Radio, Film and Television	100	30	30	23	17	-

Source: University in Ljubljana.

Number of children, pupils and students



20.16 Bologna graduates of public higher education at the University of Ljubljana by grade, course and type of study, 2011

	Bologna graduates of study										
	1st cycle					2nd cycle				3rd cycle	
		Professional higher		Academic higher		Uniform master		Master		Doctorate of science	
	Total	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time
Total	2,744	587	481	1,772	1,699	54	54	291	142	40	40
Faculties	2,742	587	481	1,772	1,699	54	54	289	140	40	40
Faculty of Arts	147	-	-	139	133	-	-	5	5	3	3
Faculty of Economics	863	173	146	505	487	-	-	185	71	-	-
Faculty of Law	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Faculty of Social Sciences	517	19	18	456	416	-	-	42	31	-	-
Faculty of Sport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculty of Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theological Faculty	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Faculty of Social Work	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Faculty of Public Administration	289	141	69	116	110	-	-	32	11	-	-
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	96	-	-	96	96	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculty of Electrical Engineering	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Faculty of Architecture	54	-	-	-	-	54	54	-	-	-	-
Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geodesy	13	13	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Technology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculty of Mathematics and Physics	96	4	4	92	89	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculty of Natural Sciences and Engineering	108	33	30	70	70	-	-	5	3	-	-
Faculty of Computer Sciences and Informatics	136	129	127	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Biotechnical Faculty	310	40	40	267	267	-	-	-	-	3	3
Veterinary Faculty	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculty of Medicine	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15
Faculty of Pharmacy	55	-	-	24	24	-	-	13	13	18	18
Faculty of Health Care	35	35	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Academies of Art	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
Academy of Music	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Academy of Fine Arts and Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Academy of Theatre, Radio, Film and Television	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-

Source: University in Ljubljana.

20.17 Graduates of the “old” undergraduate and postgraduate public study at the University of Ljubljana, by grade, course and type of studies, 2011

	Graduates of “old” undergraduate and postgraduate studies										
	Undergraduate studies						Postgraduate studies				
	Professional higher		Academic higher		Uniform master		Master		Doctorate of science		
	Total	Total	Full-time	Total	Full-time	Total	Full-time	Total	Full-time	Total	Full-time
Total	6,166	1,446	1,034	3,814	3,413	35	6	520	167	351	179
Faculties	5,947	1,446	1,034	3,645	3,252	29	-	478	126	348	176
Faculty of Arts	810	-	-	694	678	-	-	49	11	66	3
Faculty of Economics	467	120	58	188	175	10	-	138	15	11	-
Faculty of Law	342	-	-	292	178	1	-	41	30	8	6
Faculty of Social Sciences	368	2	2	267	219	-	-	78	-	21	-
Faculty of Sport	143	7	6	131	130	-	-	-	-	5	5
Faculty of Education	432	81	54	325	295	3	-	17	-	6	-
Theological Faculty	76	33	28	34	30	-	-	4	4	5	5
Faculty of Social Work	310	20	7	272	111	10	-	6	-	2	-
Faculty of Public Administration	181	138	32	18	13	-	-	24	-	1	-
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	252	150	129	71	71	5	-	10	10	16	15
Faculty of Electrical Engineering	309	118	114	149	148	-	-	16	-	26	26
Faculty of Architecture	105	-	-	101	101	-	-	2	1	2	-
Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geodesy	192	67	51	105	105	-	-	11	-	9	-
Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Technology	261	114	81	122	122	-	-	11	11	14	14
Faculty of Mathematics and Physics	142	38	37	85	85	-	-	2	-	17	-
Faculty of Natural Sciences and Engineering	172	76	53	73	73	-	-	9	9	14	13
Faculty of Computer Sciences and Informatics	116	20	20	77	77	-	-	15	-	4	-
Biotechnical Faculty	406	89	79	248	248	-	-	25	20	44	39
Veterinary Faculty	67	-	-	60	60	-	-	1	-	6	-
Faculty of Medicine	270	-	-	197	197	-	-	15	15	58	50
Faculty of Pharmacy	183	30	28	136	136	-	-	4	-	13	-
Faculty of Health Care	343	343	255	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Academies of Art	219	-	-	169	161	6	6	41	41	3	3
Academy of Music	135	-	-	120	112	6	6	7	7	2	2
Academy of Fine Arts and Design	62	-	-	34	34	-	-	28	28	-	-
Academy of Theatre, Radio, Film and Television	22	-	-	15	15	-	-	6	6	1	1

Source: University in Ljubljana.

20.18 Students of tertiary public education residing in the City of Ljubljana by course, type of study and sex, 2011

	Mode of study - total			Full - time			Part - time		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
Type of program - total	13,788	5,931	7,857	9,805	4,262	5,543	3,983	1,669	2,314
Secondary vocational curriculum	1,579	805	774	702	355	347	877	450	427
Professional higher curriculum (former)	237	149	88	147	105	42	90	44	46
Professional higher curriculum - 1st Bologna cycle	2,667	1,169	1,498	1,440	689	751	1,227	480	747
Academic higher curriculum - 1st Bologna cycle	4,359	1,878	2,481	3,832	1,667	2,165	527	211	316
Academic higher curriculum - former	1,973	763	1,210	1,762	694	1,068	211	69	142
Uniform master - 2nd Bologna cycle	546	209	337	519	200	319	27	9	18
Master - 2nd Bologna cycle	1,590	588	1,002	1,231	465	766	359	123	236
Specialization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Master - former	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doctorate of science - former	125	55	70	27	11	16	98	44	54
Doctorate of science - 3rd Bologna cycle	712	315	397	145	76	69	567	239	328

20.19 Graduates of tertiary public education by permanent residence in the City of Ljubljana

Year	Higher education graduates										
	Total	Secondary vocational curriculum	Professional higher curriculum (former)	Professional higher curriculum (1st Bologna cycle)	Academic higher curriculum (1st Bologna cycle)	Academic higher curriculum (former)	Uniform master (2nd Bologna cycle)	Master (2nd Bologna cycle)	'Magisterij' of science and specialization after professional higher education (former)	Doctorate of science (former)	Doctorate of science (3rd Bologna cycle)
2009	2,629	316	531	91	204	957	15	74	304	136	1
2010	2,773	418	459	148	325	955	18	92	213	135	10
2011	2 705	549	295	247	398	775	13	130	161	123	14

Source of data: Statistical Office of RS.

20.20 Continuing education providers, educational programs and participants, 2010/11

	2010/11				
	The number of enrolled participants in public and private education				
	Number of continuing providers	Total enrolled	Non-verified educational programs	Verified educational programs	Language programs
Total	113	126,225	108,366	8,502	9,357
Folk high school	1	2,028	879	124	1,025
Other special institution	51	23,896	17,410	846	5,640
Part of schools	4	2,029	634	316	1,079
Part of enterprises	14	68,534	68,134	369	31
Chamber of Commerce's educational Center or Chamber of Craft's Educational Center	2	6,191	6,191	-	-
Vocational or professional association	9	11,034	9,452	-	1,582
Driving school	22	6,547	-	6,547	0
Other	10	5,966	5,666	300	0

20.21 Students and pupils receiving scholarships by permanent residence in the City of Ljubljana and type of scholarship

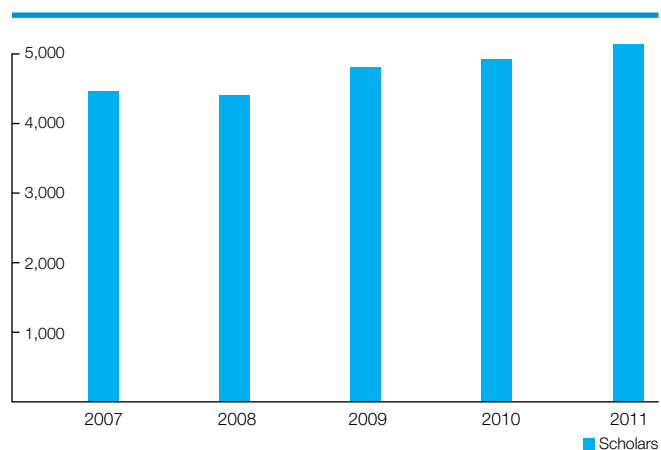
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total public and private	4,462	4,399	4,800	4,918	5,140
Sponsorship	569	606	674	642	457
State scholarship	2,044	1,731	2,106	2,137	2,851
Zois scholarship	1,811	1,848	1,961	1,848	1,737
Scholarships for Slovenes in neighbouring countries and abroad	-	17	28	31	36
Other scholarship	38	197	31	260	59

20.22 Students and pupils receiving scholarships by activities of sponsors in the City of Ljubljana and by type of scholarship, 2011

	Total	Sponsorship	State scholarship	Zois scholarship	Scholarships for Slovenes in neighbouring countries and abroad	Other scholarship
Total public and private	65,735	2,499	51,441	11,314	171	310
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	78	78	-	-	-	-
Electricity, gas, steam and conditioning supply	12	12	-	-	-	-
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	15	15	-	-	-	-
Wholesale, retail; repair of motor vehicles	103	103	-	-	-	-
Transportation and storage	6	6	-	-	-	-
Accommodation and food service activities	12	12	-	-	-	-
Information and communication	66	66	-	-	-	-
Financial and insurance activities	79	79	-	-	-	-
Real estate activities	16	16	-	-	-	-
Professional, scientific, technical activities	146	146	-	-	-	-
Administrative and support service activities	6	6	-	-	-	-
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	65,025	1,789	51,441	11,314	171	310
Education	5	5	-	-	-	-
Human health and social work activities	14	14	-	-	-	-
Arts, entertainment and recreation	144	144	-	-	-	-
Other service activities	8	8	-	-	-	-

20.23 Public and private scholarship recipients residing in the City of Ljubljana and average December scholarships

Year		Total	Sponsorship	Types of public and private scholarships			
				State scholarship	Zois scholarship	Scholarships for Slovenes in neighbouring countries and abroad	Other scholarship
2005	Number of scholars	5,032	420	2,540	1,901	-	171
	Average scholarship (EUR)	112.67	225.34	91.81	108.50	-	175.27
2006	Number of scholars	4,919	437	2,446	1,865	-	171
	Average scholarship (EUR)	116.86	225.38	96.00	108.52	-	191.99
2007	Number of scholars	4,462	569	2,044	1,811	-	38
	Average scholarship (EUR)	126.00	251.00	92.00	115.00	-	573.00
2008	Number of scholars	4,399	606	1,731	1,848	17	197
	Average scholarship (EUR)	147.46	309.90	99.13	122.43	251.47	251.47
2009	Number of scholars	4,800	674	2,106	1,961	28	31
	Average scholarship (EUR)	138.94	293.88	96.50	123.44	249.07	534.58
2010	Number of scholars	4,918	642	2,137	1,848	31	260
	Average scholarship (EUR)	156.80	328.05	98.70	132.70	247.97	373.24
2011	Number of scholars	5,140	457	2,851	1,737	36	59
	Average scholarship (EUR)	149.61	363.28	99.99	131.13	218.44	1,394.47

Scholarship holders residing in City of Ljubljana



21. Culture and Art ⁸⁵

Sources of data

Data on radio and TV subscribers was forwarded to us by RTV Slovenia's TV License Billing Department.

Up to 1989, the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia collected and processed the data on libraries, from 1990 this has been done by the National and University Library in Ljubljana which, as the central library in Slovenia, collects and processes the data on all the libraries (except for school libraries). The data on the general library was supplied by the Ljubljana City Library.

Data on the cinemas were provided by Kolosej Kinematografi d.o.o. (a multi-cinema complex in Ljubljana)

Data on theatres, philharmonic and professional orchestras, arts associations, museums and galleries were collected and processed by the Department of Statistics of the City of Ljubljana.

Broadcasting organizations are companies or institutions that create, prepare and distribute a programme aimed at the general public.

Only users who paid the subscription fee (now TV license fee) are included in the data on radio and TV subscribers. Subscribers who are exempt from paying the subscription fees and further sets, for which the subscription was not paid are not included in the data because a detail record is not kept.

Cinemas are halls or open spaces, showing films to the public. Statistics give the shows and visitors of feature-length movies and those short movies that filled the whole schedule of one cinema show.

Libraries are independent institutions or just parts (units) of other business entities. Their main activity is librarianship. Book material includes books, brochures, serials and non-book material.

Data on the Philharmonic, orchestras and police bands show professional orchestras and choirs, whose artistic staff are professional musicians who are regularly employed in the orchestra or choir. They can act as an independent organization or as a part of another institution.

Theatres are divided into professional, youth, children and amateur.

A **professional theatre** is an institution employing professional artists and other staff. This also includes experimental professional theatres and all other stages (e.g. Mala drama, Levi oder), operating in their own halls and staging their own shows.

Professional youth and children's theatres are institutions employing professional artists and other staff. They regularly stage shows for the youth and children.

» *The number of visitors of cultural events has been growing in recent years.*

Amateur theatres are societies; the artistic staff is largely non-professional, while professional directors, actors, stage designers and others may be involved in individual performances.

Museums are independent institutions, but can also be a part of other institutions or culture centres, operating on the basis of the Cultural Heritage Protection Act.

Galleries are independent institutions or just parts (units) of other business entities that prepare regular or temporary exhibitions.

21.1 Radio and television subscribers and visit to cinemas by year

Year	Number of persons liable to pay pay RTV subscription per 1000 inhabitants	Number of annual visits of cinemas
2001	373	5
2002	364	6
2003	364	7
2004	362	6
2005	366	5
2006	353	5
2007	357	5
2008	342	5
2009	350	4
2010	344	4
2011	334	4

21.2 Radio and television subscribers

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Radio and television clients - regular ¹⁾	95,360	94,542	97,511	96,394	93,585
Inhabitants on 1 receiver	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Clients on 1000 inhabitants	357	342	350	344	334

¹⁾ The number of legal and natural persons liable to pay RTV subscription.

21.3 Cinemas

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11
Cinemas	15	14	14	14	14
Seats	4,400	4,022	4,021	4,022	4,054
Performances	20,626	21,207	20,392	20,437	20,987
Attendance / 1000	1,120	1,139	1,115	1,054	991
Inhabitants/cinema	17,851	19,720	19,126	20,010	20,043
Head offices/cinema	293	287	287	287	290
Inhabitants/seats	61	68	68	70	69
A year visit/performance	5	5	4	4	4
Visitors/performance	52	54	55	52	47

21.4 Book fund - books, newspapers

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	8,806,394	9,139,136	9,675,912	9,449,922	9,405,767
National and University library	1,513,563	1,547,234	1,598,763	1,721,981	1,654,498
Library of SAZU	512,949	520,000	527,820	533,651	537,693
Higher education libraries	2,906,739	3,090,106	3,228,053	3,291,624	3,273,947
General libraries	1,383,733	1,446,168	1,589,276	1,613,357	1,656,637
Special libraries	2,489,410	2,535,628	2,732,000	2,289,309	2,282,992

21.5 General libraries

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of libraries	5	5	5	1 ¹⁾	1
Number of books	1,248,670	1,446,168	1,589,276	1,613,357	1,656,637
Inhabitants/library	53,552	55,218	55,930	280,140	280,607
Books/1000 inhabitants	4,659	5,239	5,676	5,759	5,904
Books/library	249,734	289,234	317,855	1,613,357	1,656,637

¹⁾ Since 2010, in assembly of institute City library Ljubljana, Library Bežigrad, Library Oton Župančič, Library Jože Mazovec, Library Šiška, Library Prežihov Voranc and Slovan library have been united as a unit.

21.6 Philharmonic society and professional orchestras

	Concerts	Visitors	
		All	Visitors/concert
Slovenian Philharmonic Orchestra ¹⁾			
2005/06	106	94,401	891
2006/07	96	77,980	812
2007/08	97	82,825	854
2008/09	97	82,825	854
2009/10	96	82,647	861
2010/11	110	100,079	910
RTV Slovenia Symphony Orchestra			
2005/06	47	52,520	1,117
2006/07	31	33,530	1,082
2007/08	31	33,530	1,082
2008/09	37	36,000	973
2009/10	30	24,030	801
2010/11	41	28,200	688
Big-Band RTV Slovenia			
2005/06	37	27,900	754
2006/07	42	17,850	425
2007/08	40	21,700	543
2008/09	37	15,000	405
2009/10	29	15,500	534
2010/11	26	17,200	662
Police Orchestra ²⁾			
2005/06	68	25,630	377
2006/07	64	21,140	330
2007/08	50	14,300	286
2008/09	40	14,250	356
2009/10	90	21,000	233
2010/11	54	15,980	296

¹⁾ Included concerts of the Slovenian Philharmonic Orchestra and the Slovenian Chamber Choir.

²⁾ Besides solo concerts the data also include performances of Police Orchestra with other orchestras at various concerts.

21.7 Professional and amateur theatres

Year	Number of seats	Performances		Visitors	
		All	Guest appearance	All	Visitors/performance
Professional theatres					
Slovenian National Theatre Drama ¹⁾					
2005/06	520	360	62	87,432	243
2006/07	526	377	46	81,142	215
2007/08	526	387	59	84,169	217
2008/09	528	434	65	77,362	178
2009/10	528	431	64	79,392	184
2010/11	528	461	107	90,887	197
SNG Opera and Ballet ²⁾					
2005/06	518	90	7	66,454	738
2006/07	518	96	12	68,415	713
2007/08	518	102	15	70,315	689
2008/09	-	109	27	70,315	645
2009/10	-	124	26	72,315	583
2010/11	526	102	27	89,494	877
City Theatre of Ljubljana ³⁾					
2005/06	407	413	90	98,687	239
2006/07	407	477	87	97,693	205
2007/08	407	473	79	104,410	221
2008/09	407	431	42	94,002	218
2009/10	407	432	61	93,982	218
2010/11	407	423	72	96,204	227
Slovene youth theatre of Ljubljana					
2005/06	430	142	57	48,772	343
2006/07	390	193	40	42,916	222
2007/08	390	175	38	45,600	261
2008/09	390	358	62	64,859	181
2009/10	390	310	79	55,806	180
2010/11	418	303	62	48,043	159
Independet Theatre Groups					
Glej Theatre					
2005/06	75	76	33	5,839	77
2006/07	75	107	14	7,703	72
2007/08	75	136	14	9,280	68
2008/09	75	84	11	21,175	252
2009/10	75	174	47	18,939	109
2010/11	75	185	20	20,203	109
Ana Monro Theatre					
2005/06	100	45	45	10,140	225
2006/07	100	17	10	5,675	334
2007/08	100	18	12	6,000	333
2008/09	-	41	12	32,170	785
2009/10	-	148	3	46,790	316
2010/11	-	207	20	61,120	295

Year	Number sedežev	Predstave		Obiskovalci	
		Vse	Na go- stovanju	Vsi	Na predstavo
Siti Theatre BTC					
2010/11	242	280	100	33,000	118
Mini Theatre					
2010/11	220	379	104	70,000	185
Šentjakobsko Theatre Ljubljana					
2005/06	207	133	22	21,827	164
2006/07	207	122	12	20,301	166
2007/08	207	173	31	27,522	159
2008/09	207	160	43	32,183	201
2009/10	207	151	50	25,408	168
2010/11	207	145	49	21,300	147
Youth and Puppet Theatre					
Puppet Theatre Ljubljana					
2005/06	450	744	99	86,167	116
2006/07	380	628	130	81,788	130
2007/08	380	624	71	87,510	140
2008/09	410	832	152	97,299	117
2009/10	410	744	133	94,386	127
2010/11	410	909	257	115,307	127
Producers of theatre activity					
Cankarjev dom					
2005/06	2.675	85	12	7,500	88
2006/07	2.675	90	15	8,200	91
2007/08	2.675	102	12	9,350	92
2008/09	2.675	95	11	8,540	90
2009/10	2.528	59	29	12,098	205
2010/11	2.528	59	29	12,098	205

¹⁾ Included are the big stage and Mala drama.

²⁾ Included are the Opera and the Ballet.

³⁾ Also small scene is considered.

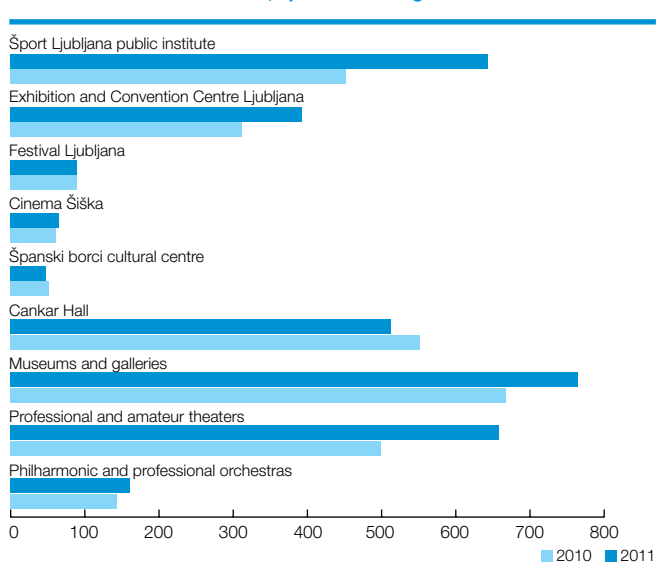
21.8 Cultural, sports and convention centres

	2010		2011	
	Number of events	Number of visitors	Number of events	Number of visitors
Cankar Hall	1,933	551,444	1,358	511,856
Španski borci cultural centre	428	52,000	446	48,000
Cinema Šiška	243	61,429	248	64,946
Festival Ljubljana	210	90,000	172	90,400
Exhibition and Convention Centre Ljubljana	240	311,520	201	393,229
Šport Ljubljana public institute	135	451,617	184	643,100

21.9 Museums and galleries

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Museums					
Number	15	14	14	14	14
Visitors	274,170	282,122	288,100	342,623	392,806
Galleries					
Number	35	33	34	19 ¹⁾	18 ¹⁾
Visitors	489,810	503,078	506,813	325,780	370,775

¹⁾ Number of exhibition galleries.

Number of visitors of cultural, sports and congress events in 000



22. Sports

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Sources of data

This data was collected in the City of Ljubljana, Department of Sport.

Methodological explanations

Data on membership in sports organizations were forwarded by sports clubs which had applied for the co-financing of their program.

Data on the areas covered by sports facilities were collected by Šport Ljubljana.

» *Areas intended for sports activities have increased in recent years and facilities that enable world-class events have been constructed.*

22.1 Number of members by forms of sport, which are co-financed by City of Ljubljana

Event	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Event	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	12,891	13,857	19,161	16,504	15,433	Swimming	503	481	671	679	497
Alpine skiing	73	101	693	125	153	Rock'n roll dances	1,039	108	55	47	80
Athletics	1,628	1,119	1,176	1,266	636	Modern competitive dances	-	988	1,205	953	1,342
Road speed motoring	23	30	41	-	-	Standard in Latin dances	-	71	55	70	79
Mountain speed motoring	53	30	60	-	-	Wrestling - Greek roman style	-	-	-	6	10
Rally	57	30	65	-	-	Fencing	-	97	73	71	60
Badminton	70	463	652	338	557	Savate	-	-	-	162	156
Bowls	68	84	419	23	315	Skiing free style	-	-	56	3	131
Boxing	32	82	91	103	7	Skiing - biathlon	-	13	56	22	36
Snowboard	-	-	265	-	-	Ski jumps	58	47	115	63	61
Figure skating	64	56	65	47	27	Cross-country skiing	-	-	325	154	37
Weightlifting	25	25	20	32	8	Squash	11	52	64	22	38
Gymnastics	456	640	721	627	686	Shooting with weapon	152	127	124	82	111
Golf	-	-	29	-	-	Taekwondo (ITF)	391	48	65	103	43
Sailing	-	-	164	66	129	Taekwondo (WTF)	-	290	255	268	421
Jiu-jitsu	-	-	31	5	8	Tennis	369	348	325	261	498
Judo	914	896	2,456	1,676	538	Triathlon	78	81	52	26	67
Kayak canoe - calm waters	-	-	-	172	46	Rowing	42	72	37	37	48
Kayak canoe - slalom	-	187	175	226	90	Baseball	354	242	313	281	313
Kayak canoe - downhill	162	187	175	226	90	Curling	-	-	-	-	10
Karate	64	93	99	99	159	Floorball	-	56	47	30	52
Bowling	247	224	348	436	299	Hockey	284	303	220	286	286
Kickboxing (WAKO)	48	48	51	107	6	Basketball	982	1,053	1,216	1,343	1,349
Road cycling races	104	74	134	76	108	Basketball - deaf - mute	-	16	-	-	-
Cycling - BMX	-	-	-	56	4	Football	2,370	2,585	2,996	2,739	3,385
Cycling mountain	-	-	52	56	79	Volleyball	394	410	415	489	422
Horse breeding - breaking in	110	68	80	88	90	Beach volleyball	-	-	-	-	10
Horse breeding - leaping of barriers	-	72	91	88	100	Handball	1,172	637	933	1,103	573
Roller skating artistically	-	-	-	19	0	Rugby	98	806	847	628	731
Hang gliding - cross country	-	-	-	8	8	Water polo	240	186	224	285	89
Table tennis	108	175	237	319	253	Sitting volleyball - sport persons with disabilities	-	-	-	-	14
Table tennis - sport persons with disabilities	-	-	-	-	64	Golbal - sport persons with disabilities	-	-	-	-	11
Sport climbing	48	56	27	7	13						

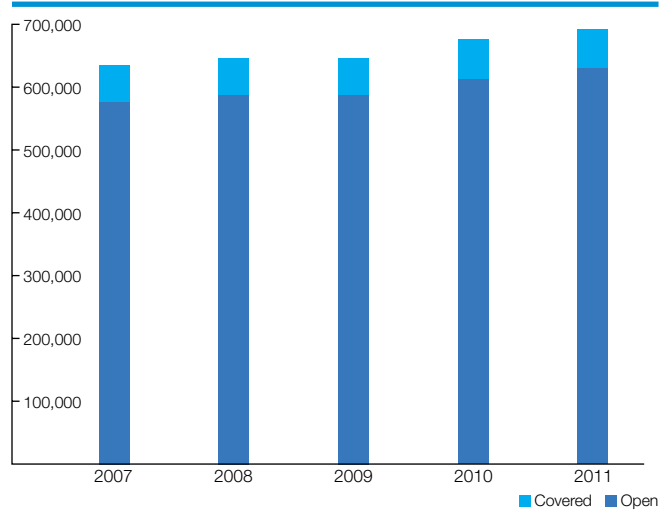
22.2 Number of members by forms of sport, which are co-financed by City of Ljubljana in 2011

	Number of registered members	Number of associations, that they perform in official competitive system at least 3 years	Medals	Class					
				Total	world	international	perspective	state	youth
Total	15,433	161	38	1,031	28	75	99	478	351
Alpine skiing	153	4	1	22	0	0	4	18	
Athletics	636	4	1	121	1	3	8	58	51
Badminton	557	5	0	5	0	0	0	3	2
Bowls	315	1	4	7	0	3		4	
Boxing	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Figure skating	27	2	0	4	0	0	0	2	2
Weightlifting	8	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Gymnastics	686	8	0	39	5	6		22	6
Sailing	129	2	0	4	0	0	4	0	0
Jiu-jitsu	8	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
Judo	538	8	6	57	2	1	5	21	28
Kayak canoe - calm waters	46	1	0	4	0	0	0	4	
Kayak canoe - slalom	90	3	2	25	3	6	5	2	9
Kayak canoe - downhill	90	3	3	18	2	2	5	4	5
Karate	159	4	0	3	0	0	0	1	2
Bowling	299	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0
Kickboxing (WAKO)	6	1	1	11	3	0	1	6	1
Road cycling races	108	1	1	24	0	0	4	7	13
Cycling - BMX	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cycling mountain	79	1	0	7	0	0	0	4	3
Horse breeding - breaking in	90	1	0	6	0	0	0	5	1
Horse breeding - leaping of barriers	100	1	0	35	0	2	0	30	3
Roller skating artistically	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hang gliding - cross country	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Table tennis	253	5	0	8	0	0	1	5	2
Table tennis - sport persons with disabilities	64	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Sport climbing	13	2	1	6	0	4	1	0	1
Swimming	497	2	1	75	1	1	3	68	2
Rock'n'roll dances	80	1	0	6	0	0	2	1	3
Modern competitive dances	1,342	3	5	42	3	5	11	12	11
Standard in Latin dances	79	2	1	17	2	2	0	8	5
Wrestling - Greek roman style	10	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	
Fencing	60	1	0	25	0	0	0	16	9
Savate	156	3	5	39	0	6	0	27	6
Skiing free style	131	2	0	6	0	1	0	5	
Skiing - biathlon	36	1	0	3	0	0	1	1	1
Ski jumps	61	2	2	21	2	0	4	9	6
Cross-country skiing	37	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Squash	38	1	0	5	0	0	0	4	1
Shooting with weapon	111	3	1	11	1	0	1	9	0
Taekwondo (ITF)	43	2	0	2	0	1		1	
Taekwondo (WTF)	421	4	2	13	0	2	2	4	5
Tennis	498	13	0	29	0	0	2	18	9
Triathlon	67	1	0	4	0	0		3	1
Rowing	48	1	0	8	0	2	2	1	3
Baseball	313	2	0	50	0	0	0	50	0
Curling	10	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Floorball	52	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Hockey	286	3	0	53	0	8	12	21	12
Basketball	1,349	12	0	89	3	1	12	5	68
Football	3,385	9	0	26	0	0	0	1	25
Volleyball	422	8	0	31	0	6	5	0	20
Beach volleyball	10	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	
Handball	573	7	0	53	0	11	2	7	33
Rugby	731	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water polo	89	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Sitting volleyball - sport persons with disabilities	14	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Golbal - sport persons with disabilities	11	1	0	5	0	0	0	5	0

22.3 Sport surfaces within administration of City of Ljubljana

	In m ²				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	633,670	645,658	645,658	675,727	692,812
Outside surfaces	576,082	587,533	587,533	612,227	629,312
Covered surfaces	57,588	58,125	58,125	63,500	63,500

Sports area in the management of City of Ljubljana (in m²)





23. Health

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Sources of data

The data is taken from the results of statistical research in health care, prepared by the Department of Health and Social Care in the City of Ljubljana (Table 1), The Institute of Public Health of Ljubljana (Tables 2 to 9).

Methodological explanation

The number of employees is shown regardless of the amount of time spent doing their work.

» *The number of primary health care programs remains in the same range as in the past, providing a high level of primary health care.*

23.1 Basic health care by type of program

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Scope of the programs of Primary Care in ZDL	250.34	250.32	250.32	251.41	254.41
General medicine	92.12	92.15	92.15	92.37	94.37
Dental medicine of adults	53.33	53.33	53.33	54.20	54.20
Dental medicine of children and youth	38.07	38.07	38.07	38.07	38.07
Gynecology and obstetrics	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00
Orthodontist	6.83	6.83	6.83	6.83	6.83
Pediatrics	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60
School medicine	25.39	25.34	25.34	25.34	25.34
Scope of the programs of concessionaire physicians and dentists in primary health care within the public health service network MOL	98.64	99.64	99.64	99.64	99.64
General medicine	30.50	31.50	31.50	31.50	31.95
Dental medicine of adults	35.69	35.69	35.69	35.69	35.69
Dental medicine of children and youth	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75
Gynecology and obstetrics	9.05	9.05	9.05	9.05	9.05
Orthodontist	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40
Pediatrics	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80
School medicine	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.00
Scope of the programs of concessionaire physicians and other providers ¹⁾ of Primary Care within the public health service network	29.49	29.56	29.18	29.20	29.34
General medicine	6.98	6.98	6.90	6.90	6.98
Dental medicine of adults	11.36	11.13	10.83	10.75	9.81
Dental medicine of children and youth	0.20	0.50	0.50	0.60	0.60
Gynecology and obstetrics	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75
Orthodontist	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	5.20

¹⁾ Source: City of Ljubljana. Here are included programmes of doctors and dentists operating in the University Medical Centre Ljubljana, Railway Health Centre and the Secondary School for pharmacy, cosmetics and health.

23.2 Basic health care - general medicine

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public and private					
Physicians	127	123	133	157	124 ¹⁾
Nurses (of high, more highly and centrally)	112	116	119	161	128 ¹⁾
Working hours of physicians	181,090	175,614	190,030	225,924	177,627 ¹⁾
Curative consultations of physicians - total	830,947	811,919	848,017	720,841	802,724
first	446,853	429,142	480,250	447,252	453,609
all next	384,094	382,777	367,767	273,589	349,115
Number of curative consultations per physician	6,543	6,601	6,376	4,591	6,474
Number of curative consultations per hour	4.6	4.6	4.5	3.2	4.5
Preventive visits - total	-	-	-	15,067	16,038
Curative and protective visits - total	-	-	-	735,908	818,762
Number of visits per physician	-	-	-	4,687	6,603
Number of visits per hour	-	-	-	3.3	4.6

¹⁾ No data from UMC.

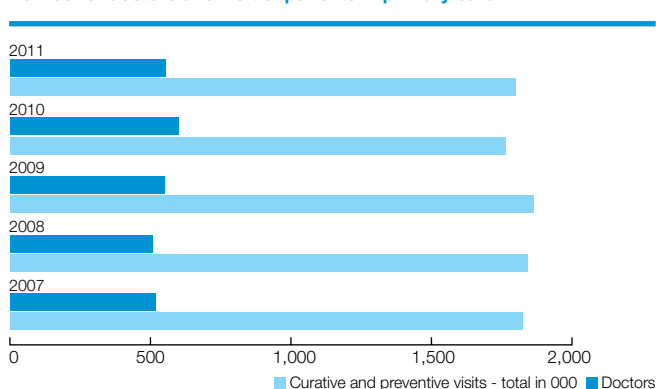
23.3 Basic health care - children protection

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public and private					
Physicians	32	33	33	42	27
Nurses (of high, more highly and centrally)	44	46	45	55	39
Working hours of physicians	46,367	47,116	47,356	59,385	38,110
Curative consultations of physicians - total	132,849	134,121	132,842	125,624	118,132
first	93,440	93,159	95,680	93,454	89,039
all next	39,409	40,962	37,162	32,170	29,093
Number of curative consultations per physician	4,152	4,064	4,026	2,991	4,375
Number of curative consultations per hour	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.1	3.1
Preventive visits - total	33,822	38,966	37,383	40,267	24,204
Curative and protective visits - total	-	-	-	165,891	142,336
Number of visits per physician	-	-	-	3,950	5,272
Number of visits per hour	-	-	-	2.8	3.7

23.4 Basic health care - protection of school children

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public and private					
Physicians	31	27	29	34	21
Nurses (of high, more highly and centrally)	43	39	40	51	32
Working hours of physicians	44,383	38,747	40,961	48,545	27,327
Curative consultations of physicians - total	127,434	147,854	147,718	138,256	122,853
first	82,974	98,540	100,065	92,990	81,973
all next	44,460	49,314	47,653	45,266	40,880
Number of curative consultations per physician	4,111	5,476	5,094	4,066	5,850
Number of curative consultations per hour	2.9	3.8	3.6	2.8	4.2
Preventive visits - total	36,668	46,703	41,919	45,060	28,441
Curative and protective visits - total	-	-	-	183,316	151,294
Number of visits per physician	-	-	-	5,392	7,204
Number of visits per hour	-	-	-	3.8	5.2

Number of doctors and visit of patients in primary care



23.5 Basic health care - protection of women

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public and private					
Physicians	28	29	30	30 (+6 UMC)	21 ¹⁾
Nurses (of high, more highly and centrally)	34	38	39	33 (+13 UMC)	16 ¹⁾
Working hours of physicians	40,422	40,970	42,869	51,382	29,372 ¹⁾
Curative consultations - total	85,155	85,762	81,808	70,963	56,535 ²⁾
first	64,132	63,850	62,576	54,903	38,334 ²⁾
all next	15,114	15,567	13,374	8,804	10,690 ²⁾
visit of pregnant women	5,909	6,345	5,858	7,256	7,511 ²⁾
Number of consultations per physicians	3,041	2,940	2,727	2,365	2,692 ²⁾
Number of consultations per physicians	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.4	1.9 ²⁾
Preventive consultations of pregnant women					
total	28,038	29,413	29,111	36,194	35,959 ²⁾
first	5,677	5,977	5,609	4,739	4,788 ²⁾
all next	22,361	23,436	23,502	31,455	35,425 ²⁾
Preventive consultations for childbirth	4,606	4,410	4,705	4,955	3,685 ²⁾
Preventive consultations - others	39,985	39,595	33,155	39,407	35,425 ²⁾
All visits	-	-	-	151,519	131,604
Number of visits per physician	-	-	-	5,051	6,267
Number of visits per hour	-	-	-	3.0	4.5

¹⁾ No data from UMC.

²⁾ Few data from UMC.

Note: the number of doctors and nurses is calculated from working hours (doctors - 1430 hours, nurses - 1430 hours); the number of doctors and nurses is not realistic due to the different number of hours worked in the clinics.

23.6 Basic health care - occupational, traffic and sport medicine

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public and private					
Physicians	28	29	32	42	36 ¹⁾
Nurses (of high, more highly and centrally)	38	43	40	55	51 ¹⁾
Working hours of physicians	39,355	40,850	44,997	59,975	50,881 ¹⁾
Number of consultations per physicians	2,487	2,800	2,487	1,721	2,209
Number of consultations per hour	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.2	1.4
Preventive consultations - total	69,628	81,197	79,581	72,292	72,897

¹⁾ No data from UMC (data from the database BPI)

The number of doctors and nurses is calculated from working hours (doctors - 1430 hours, nurses - 1430 hours).

Source: Medical Statistics - computer-aided program - ZUBZS

23.7 Basic health care - dentist activity

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public and private					
Youth dental medicine					
Dentists	88	84	90	98	92
Curative consultations	154,259	158,782	147,124	141,114	147,742
Preventive consultations	16,791	18,108	14,375	16,761	18,783
Number of consultations per physicians	1,944	2,106	1,794	1,610	1,810
General and secondary level dental medicine					
Dentists	184	181	201	190	231 ¹⁾
Curative consultations	335,943	332,331	344,824	357,886	362,108 ¹⁾
Curative consultations per dentist	1,826	1,836	1,715	1,884	1,568 ¹⁾

¹⁾ No data are available from UMC.

Source: Report on the activities of dental care (Form no. 3-09-60).

23.8 Health care at secondary level

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public and private					
Physicians	108	106	323	138 (+237 UMC, OI)	122 (+92 OI) ²⁾
Nurses (of high, more highly and centrally)	81	125	368	114 (+349 UMC, OI)	89 (+87 OI) ²⁾
Working hours of physicians	406,476	516,144	473,838	535,623	206,164 ²⁾
Curative consultations of physicians - total	1,410,869	1,403,366	1,428,460	1,494,276	1,400,536
first	1,091,321	1,091,428	1,102,876	935,826	702,512
all next	319,548	311,938	325,584	558,450	698,024
Number of consultations per hour	3.5	2.7	3.0	2.8	6.8
Preventive consultations	-	-	-	40,227	57,904

¹⁾ UMC - no data for staff, working hours are included.

²⁾ There is no data from UMC.

Note: the number of doctors and nurses is calculated from working hours (doctors - 1430 hours, nurses - 1430 hours); the number of doctors and nurses is not realistic because of the different number of hours worked in the clinics.

Source: Medical Statistics - computer-aided program - ZUBZS.

23.9 Hospitals

	2007 ¹⁾	2008 ²⁾	2009 ¹⁾	2010 ¹⁾	2011 ²⁾
Public and private					
Physicians	1,406	1,606	1,402	1,330	1,227
Nurses - of high	841	968	861	1,306	1,410
Nurses - more highly and centrally	2,908	2,925	2,885	2,820	2,782
Beds	3,343	3,343	3,321	3,283	3,315
Number of accepted patients	106,755	109,008	108,686	104,608	115,439
Average number of days within hospital	7.9	7.7	8.3	8.2	7.2

¹⁾ Included physicians and nurses that work only at stationary institutes.

²⁾ Included physicians and nurses that work at stationary institutes and Faculty of medicine).



24. Justice and Criminal Offences

Sources of data

Data on convicted persons are collected by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia, the data on criminal offences were supplied by the Ministry of the Interior of the Republic of Slovenia. Data on offenders are the result of regular annual statistical research of criminal justice statistics. The subject of these researches is criminality, which in terms of statistical research encompasses the process ranging from the filing of charges for a criminal offense to the final completion of the case by the competent authority.

Methodological explanations

Included in the data is adult convicts, i.e. persons aged 18 or above at the time of the offense who have been convicted by the courts of general jurisdiction of the Republic of Slovenia. Juvenile offenders are people who have, at the time of the offense, already reached age 14, but not yet 18 and have been sentenced to a juvenile prison or who have been imposed with a correctional measure.

Statistics, then, show all adult and juvenile persons against whom the proceedings before the senate in the past year had been finalised.

Criminality is the sum of all committed criminal offenses. Criminality as a statistical area is a common term for the process ranging from the filing of charges for a criminal offense to the final completion of the case by the competent authority.

A **criminal offense** is an illegal act which is considered by the law, because of its dangerous nature, as a criminal act and the law also lays down the offense's signs (Penal Code, Article 7). Criminal offenses are defined by criminal law. In cases where persons have been on trial for the committed criminal offenses which were determined by the Penal Code of the SAS (Official Gazette of the SAS, no. 12/77) and the Penal Code of the SFRY (Official Gazette of the SFRY, 44/76), the data was rearranged, by groups of criminal offenses, in accordance with the Penal Code (Official Gazette of the RS, no. 5/04).

From 1.11.2008, the new Penal Code is in force (Official Journal of the RS, No. 55/2008).

If one person commits more criminal offenses, only the main criminal offense is tracked as the offenders characteristic (it is determined, with a reply to a specific question, if there is a continuation of criminal offenses). The main criminal offense is the one which is most severely punishable by law. If the same type of punishment is determined by law for two or more criminal offenses, the main criminal offense is considered to be the one which was assigned with the highest specific penalty or the one that the public prosecutor or judge considered to be more severe.

Adult offenders are persons who have already reached age 18 at the time of the offense. Juvenile offenders are persons who have, by the time of the offense, reached the age of 14, but not yet the age of 18.

» *The number of offenses and the number of convicted people in Ljubljana is decreasing.*

For adult offenders, all previous convictions after the age of 18 count as previous offenses. As for juvenile convictions, only the ones involving fines or juvenile prisons are taken into account. For juvenile offenders, only convictions ending in correctional measures or penalties are taken into account as previous offenses.

Criminal offenses are considered as organized crime when they are executed by a criminal group that has internal rules of conduct and act in an entrepreneurial way, with the intention of obtaining pecuniary advantage or social power. To do this it uses violence or corruption; it influences politicians, public administration, law, economy and the media; or is operating on an international level.

24.1 Convicted adults by type of criminal offences, residence in Ljubljana

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	1,092	1,005	922	927	917
Against life and body	82	54	53	57	44
Against human and civil freedoms and rights	79	69	55	73	64
Against honour and good name	6	2	2	9	4
Against sexual inviolability	8	12	9	12	11
Against human health	53	32	32	69	81
Against matrimony, family and youth	19	18	17	28	31
Against employment and social security	1	-	2	5	9
Against property	610	576	538	458	455
Against economy	49	36	37	48	47
Against legal business	29	33	41	30	38
Against official obligation and public authority	-	1	4	3	5
Against the administration of justice	12	8	9	7	16
Against public order and peace	85	114	87	82	65
Against the general safety of people and property	5	7	4	6	7
Against the safety of public transport	47	41	32	37	38
Against the environment, space and natural assets	4	-	-	2	1
Against humanity and international law	-	-	-	-	1
Other criminal offences	3	2	-	1	-

24.2 Convicted adults by type of criminal offences, place of criminal offence is Ljubljana

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	1,289	1,224	1,099	1,100	1,069
Against life and body	75	72	56	60	60
Against human and civil freedoms and rights	96	79	58	70	66
Against honour and good name	11	3	4	10	6
Against sexual inviolability	12	15	15	12	15
Against human health	66	44	55	80	98
Against matrimony, family and youth	23	25	11	36	37
Against employment and social security	1	-	1	2	10
Against property	724	703	644	576	510
Against economy	53	72	46	64	72
Against legal business	50	55	73	62	49
Against official obligation and public authority	3	6	6	2	7
Against the administration of justice	16	9	14	9	15
Against public order and peace	96	87	70	62	66
Against the general safety of people and property	5	6	7	4	7
Against the safety of public transport	52	46	39	47	47
Against the environment, space and natural assets	4	-	-	2	2
Against humanity and international law	-	-	-	-	2
Other criminal offences	2	2	-	2	-

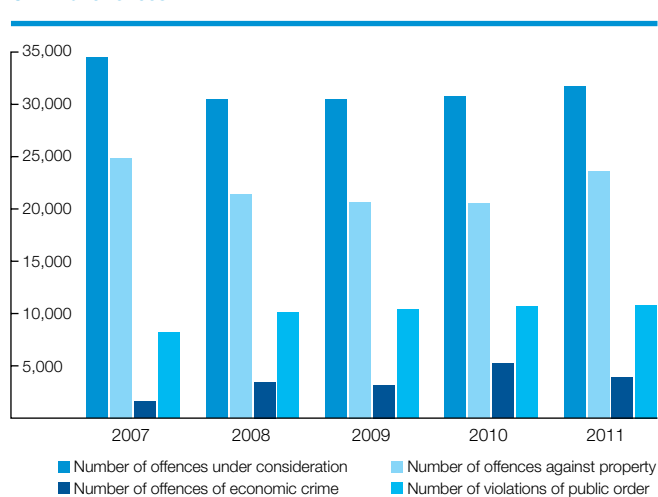
24.3 Juveniles against who educational measure or sentence have been imposed, by type of criminal offences, residence in Ljubljana

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	66	80	48	32	51
Against life and body	5	-	1	3	4
Against human and civil freedoms and rights	5	4	2	-	1
Against sexual inviolability	-	1	1	-	-
Against human health	1	5	2	-	4
Against property	41	56	35	24	28
Against economy	2	-	-	-	-
Against legal business	1	-	-	-	-
Against the administration of justice	1	1	-	1	-
Against public order and peace	7	10	5	3	8
Against the general safety of people and property	-	-	-	-	-
Against the safety of public transport	3	3	1	1	-
Against marriage, family and children	-	-	1	-	4
Against labour and social security	-	-	-	-	2

24.4 Juveniles against who educational measure or sentence have been imposed, by type of criminal offences, place of criminal offence is Ljubljana

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	68	103	57	40	52
Against life and body	5	3	4	4	4
Against human and civil freedoms and rights	4	4	2	-	1
Against sexual inviolability	-	3	-	-	1
Against human health	1	4	3	1	3
Against property	41	73	40	30	29
Against economy	2	-	-	-	-
Against legal business	1	2	-	-	-
Against the administration of justice	1	1	1	1	-
Against public order and peace	11	10	4	3	9
Against the general safety of people and property	-	-	-	-	-
Against the safety of public transport	2	3	1	1	-
Against marriage, family and children	-	-	2	-	4
Against labour and social security	-	-	-	-	1

Criminal offences



24.5 Criminal offences

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
The number of criminal offences	34,467	30,430	30,433	30,775	31,678
Share investigated crimes	34.0	34.7	36.1	41.0	40.2
Number of offences against property	24,859	21,364	20,675	20,500	23,563
The number of crimes against the economy	1,601	3,458	3,173	5,206	3,928
The number of offences of economic crime	-	-	-	-	5,585
The number of violations of public order	8,197	10,075	10,377	10,670	10,819



25. Research and Development

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Sources of data

Data on research and development activities are collected each year in accordance with the international OECD Frascati methodology. Data are collected through the statistical reports of companies and institutions that are required to report their statistics.

For this purpose, we have five types of questionnaires: R-RD-PS, R-RD-PRI, R-RD-VŠZ, R-RD-ZR and R-RD-D. On the first four questionnaires, contractors of research and development activities report on their work, while on questionnaire R-RD-D all ministries and government offices as well as agencies report on the government budget appropriations granted by the government to contractors of research and development activities in the Republic of Slovenia.

Methodological explanations

Research and development encompasses creative and systematic work aimed at increasing knowledge and the use of this knowledge in developing new applications.

Research work are projects implemented by scientific research organizations and are a result of discovering and developing of existing skills and experience. Completed research projects are those that are completed by 31 December regardless of when they started.

Employed persons are shown after the state as it was on 31 December. Not considered are those who engage in research activities less than 10% of their working time.

The business sector includes companies whose core business is the market output of goods and services. The business sector also includes public enterprises and private non-profit institutes.

Public research institutions include non-financial corporations under public supervision and direct users of the state budget. These institutes include museums, central libraries and others who, in addition to their basic activities, perform research and development work.

Private researchers are a part of private non-profit institutions. They are funded by the founder, while a part of the funds are contributed by the state and companies.

The higher education sector consists of public higher education institutions and research institutes. The sector's core are universities and colleges.

The foreign sector includes all institutions and individuals located outside the borders of each country and are operated by domestic organizations. It also includes international organizations in this country.

» *A large number of employees in research-development activities is also followed by a large number of published scientific works.*

25.1 Research-development activity

Year	Number of			Persons in paid employment in research-development activities	Research projects	
	Organizations	Units	Higher education organisations		Finished	Published
2001	151	65	24	4,804	2,518	9,658
2002	153	70	23	4,643	2,316	9,032
2003 ¹⁾	81	...	20	3,826	2,152	6,181
2004	104	...	20	3,912	2,357	6,400
2005	133	...	21	5,023	2,751	8,992
2006	116	...	26	5,394	2,376	8,376
2007	131	...	27	5,789	2,670	8,794
2008	131	...	29	6,451	3,471	9,421
2009	239	...	29	6,782	2,948	9,117
2010	246	...	30	6,909	2,707	11,370

¹⁾ Since 2003 onwards, only government and higher education sectors report about published projects.

25.2 Persons in paid employment in research-development activity for definite and indefinite period by sectors of employment, unit: FTE (full-time equivalent) ¹⁾

Year	Total	Business sector	Government sector	Higher education sector	Private researchers
2001	4,804	1,129	2,269	1,315	91
2002	4,643	1,220	2,149	1,179	95
2003	3,826	1,215	1,506	1,088	17
2004	3,912	1,200	1,556	1,137	19
2005	5,023	1,277	2,297	1,436	13
2006	5,394	1,400	2,610	1,371	13
2007	5,789	1,506	2,844	1,429	10
2008	6,451	1,976	2,898	1,567	10
2009	6,782	2,120	3,003	1,650	9
2010	6,909	2,172	2,865	1,865	7

¹⁾ Persons in paid employment include all those who are directly or indirectly related to scientific research or R & D work in the observation unit (researchers, professionals, technicians, managers and other staff). Staff that doesn't work full-time in research-development activity (those whose work hours amount to less than 90% and more than 10% of full time work hours) is specifically shown in regard to the full-time equivalent (FTE).

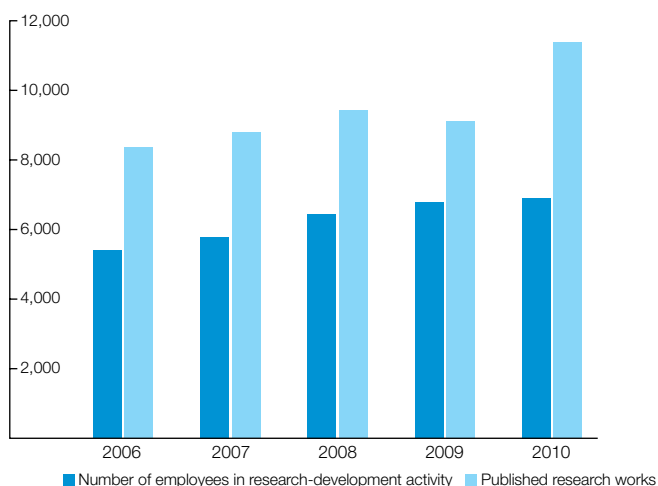
25.3 All persons and researches in paid employment in research-development activity by sector and fields of science, unit: FTE (full-time equivalent)

Sektorji in vede	2008			2009			2010		
	All employment	Researchers	Researchers - women	All employment	Researchers	Researchers - women	All employment	Researchers	Researchers - women
Total	6,451	4,398	1,607	6,783	4,526	2,754	6,909	4,565	1,809
Natural sciences	2,844	1,832	478	2,726	1,689	1,049	2,680	1,622	610
Engineering	1,819	1,160	179	2,190	1,356	625	2,209	1,358	338
Medical Sciences	513	446	325	579	492	367	646	545	316
Agricultural Sciences	262	158	191	231	129	110	279	165	80
Social Sciences	558	437	219	570	467	321	609	485	252
Humanities	453	363	215	491	397	282	488	392	213
Business sector	1,976	1,148	269	2,120	1,127	609	2,172	1,139	294
Natural sciences	950	527	57	986	488	364	963	468	178
Engineering	929	576	69	1,032	578	198	1,100	613	95
Medical Sciences	7	7	136	19	17	8	16	13	4
Agricultural Sciences	9	5	2	10	6	5	11	7	2
Social Sciences	81	33	5	73	38	34	82	38	15
Humanities	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Government sector	2,898	1,889	782	3,003	1,979	1,373	2,865	1,833	803
Natural sciences	1,507	1,005	351	1,555	1,039	631	1,533	990	383
Engineering	466	204	46	472	213	173	403	172	52
Medical Sciences	116	104	38	134	118	92	122	107	71
Agricultural Sciences	217	121	51	220	122	104	217	120	51
Social Sciences	250	198	150	254	206	167	222	164	100
Humanities	342	257	146	368	281	206	368	280	146
Higher educ. sector	1,567	1,351	552	1,651	1,411	768	1,865	1,586	709
Natural sciences	384	297	69	182	159	52	182	162	48
Engineering	420	376	64	683	562	254	704	571	191
Medical Sciences	390	335	151	426	357	267	508	425	241
Agricultural Sciences	35	31	138	0	0	0	50	37	26
Social Sciences	227	206	64	240	220	120	303	281	137
Humanities	111	106	66	120	113	75	118	110	66
Private researches	10	10	4	9	9	4	7	7	3
Natural sciences	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	2	1
Engineering	4	4	0	3	3	0	2	2	0
Social Sciences	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	1
Humanities	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

25.4 Persons in paid employment in research-development activity by occupation, unit: FTE (full-time equivalent)

	2007		2008		2009		2010	
	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women
Total	5,789	2,400	6,451	2,459	6,781	2,754	6,910	2,934
Researches	3,933	1,472	4,398	1,512	4,526	1,719	4,566	1,808
Technicians	1,263	579	1,427	572	1,656	695	1,658	730
Other	593	349	626	375	599	340	686	396
Business sector	1,506	488	1,976	496	2,120	610	2,172	671
Researches	880	228	1,148	233	1,128	271	1,140	294
Technicians	468	194	622	185	828	284	780	273
Other	158	66	206	78	164	55	252	104
Government sector	2,844	1,275	2,898	1,302	3,003	1,372	2,865	1,355
Researches	1,812	734	1,889	755	1,979	841	1,833	803
Technicians	653	300	646	295	652	294	670	318
Other	379	241	363	252	372	237	362	234
Higher educ. sector	1,429	634	1,567	657	1,649	768	1,866	905
Researches	1,231	507	1,351	520	1,410	603	1,586	708
Technicians	142	85	159	92	176	117	208	139
Other	56	42	57	45	63	48	72	58
Private researchers	10	3	10	4	9	4	7	3
Researches	10	3	10	4	9	4	7	3
Technicians	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
Other	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-

Research-development activity



25.5 All employees and researchers in research-development activity by level of professional education, 2010; unit: FTE (full-time equivalent)

Education degree	Total					Researches				
	Total	Ph. D.	University degree ¹⁾	Higher professio. education ²⁾	Other ³⁾	Total	Ph. D.	University degree	Higher professio. education	Other
Total	6,909	2,024	3,326	306	1,252	4,566	1,894	2,517	63	91
Business sector	2,172	292	1,145	135	599	1,140	234	763	57	86
Government sector	2,865	977	1,236	133	519	1,833	917	909	3	4
Higher education sector	1,865	752	942	38	133	1,586	740	842	3	0
Private researches	7	3	3	0	1	7	3	3	0	1

¹⁾ Includes Master of Science (former), specialization after university education (earlier), higher second degree, higher university (previous).

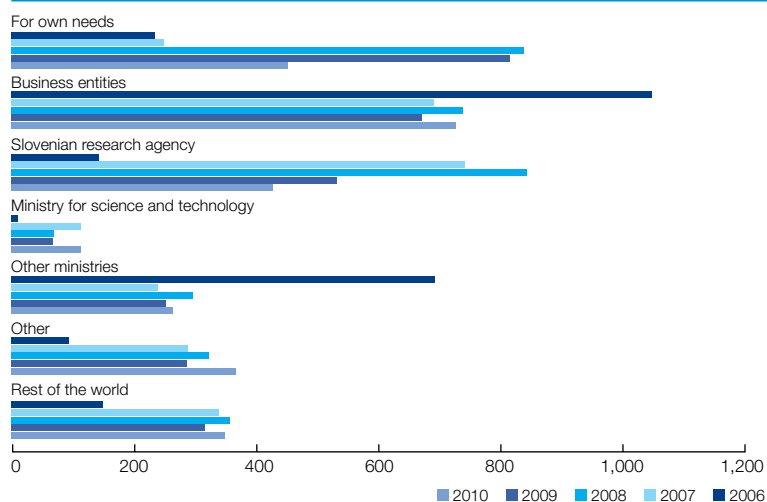
²⁾ Includes higher professional and university (both 1st degree Bologna), specialization after post-secondary education (earlier) and higher professional (previous).

³⁾ Includes college, vocational college, etc., High school or less.

25.6 Finished research projects by field of science and subscribers, 2010

Sectors and disciplines	Total	The sponsor and the type of research						
		For the needs of own business	Companies	Agency for research activity RS	Ministry for science and technology	Other ministries	Other	Foreign countries
Total	2,707	453	728	429	114	265	368	350
Natural sciences	1,124	126	222	250	27	145	228	126
Engineering	990	249	397	72	69	25	46	132
Medical Sciences	90	1	25	43	1	5	5	10
Agricultural Sciences	66	0	5	4	3	15	21	18
Social Sciences	379	77	77	32	10	68	61	54
Humanities	58	0	2	28	4	7	7	10
Business sector	812	428	127	21	45	49	62	80
Natural sciences	198	119	16	6	12	16	18	11
Engineering	484	248	91	9	25	17	29	65
Medical Sciences	5	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
Agricultural Sciences	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Social Sciences	123	60	19	5	6	16	14	3
Humanities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government sector	1,128	5	266	267	27	188	225	150
Natural sciences	853	4	179	218	15	129	201	107
Engineering	97	1	70	7	5	2	3	9
Medical Sciences	19	0	1	9	0	5	1	3
Agricultural Sciences	54	0	5	4	1	15	11	18
Social Sciences	71	0	11	13	4	34	4	5
Humanities	34	0	0	16	2	3	5	8
Higher education sector	744	20	323	141	42	25	73	120
Natural sciences	70	3	25	26	0	0	8	8
Engineering	404	0	231	56	39	6	14	58
Medical Sciences	66	0	23	33	1	0	3	6
Agricultural Sciences	10	0	0	0	0	0	10	0
Social Sciences	170	17	42	14	0	15	36	46
Humanities	24	0	2	12	2	4	2	2
Private researches	23	0	12	0	0	3	8	0
Natural sciences	3	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
Engineering	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
Medical Sciences	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Agricultural Sciences	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Social Sciences	15	0	5	0	0	3	7	0
Humanities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Completed research projects by clients who ordered the research works





26. The Ljubljana Urban Region

Sources of data

The data for the area are taken from the data of the Surveying and Mapping Authority of the Republic of Slovenia - Ljubljana branch; data in the fields of population, employment, agriculture, trade, catering and tourism, salaries, housing and education were collected by the Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia; data on companies were obtained from the Agency of the Republic of Slovenia for Payments, data on crafts by the Chamber of Crafts of Slovenia; data on motor vehicles by the Ministry of the Interior of the Republic of Slovenia.

Methodological explanations

The Ljubljana urban region consists of 26 municipalities, namely: Borovnica, Brezovica, Dobropolje, Dobrova – Polhov Gradec, Dol pri Ljubljani, Domžale, Grosuplje, Horjul, Ig, Ivančna Gorica, Kamnik, Komenda, Litija, Ljubljana, Log – Dragomer, Logatec, Lukovica, Medvode, Mengeš, Moravče, Škofljica, Šmartno pri Litiji, Trzin, Velike Lašče, Vodice and Vrhnika. This area also perfectly matches the statistical region of Central Slovenia in the statistical classification of regions.

Individual tables in this chapter differ in content, so the same methodological notes as in Chapters 1 to 25 apply to them.

» *In the Ljubljana Urban Region, Ljubljana is the generator of overall development.*

26.1 Area, condition on 31.12.2011

Municipality	Surface area in km ²
The Ljubljana urban region	2,555.1
Borovnica	42.3
Brezovica	91.2
Dobrepolje	103.1
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	117.5
Dol pri Ljubljani	33.3
Domžale	72.3
Grosuplje	133.8
Horjul	32.5
Ig	98.8
Ivančna Gorica	227.0
Kamnik	265.6
Komenda	24.1
Litija	221.4
Ljubljana	275.0
Log - Dragomer	11.1
Logatec	173.1
Lukovica	74.9
Medvode	77.6
Mengeš	22.5
Moravče	61.4
Škofljica	43.3
Šmartno pri Litiji	94.9
Trzin	8.6
Velike Lašče	103.2
Vodice	31.4
Vrhnika	115.2

26.2 Population by different groups, condition on 1.1.2012

Municipality	Population	Citizens of R. of Slovenia, inhabitants of Slovenia	Foreigners, inhabitants of Slovenia
The Ljubljana urban region	536,484	507,841	28,643
Borovnica	3,993	3,861	132
Brezovica	11,382	11,063	319
Dobrepolje	3,933	3,860	73
Dobrova - Polhov Gradec	7,449	7,319	130
Dol pri Ljubljani	5,558	5,430	128
Domžale	34,216	32,850	1,366
Grosuplje	19,521	18,561	960
Horjul	2,867	2,832	35
Ig	6,865	6,621	244
Ivančna Gorica	15,706	15,287	419
Kamnik	29,102	27,979	1,123
Komenda	5,682	5,482	200
Litija	14,900	14,463	437
Ljubljana	280,607	260,517	20,090
Log - Dragomer	3,631	3,550	81
Logatec	13,424	12,874	550
Lukovica	5,497	5,400	97
Medvode	15,618	15,072	546
Mengeš	7,404	7,140	264
Moravče	5,092	5,043	49
Škofljica	9,401	9,077	324
Šmartno pri Litiji	5,472	5,434	38
Trzin	3,835	3,742	93
Velike Lašče	4,201	4,138	63
Vodice	4,711	4,617	94
Vrhnika	16,417	15,629	788

26.3 Natural population change, marriages and divorces, 2011

Municipality	Common increase	Natural increase	Live births	Deaths	Net migration	Net migration		Marriages	Divorces
						Migration between municipalities	International migration		
The Ljubljana urban region	3,311	2,207	6,280	4,073	1,104	554	550	1,985	723
Borovnica	4	41	58	17	-37	-27	-10	10	8
Brezovica	251	67	147	80	184	160	24	36	22
Dobrepolje	40	0	54	54	40	49	-9	7	1
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	127	56	99	43	71	70	1	18	6
Dol pri Ljubljani	94	54	90	36	40	34	6	21	6
Domžale	288	170	399	229	118	103	15	121	54
Grosuplje	335	131	278	147	204	182	22	76	24
Horjul	-5	3	37	34	-8	-3	-5	18	2
Ig	66	31	72	41	35	28	7	34	10
Ivančna Gorica	258	110	222	112	148	126	22	67	17
Kamnik	57	188	405	217	-131	-166	35	144	35
Komenda	226	82	106	24	144	129	15	22	11
Litija	30	100	200	100	-70	-71	1	49	23
Ljubljana	562	792	2,971	2,179	-230	-695	465	1,005	399
Log - Dragomer	46	27	40	13	19	16	3	13	6
Logatec	191	46	168	122	145	156	-11	52	13
Lukovica	72	36	78	42	36	43	-7	24	7
Medvode	57	43	169	126	14	26	-12	57	16
Mengeš	21	4	85	81	17	5	12	17	11
Moravče	51	28	57	29	23	27	-4	25	7
Škofljica	264	77	130	53	187	177	10	44	7
Šmartno pri Litiji	24	-22	62	84	46	45	1	18	1
Trzin	-17	8	38	30	-25	-7	-18	11	5
Velike Lašče	45	26	59	33	19	20	-1	10	4
Vodice	100	41	61	20	59	60	-1	19	8
Vrhnika	124	68	195	127	56	67	-11	67	20

26.4 Persons in employment

Municipality	2008	2009	2010	2011	Ind. 10/09	Ind. 11/10
The Ljubljana urban region	281,185	279,692	275,436	272,896	98.5	99.1
Borovnica	699	770	782	766	101.6	98.0
Brezovica	2,286	2,272	2,277	2,334	100.2	102.5
Dobrepolje	968	962	948	1,032	98.5	108.9
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	1,344	1,339	1,259	1,359	94.0	108.0
Dol pri Ljubljani	1,137	1,168	1,146	1,155	98.1	100.8
Domžale	11,332	11,025	11,050	10,756	100.2	97.3
Grosuplje	6,141	6,153	5,997	5,890	97.5	98.2
Horjul	984	984	931	954	94.6	102.4
Ig	1,484	1,525	1,500	1,530	98.4	102.0
Ivančna gorica	4,231	4,146	4,080	4,145	98.4	101.6
Kamnik	8,320	8,075	7,662	7,655	94.9	99.9
Komenda	1,554	1,573	1,630	1,740	103.6	106.7
Litija	3,618	3,531	3,421	3,348	96.9	97.9
Ljubljana	208,112	207,494	205,064	203,168	98.8	99.1
Log-Dragomer	637	645	622	688	96.4	110.7
Logatec	4,066	3,833	3,697	3,887	96.5	105.1
Lukovica	1,145	1,156	1,164	1,226	100.7	105.3
Medvode	3,951	3,923	3,527	3,637	89.9	103.1
Mengeš	2,802	2,776	2,658	2,247	95.8	84.5
Moravče	717	748	754	817	100.9	108.4
Škofljica	1,883	1,936	1,921	2,043	99.2	106.3
Šmartno pri Litiji	1,229	1,124	1,093	1,150	97.3	105.2
Trzin	6,151	6,908	6,693	5,787	96.9	86.5
Velike Lašče	700	701	658	689	93.8	104.8
Vodice	811	825	857	880	103.9	102.7
Vrhnika	4,883	4,103	4,045	4,014	98.6	99.2

26.5 Number of employed and self-employed persons in municipalities of Republic of Slovenia, permanent residence in City of Ljubljana

Municipality	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total	115,740	118,610	115,083	110,981	109,848
Borovnica	97	122	129	153	102
Brezovica	421	416	410	412	425
Dobrepolje	60	54	65	71	73
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	173	191	177	158	164
Dol pri Ljubljani	243	269	247	218	231
Domžale	1,200	1,220	1,220	1,278	1,264
Grosuplje	764	786	740	739	769
Horjul	84	89	82	73	78
Ig	311	339	327	305	306
Ivančna gorica	432	409	382	371	338
Kamnik	417	426	435	415	441
Komenda	102	122	122	143	160
Litija	152	170	179	192	192
Ljubljana	100,192	102,182	98,731	95,181	93,821
Log-Dragomer	164	165	156	144	145
Logatec	255	284	253	318	326
Lukovica	97	106	105	121	121
Medvode	600	633	582	533	572
Mengeš	580	426	446	384	253
Moravče	26	36	43	41	45
Škofljica	391	408	430	438	465
Šmartno pri Litiji	83	71	60	57	58
Trzin	1,685	1,737	1,796	1,563	1,393
Velike Lašče	58	64	51	42	50
Vodice	101	113	116	118	107
Vrhnika	473	475	413	378	349
Other municipalities in R Slovenia	6,579	7,297	7,386	7,135	7,600

26.6 Number of employed and self-employed persons in City of Ljubljana by their municipality residence

Municipality	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
The Ljubljana urban region	203,218	209,804	205,313	201,739	204,727
Borovnica	927	962	944	925	913
Brezovica	2,754	2,847	2,872	2,922	2,923
Dobrepolje	731	744	728	716	684
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	1,754	1,802	1,774	1,686	1,688
Dol pri Ljubljani	1,457	1,506	1,525	1,507	1,499
Domžale	6,405	6,639	6,658	6,602	6,593
Grosuplje	4,328	4,437	4,463	4,376	4,365
Horjul	515	530	528	528	510
Ig	1,814	1,866	1,878	1,816	1,788
Ivančna gorica	2,791	2,896	2,982	2,986	2,984
Kamnik	3,948	4,179	4,176	4,173	4,198
Komenda	756	845	908	914	935
Litija	3,025	3,115	3,128	3,079	3,016
Ljubljana	100,192	102,182	98,731	95,181	93,821
Log-Dragomer	917	946	931	867	863
Logatec	1,869	1,971	2,039	2,071	2,138
Lukovica	773	828	833	802	817
Medvode	3,252	3,373	3,246	3,195	3,165
Mengeš	1,414	1,474	1,444	1,383	1,407
Moravče	700	724	770	774	793
Škofljica	2,414	2,477	2,531	2,600	2,619
Šmartno pri Litiji	843	845	835	835	830
Trzin	957	940	935	888	856
Velike Lašče	957	985	987	946	936
Vodice	1,029	1,078	1,125	1,102	1,120
Vrhnika	3,113	3,259	3,352	3,305	3,340
Other municipalities in R Slovenia	53,583	56,354	54,990	55,560	59,926

26.7 Registered unemployed persons, annual average

Municipality	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
The Ljubljana urban region	13,977	12,143	16,680	20,879	24,255
Borovnica	64	68	124	155	174
Brezovica	223	180	261	334	407
Dobrepolje	74	58	84	108	123
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	125	96	129	189	209
Dol pri Ljubljani	117	94	119	153	186
Domžale	827	687	978	1,227	1,432
Grosuplje	469	441	604	756	907
Horjul	44	36	51	69	74
Ig	130	117	157	212	256
Ivančna gorica	320	297	418	534	602
Kamnik	605	492	822	1,101	1,147
Komenda	104	82	122	181	202
Litija	537	466	647	750	853
Ljubljana	8,420	7,324	9,306	11,708	13,938
Log-Dragomer	82	64	87	124	129
Logatec	147	187	404	523	526
Lukovica	119	85	118	149	175
Medvode	392	340	460	540	616
Mengeš	177	147	202	257	282
Moravče	94	74	124	149	149
Škofljica	150	153	186	266	330
Šmartno pri Litiji	171	149	246	249	273
Trzin	84	58	88	113	140
Velike Lašče	76	48	81	114	151
Vodice	89	78	105	121	145
Vrhnika	337	322	756	799	830

26.8 Number of companies

Municipality	2008	2009	2010	2011
The Ljubljana urban region	48,531	51,251	53,107	54,472
Borovnica	199	214	248	243
Brezovica	791	853	913	957
Dobrepolje	223	236	252	246
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	468	511	542	561
Dol pri Ljubljani	357	382	404	423
Domžale	2,810	2,945	3,061	3,127
Grosuplje	1,439	1,529	1,595	1,629
Horjul	219	224	232	232
Ig	466	493	507	517
Ivančna Gorica	895	954	1,002	1,023
Kamnik	2,009	2,087	2,154	2,162
Komenda	423	453	510	517
Litija	940	978	1,014	1,028
Ljubljana	31,469	33,223	34,320	35,256
Logatec	301	314	312	323
Log - Dragomer	934	998	1,023	1,071
Lukovica	291	305	324	332
Medvode	1,146	1,203	1,266	1,305
Mengeš	644	688	669	682
Moravče	217	228	244	244
Škofljica	674	733	765	800
Šmartno pri Litiji	283	315	313	312
Trzin	754	780	803	823
Velike Lašče	279	284	287	312
Vodice	300	321	347	347
Vrhnika	1,122	1,212	1,283	1,326

Source: SURS.

26.9 Data about performance of enterprises in 2010

Municipality	Units	Employed in units	Turnover in 000 EUR	Added value in 000 EUR	Net profit in 000 EUR	Net loss in 000 EUR
The Ljubljana urban region	25,692	164,854	34,382,682	7,022,338	1,262,325	994,825
Borovnica	64	266	45,667	9,364	877	455
Brezovica	386	1,272	141,514	39,979	4,307	3,036
Dobrepolje	53	376	36,501	8,382	538	2,121
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	195	598	73,097	20,077	3,124	1,029
Dol pri Ljubljani	157	552	165,347	26,453	5,179	1,158
Domžale	1,146	5,863	893,042	202,351	29,314	13,041
Grosuplje	637	3,026	428,156	97,414	10,885	12,702
Horjul	62	545	50,560	20,404	4,224	2,210
Ig	183	446	45,107	14,159	1,622	685
Ivančna Gorica	296	1,875	235,159	62,687	4,012	2,943
Kamnik	775	3,497	403,190	108,120	14,791	9,691
Komenda	182	1,487	355,359	57,788	6,337	3,184
Litija	273	1,093	114,389	31,558	4,777	1,707
Ljubljana	18,308	128,835	28,848,772	5,763,692	1,087,560	827,961
Log Dragomer	132	338	21,021	7,071	985	583
Logatec	275	1,895	287,519	67,158	8,392	2,859
Lukovica	76	851	262,182	44,409	517	79,683
Medvode	529	1,959	304,271	77,424	9,833	5,433
Mengeš	262	1,113	203,066	50,063	13,149	3,075
Moravče	52	275	34,682	9,126	972	113
Škofljica	326	1,174	185,749	37,719	3,996	1,823
Šmartno pri Litiji	61	443	49,481	12,949	1,093	493
Trzin	626	5,137	907,037	190,220	38,211	15,895
Velike Lašče	89	197	20,573	4,678	518	242
Vodice	120	312	38,192	9,622	925	1,020
Vrhnika	426	1,430	233,049	49,470	6,187	1,683

26.10 Gross investments in fixed assets of enterprises, companies, and organisations

Municipality	in 000 EUR				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
The Ljubljana urban region	1,879,514	2,271,355	2,276,321	2,094,434	1,706,198
Borovnica	5,133	3,784	3,510	6,242	3,460
Brezovica	6,900	5,904	4,851	5,148	6,398
Dobrepolje	1,506	1,047	3,986	2,153	1,698
Dobrova - Polhov Gradec	4,104	2,283	4,497	1,448	2,247
Dol pri Ljubljani	7,567	7,074	12,143	7,066	3,542
Domžale	40,570	46,115	52,427	38,435	27,417
Grosuplje	27,402	22,395	35,425	19,373	13,373
Horjul	3,340	2,352	3,275	7,482	1,824
Ig	1,566	1,514	2,226	1,915	1,334
Ivančna Gorica	20,461	27,841	32,048	17,871	18,150
Kamnik	23,288	20,015	29,571	15,516	35,311
Komenda	5,837	9,262	6,668	7,896	5,599
Litija	11,897	12,190	15,327	8,228	9,841
Ljubljana	1,602,602	1,981,332	1,954,061	1,846,224	1,468,410
Log - Dragomer	-	816	122	1,824	2,306
Logatec	11,366	10,671	20,016	16,915	13,528
Lukovica	6,031	2,449	4,458	2,455	2,641
Medvode	41,844	28,903	23,436	17,051	23,706
Mengeš	15,162	22,346	24,488	26,966	21,538
Moravče	1,118	1,376	665	1,567	975
Škofljica	12,412	6,660	8,380	7,590	10,151
Šmartno pri Litiji	1,547	2,420	1,993	1,855	1,190
Trzin	9,111	19,754	12,178	10,847	13,772
Velike Lašče	615	328	2,729	1,445	899
Vodice	1,638	1,710	1,073	2,957	1,395
Vrhnika	16,497	30,814	16,768	17,965	15,493

26.11 Craft establishments, craft establishments with handicraft and arts and crafts and craft establishments with craft-like activities, condition on 31.12.2011

Municipality	Craft establishment			Handicraft and arts and crafts			Craft establishment with craft-like activity		
	Total	Natural persons	Legal persons	Total	Natural persons	Legal persons	Total	Natural persons	Legal persons
The Ljubljana urban region	7,265	4,647	2,618	89	85	4	7,543	5,339	2,204
Borovnica	46	35	11	-	-	-	45	35	10
Brezovica	194	119	75	2	2	-	179	138	41
Dobrepolje	46	43	3	2	2	-	56	52	4
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	125	84	41	3	3	-	120	94	26
Dol pri Ljubljani	75	54	21	-	-	-	77	53	24
Domžale	571	411	160	4	3	1	584	415	169
Grosuplje	271	178	93	-	-	-	193	158	35
Horjul	65	52	13	1	1	-	52	35	17
Ig	95	60	35	-	-	-	119	83	36
Ivančna Gorica	173	128	45	3	3	-	160	142	18
Kamnik	367	267	100	6	5	1	418	312	106
Komenda	97	69	28	3	3	-	125	96	29
Litija	213	182	31	-	-	-	192	174	18
Ljubljana	3,495	1,935	1,560	37	35	2	3,744	2,403	1,341
Log - Dragomer	197	160	37	-	-	-	217	187	30
Logatec	47	32	15	-	-	-	49	37	12
Lukovica	78	63	15	1	1	-	83	72	11
Medvode	205	154	51	2	2	-	212	164	48
Mengeš	145	107	38	2	2	-	156	111	45
Moravče	54	41	13	-	-	-	71	64	7
Škofljica	151	90	61	-	-	-	153	109	44
Šmartno pri Litiji	75	64	11	-	-	-	63	60	3
Trzin	107	42	65	-	-	-	106	47	59
Velike Lašče	51	39	12	18	18	-	73	57	16
Vodice	65	50	15	1	1	-	62	50	12
Vrhnika	257	188	69	4	4	-	234	191	43

26.12 Registered road motor vehicles and trailers, 31.12.2011

Municipality	Total	Motor vehicles total	Motor vehicles					
			Motorcycles	Personal and special personal cars	Buses	Lorries	Tractors	Trailers
The Ljubljana urban region	348,404	339,990	10,866	282,695	563	26,641	11,486	8,414
Borovnica	2,539	2,489	88	2,055	-	105	172	50
Brezovica	7,694	7,467	289	5,965	8	583	415	227
Dobrepolje	2,732	2,662	80	1,896	2	241	401	70
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	5,201	5,096	237	4,009	1	324	373	105
Dol pri Ljubljani	3,878	3,772	135	3,010	6	258	258	106
Domžale	22,009	21,563	745	18,246	15	1,528	502	446
Grosuplje	13,365	12,932	406	10,295	14	1,212	694	433
Horjul	2,143	2,080	83	1,566	-	148	235	63
Ig	4,894	4,754	178	3,697	-	286	496	140
Ivančna Gorica	12,016	11,477	375	8,419	3	964	1,385	539
Kamnik	18,155	17,801	624	15,008	50	1,005	741	354
Komenda	4,182	4,035	119	3,173	-	478	168	147
Litija	9,590	9,374	380	7,495	12	566	647	216
Ljubljana	174,099	170,517	4,613	146,725	388	14,002	1,470	3,582
Log - Dragomer	2,309	2,256	93	1,928	-	117	56	53
Logatec	8,909	8,656	290	6,867	18	593	658	253
Lukovica	4,111	4,011	139	3,069	8	282	416	100
Medvode	10,430	10,101	414	8,492	2	651	305	329
Mengeš	4,809	4,700	183	3,897	7	393	84	109
Moravče	3,464	3,395	133	2,715	4	184	296	69
Škofljica	6,450	6,288	289	4,991	13	492	257	162
Šmartno pri Litiji	3,886	3,738	191	2,834	10	241	300	148
Trzin	3,762	3,639	100	2,710	-	727	35	123
Velike Lašče	3,119	3,060	146	2,287	1	165	406	59
Vodice	3,597	3,372	161	2,582	-	337	191	225
Vrhnika	11,061	10,755	375	8,764	1	759	525	306

26.13 Tourism in 2011

Municipality	Tourists arrivals		Overnight stays		Overnight capacities	
	Total	Foreign	Total	Foreign	Rooms	All beds
The Ljubljana urban region	481,883	447,868	920,328	848,198	4,770	11,377
Borovnica	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brezovica	1,226	270	8,938	448	37	192
Dobrepolje	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dobrova - Polhov Gradec	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dol pri Ljubljani	z	z	z	z	6	14
Domžale	11,795	10,818	22,926	19,473	153	329
Grosuplje	10,743	9,872	13,246	12,063	73	137
Horjul	-	-	-	-	4	8
Ig	229	124	576	331	15	98
Ivančna Gorica	876	764	2,256	1,937	52	117
Kamnik	161,16	9,538	46,257	31,833	369	1,328
Komenda	z	z	z	z	5	11
Litija	366	174	945	385	21	64
Ljubljana	425,163	404,969	794,646	760,777	3,667	8,182
Log - Dragomer	z	z	z	z	1	5
Logatec	5,387	1,818	13,234	4,515	63	194
Lukovica	z	z	z	z	31	95
Medvode	6,973	6,743	13,178	12,719	164	342
Mengeš	z	z	z	z	14	34
Moravče	-	-	-	-	-	-
Škofljica	z	z	z	z	31	84
Šmartno pri Litiji	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trzin	z	z	z	z	15	28
Velike Lašče	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vodice	z	z	z	z	6	15
Vrhnika	3,009	2,778	4,126	3,717	43	100

26.14 Average gross and net earnings in 2011

Municipality	Gross earnings		Net earnings	
	In EUR	Index 2011/2010	In EUR	Index 2011/2010
The Ljubljana urban region	1,707.38	101.7	1,081.77	102.0
Borovnica	1,251.85	103.3	838.43	103.7
Brezovica	1,346.61	102.1	889.23	102.6
Dobrepolje	1,239.34	101.3	849.93	102.6
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	1,388.75	106.0	920.43	105.9
Dol pri Ljubljani	1,759.77	103.0	1,119.61	105.0
Domžale	1,438.71	102.2	944.31	102.5
Grosuplje	1,400.92	100.7	926.84	101.2
Horjul	1,415.69	102.7	937.74	102.3
Ig	1,423.37	100.2	944.97	100.6
Ivančna gorica	1,401.91	104.8	918.61	103.8
Kamnik	1,356.71	101.1	898.29	101.2
Komenda	1,602.49	101.4	1,017.26	101.7
Litija	1,253.30	102.2	842.67	102.4
Ljubljana	1,791.32	101.4	1,125.55	101.7
Log-Dragomer	1,151.42	94.1	782.76	96.4
Logatec	1,416.19	102.3	930.64	102.6
Lukovica	1,605.71	97.2	1,007.98	98.0
Medvode	1,411.98	99.6	926.93	99.7
Mengeš	1,455.17	113.0	956.99	113.1
Moravče	1,359.52	101.2	921.96	102.5
Škofljica	1,287.84	102.7	862.66	103.0
Šmartno pri Litiji	1,168.07	102.8	799.88	102.9
Trzin	1,439.25	109.7	933.15	109.2
Velike Lašče	1,280.97	104.1	866.33	104.5
Vodice	1,309.31	99.3	870.44	100.1
Vrhnika	1,326.80	102.5	886.46	103.0

26.15 Dwelling stock, dwellings by number of rooms, 2011

Municipality	Number of dwellings ¹⁾					
	Total ²⁾	1 - room	2 - rooms	3 - rooms	4 - rooms	5 - and more rooms
The Ljubljana urban region	219,342	35,359	56,277	54,816	34,440	38,450
Borovnica	1,345	86	303	276	268	412
Brezovica	4,123	200	575	987	1,014	1,347
Dobrepolje	1,452	109	311	300	284	448
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	2,595	169	392	599	580	855
Dol pri Ljubljani	2,104	165	392	571	422	554
Domžale	12,268	1,569	2,618	2,809	2,391	2,881
Grosuplje	6,727	587	1,257	1,522	1,440	1,921
Horjul	936	60	127	194	243	312
Ig	2,603	281	578	598	486	660
Ivančna Gorica	6,375	587	1,372	1,546	1,254	1,616
Kamnik	10,615	1,575	2,511	2,377	1,827	2,325
Komenda	2,063	112	353	482	420	696
Litija	5,967	862	1,520	1,368	936	1,281
Ljubljana	125,928	25,786	37,277	33,248	16,001	13,616
Log - Dragomer	1,200	47	121	256	309	467
Logatec	4,732	468	1,031	1,078	843	1,312
Lukovica	1,852	142	312	462	352	584
Medvode	5,626	557	1,094	1,156	1,090	1,729
Mengeš	2,675	335	597	623	496	624
Moravče	1,812	127	320	489	399	477
Škofljica	3,672	267	619	957	829	1,000
Šmartno pri Litiji	2,010	235	475	488	369	443
Trzin	1,458	127	199	310	347	475
Velike Lašče	1,864	172	421	419	341	511
Vodice	1,523	50	201	279	398	595
Vrhnika	5,817	684	1,301	1,422	1,101	1,309

¹⁾ Kitchen is not included in the number of rooms.

²⁾ Total includes number of dwellings with unknown number of rooms.

26.16 Education at the beginning of the school year 2011/12

Municipality	Public and private kindergartens		Public elementary schools		Public and private upper secondary		Students of higher public education institutions by municipality of the permanent residence ¹⁾
	Kinder-gartens	Children	Schools	Pupils	Schools	Students	
The Ljubljana urban region	234	24,634	166	42,718	40	23,753	23,627
Borovnica	1	172	1	301	-	-	158
Brezovica	6	482	5	1,007	-	-	519
Dobrepolje	2	175	4	353	-	-	171
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	4	332	4	749	-	-	362
Dol pri Ljubljani	2	280	3	537	-	-	251
Domžale	16	1,501	8	3,288	1	594	1,555
Grosuplje	10	826	7	1,786	-	-	885
Horjul	1	142	1	280	-	-	134
Ig	6	313	4	472	-	-	275
Ivančna Gorica	7	599	10	1,392	2	513	728
Kamnik	17	1,279	13	2,365	2	912	1,271
Komenda	1	325	2	531	-	-	226
Litija	10	624	10	1,175	1	359	599
Ljubljana	114	13,187	56	20,096	32	21,082	12,209
Log - Dragomer	2	159	1	396	1	19	175
Logatec	8	730	7	1,250	-	-	581
Lukovica	2	257	3	524	-	-	234
Medvode	6	669	7	1,237	-	-	709
Mengeš	2	382	1	600	-	-	338
Moravče	1	206	2	524	1	274	229
Škofljica	4	273	3	840	-	-	409
Šmartno pri Litiji	1	209	4	484	-	-	259
Trzin	2	257	1	389	-	-	188
Velike Lašče	1	206	3	370	-	-	222
Vodice	3	241	2	477	-	-	226
Vrhnika	5	808	4	1,295	-	-	714

¹⁾ Data include also graduates with a student status.

26.17 Kindergartens and their units and children in kindergartens and their units, school year 2011/2012

Municipality	Public and private kindergartens		
	Number of kindergartens and units	Number of children in kindergartens	Number of class units
The Ljubljana urban region	234	234	24,634
Borovnica	1	172	10
Brezovica	6	482	27
Dobrepolje	2	175	10
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	4	332	19
Dol pri Ljubljani	2	280	16
Domžale	16	1,501	83
Grosuplje	10	826	43
Horjul	1	142	8
Ig	6	313	18
Ivančna Gorica	7	599	33
Kamnik	17	1,279	71
Komenda	1	325	18
Litija	10	624	37
Ljubljana	114	13,187	797
Log - Dragomer	2	159	9
Logatec	8	730	44
Lukovica	2	257	15
Medvode	6	669	36
Mengeš	2	382	21
Moravče	1	206	11
Škofljica	4	273	15
Šmartno pri Litiji	1	209	12
Trzin	2	257	15
Velike Lašče	1	206	12
Vodice	3	241	13
Vrhnika	5	808	46

26.18 Elementary schools at the beginning of the school year 2011/2012

Municipality	Schools (independent, central and subsidiary)	Total	Pupils	
			Men	Women
The Ljubljana urban region	166	42,718	22,084	20,634
Borovnica	1	301	152	149
Brezovica	5	1,007	543	464
Dobrepolje	4	353	185	168
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	4	749	416	333
Dol pri Ljubljani	3	537	269	268
Domžale	8	3,288	1,695	1,593
Grosuplje	7	1,786	956	830
Horjul	1	280	145	135
Ig	4	472	238	234
Ivančna Gorica	10	1,392	710	682
Kamnik	13	2,365	1,211	1,154
Komenda	2	531	279	252
Litija	10	1,175	585	590
Ljubljana	56	20,096	10,366	9,730
Log - Dragomer	1	396	202	194
Logatec	7	1,250	665	585
Lukovica	3	524	288	236
Medvode	7	1,237	631	606
Mengeš	1	600	318	282
Moravče	2	524	244	280
Škofljica	3	840	429	411
Šmartno pri Litiji	4	484	265	219
Trzin	1	389	209	180
Velike Lašče	3	370	191	179
Vodice	2	477	228	249
Vrhnika	4	1,295	664	631

26.19 Students by permanent residence, 2011/2012

Municipality	Total		Enrolled in public			
	Total	Full - time	Vocational colleges		Higher education institutions	
	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time	Total	Full - time
The Ljubljana urban region	26,965	19,631	3,338	1,520	23,627	18,083
Borovnica	171	139	13	10	158	89
Brezovica	596	469	77	36	519	433
Dobrepolje	201	155	30	18	171	137
Dobrova-Polhov Gradec	410	334	48	33	362	301
Dol pri Ljubljani	298	210	47	27	251	183
Domžale	1,772	1,270	217	74	1,555	1,206
Grosuplje	1,011	754	126	58	885	696
Horjul	158	128	24	11	134	117
Ig	317	218	42	15	275	203
Ivančna Gorica	870	670	142	78	728	592
Kamnik	1,462	1,062	191	73	1,271	991
Komenda	261	196	35	19	226	177
Litija	713	511	114	50	599	461
Ljubljana	13,788	9,805	1,579	702	12,209	9,103
Log - Dragomer	204	157	29	18	175	139
Logatec	662	532	81	49	581	483
Lukovica	279	213	45	22	234	191
Medvode	832	608	123	59	709	549
Mengeš	407	288	69	31	338	257
Moravče	280	213	51	26	229	187
Škofljica	450	337	41	16	409	321
Šmartno pri Litiji	293	239	34	16	259	223
Trzin	207	139	19	7	188	132
Velike Lašče	251	192	29	15	222	177
Vodice	261	202	35	21	226	181
Vrhnika	811	590	97	36	714	554

26.20 Higher education graduates by permanent residence

Municipality	Types of programmes in public education										
	Total	Profession- al higher	Profession- al higher (former)	Professional higher 1st Bologna cycle	Accademic higher 1st Bologna cycle	Accademic higher (former)	Uniform master 2nd Bologna cycle	Master 2nd Bologna cycle	Master's degree of science (former)	Doctorate of science (former)	Doctorate of science 3rd Bologna cycle
The Ljubljana urban region	5,154	1,199	678	466	736	1,361	20	237	228	171	24
Borovnica	42	12	7	3	8	9	1	1	-	1	-
Brezovica	103	28	18	11	6	30	-	3	6	1	-
Dobrepolje	41	3	16	3	3	9	-	4	-	1	1
Dobrova - Polhov Gradec	88	25	11	7	11	23	1	4	-	3	-
Dol pri Ljubljani	49	14	6	7	6	11	-	2	-	2	-
Domžale	327	85	46	29	55	76	2	15	13	4	2
Grosuplje	192	43	27	21	34	46	1	11	-	3	2
Horjul	34	7	8	4	2	8	-	1	-	-	-
Ig	67	16	23	4	6	12	-	2	-	3	-
Ivančna Gorica	138	39	15	16	24	37	1	2	-	1	1
Kamnik	260	67	38	20	40	66	1	12	11	4	1
Komenda	55	15	8	3	5	17	-	1	4	2	-
Litija	139	38	19	17	23	33	-	5	4	-	-
Ljubljana	2,705	549	295	247	398	775	13	130	161	123	14
Log - Dragomer	28	9	2	1	2	9	-	2	-	1	-
Logatec	147	32	26	10	14	41	-	11	7	6	-
Lukovica	56	27	10	2	4	11	-	1	-	-	-
Medvode	133	38	21	10	20	31	-	5	6	1	1
Mengeš	72	24	5	8	7	21	-	2	-	1	-
Moravče	55	14	12	3	10	11	-	1	-	3	1
Škofljica	79	16	13	6	13	19	-	1	11	-	-
Šmartno pri Litiji	46	15	10	4	4	10	-	-	-	1	-
Trzin	52	11	1	10	10	5	-	5	5	4	1
Velike Lašče	33	9	9	1	2	9	-	2	-	-	-
Vodice	48	21	6	3	5	9	-	2	-	2	-
Vrhnika	165	42	26	16	24	33	-	12	-	4	-